St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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SECOND GRAND OPENING

FOR THE SEASON OF

D. CRAWFORD AND CO'S

SUIT AND MILLINERY ROOMS

On Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday!

D. CRAWFORD & CO. have to announce that at the special request of many of their patrons they will on above days REPEAT their

GRAND OPENING OF TWO WEEKS AGO,

At which time so many of their lady friends were debarred from visiting them on account of the inclemency of the weather.

REMEMBER NOW AND DON'T MISS IT,

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S

SECOND GRAND OPENING

Of the Season on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 13th, 14th, 15th and 16th inst.

SCARRITT FURNITURE CO.

ELEGANT NEW STYLES. LARGEST ASSORTMENT. SEE THEM

619 TO 621 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

NICOLL,

The Tailor's,

Spring Opening

Largest Stock of Newest Designs in Domestic and Foreign Woolens West of New York.

Pants to Order, from $5 up.
Suits to Order, from 20 up.
Spring Overcoats, from 15 up.

Samples and Rules for Self-Measurement Sent Free.

Nicoll, the Tailor,

9 S. FOURTH STREET AND 708 OLIVE STREET.

MACHINE AWNING!



For Summer and Winter Use.

The Most Useful Ornament for Building Fronts.

Patented Aug. 10, 1880.

C. E. FRITSCH,

Inventor and Manufacturer,

119 VINE STREET

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,

Plumbers,

Gas and Steam Fitters,

and Sewer Builders,

NO. 813 MARKET STREET.

A. F. BROWN. P. SULLIVAN.

ANDREW F. BROWN & CO.,

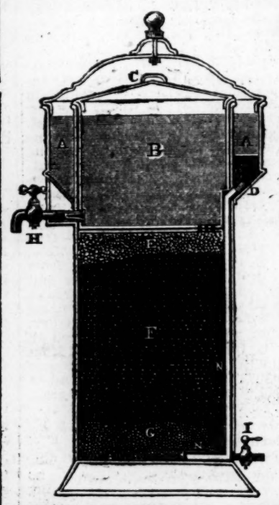
BOARDING,

SALE AND LIVERY STABLE,

105 South 11th, Cor. Walnut.

We have just received a large supply of undertaking materials, and are now prepared to deal with our friends on as liberal terms as any other firm in the city, and would be pleased to have you call and investigate. Funerals and party orders promptly attended to.

105 S. ELEVENTH STREET.



MUDDY WATER PURE AS CRYSTAL

BY USING

STEVENS UPWARD FILTER

SELF-CLEANSING,

REMOVES EVERY IMPURITY.

ALSO A

COMPLETE STOCK

OF

REFRIGERATORS

AND

WATER COOLERS.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC is a preparation of Protoxide of Iron, Peruvian Bark and the Phosphates, associated with the Vegetable Aromatics. Endorsed by the Medical Profession, and recommended by them for **Dyspepsia, General Debility, Female Diseases, Want of Vitality, Nervous Prostration, Convalescence from Fevers and Chronic Chills and Fever.** It serves every purpose where a TONIC is necessary.

Manufactured by THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE CO., No. 213 North Main Street, St. Louis.

CURES DYSPEPSIA. IRON TONIC.

WHITE GOODS AND LINEN DEPARTMENT

CREAM DOTTED and FIGURED SWISSES at half the cost of importation.

UPHOLSTERY GOODS!

Comprising Furniture, Cretonnes, Ball Fringes, Lace Curtains, Cornices and Curtain Poles and Fixtures.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

Last Edition.

MADRID MISSILES.

Three Petards Cause Excitement Among the Madrilenos.

Death of the Rev. W. Morley Punshon.

A Squabble Among Beaconsfield's Medical Attendants.

More Arrests in Ireland—Carver's Challenge—Anti-Jewish Petition in Germany—Cablegrams.

Ireland.

LIVERPOOL, April 14.—The Irish authorities have made arrangements to seize, in future, copies of the New York Irish World in transit between New York and Queenstown, as a treasonable publication.

A PRIESTLY APOLOGY.

LONDON, April 14.—Archbishop Croke, of Cashel, had to apologize in writing to Archbishop McCabe, of Dublin, by superior order, in the amplest manner for his attack on Archbishop McCabe's Lenten pastoral.

ARRESTED.

LONDON, April 14.—James Daley, proprietor of the Connaught Telegraph, was arrested this morning at Castlebar under the coercion act. He will be conveyed to Dublin. The arrest caused considerable excitement.

England.

LONDON, April 14.—Dr. Carver, the American marksman, has challenged the ten best shots of the Harlingham Club and Gun Club of London to a pigeon shooting-match for £500, the Doctor shooting one thousand pigeons to his opponents' one hundred each.

BEACONSFIELD.

LONDON, April 14.—Beaconsfield is slightly improved.

BEACONSFIELD'S DOCTORS.

LONDON, Apr. 14.—Dr. Quain has been called upon to defend himself before the College of Physicians for consulting with Dr. Kidd who is an electric practitioner. Dr. Quain explained that before seeing Lord Beaconsfield he received a letter from Dr. Kidd, saying that he was not treating the case homeopathically, and that every direction and prescription of Dr. Quain's would be faithfully carried out. From the letter of Dr. Kidd to the medical journals it appears that Sir William Jenner absolutely refused a consultation prior to the summoning of Dr. Quain.

DEATH OF THE REV. W. PUNSHON.

LONDON, April 14.—Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL. D., the distinguished Wesleyan minister, died this morning at Brexton, of complicated disorders.

HIS LIFE.

Rev. William Morley Punshon, D. D., was born at Doncaster, England, in 1824, and consequently, was in the 57th year of his age at the time of his death. In the year 1840 he became a local Wesleyan minister in England. He afterwards studied at the Wesleyan College, Richmond, and became known as one of the most popular preachers in England. From 1858 to 1868 he preached in London and in the latter year he removed to Canada for the purpose of marrying a sister of his deceased wife, which he could not do under the laws or England, and since at the desire of his second wife (his first wife's sister) he returned to England and held the position of President of the British Conference. The deceased was a man of great literary talents, and has written such discourses as "Life Thoughts," "Sabbath Chimes" and the "Prodigal Son," the latter being published in 1868.

France.

PARIS, April 14.—J. B. Dumas, one of the French delegates to the Monetary Conference, is Secretary of the Academy of Sciences and President of the Mint Commission, and Cernuschi, another French delegate, is the well known economist and bimetallist.

Germany.

BERLIN, April 14.—Bismarck has done nothing yet on the motion lately passed by the Reichstag in regard to political asylums.

THE ANTI-JEWISH PETITION.

BERLIN, April 14.—The famous anti-Jewish petition was sent to Bismarck yesterday. It consists of twenty-six volumes, comprising 14,000 sheets, with 225,000 signatures, including those of noblemen, generals and officials.

Spain.

MADRID, April 14.—Last evening three large petards were thrown into houses in this city causing some damage to property but no person was injured.

Greece.

PARIS, April 14.—A semi-official paragraph is published foreshadowing the plan for installing Greece in the territory ceded by Turkey.

Suicide.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

ST. JOSEPH, April 14.—A man named Henry Ready committed suicide by hanging in an old stable on Fourth and Sylvanie street this morning. He wore a workman's blouse. His feet touched the ground. The Coroner is now holding an inquest. Ready is said to be half crazy, and was aged about 35 years.

Railroad Sold.

PITTSBURG, April 14.—The Newcastle and Franklin Railroad, thirty-six miles long, was sold under the hammer at Newcastle, Pa., yesterday for $775,000, Thomas P. Simpson, representing the Pittsburg, Buffalo and Western Road, being the purchaser.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—For Ohio Vallies, and Tennessee, warm fair weather, northerly shifting to southwest winds, lower barometer. Lake Region, lower barometer, warmer weather south to west winds and fair weather. Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valley falling and followed in latter district by rising barometer, warmer south to west winds and partly cloudy weather. Missouri River and Mississippi above Keokuk will continue to fall. Tennessee, Cumberland and Ohio continue to rise.

WASHINGTON.

The Political Situation.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Senate intends to adjourn this afternoon until Monday. The Republican Caucus will probably be held on Saturday and will consider and discuss the present situation in all its bearing and influences. The Republican Senators generally say that the calling of the caucus does not foreshadow any retreat on their part. The Republicans are entirely united and harmonious. They recognize the policy of confirming some of the most important pending nominations. Such leading nominations as Robertson, Pardee, Hill and others have not yet been referred. The first executive session would in the natural order of business refer all the nominations to the commissioners, as the commissioners are controlled by Republicans they could report back only such nominations as they desire confirmed, and hold all others. The only nomination the Democrats will fight against is Chandler's. The Democrats will vote to confirm all others. Through the committees the Republicans can control the executive business, and thus maintain their position by stopping the executive sessions whenever they desire to renew the present fight by confirming the principal nominations. All embarrassment of the present will be relieved, and the Republicans could resume the fight now on hand in better shape; this is the position of the Republicans as outlined by some of the most prominent Senators of the party.

It is now stated positively that sometime next week Senator Conkling will in open session make a speech fully explaining his position in regard to Robertson's nomination. Conkling and friends have despaired of getting Robertson withdrawn, and now Conkling intends to give to the country his precise position, explaining everything in connection with Robertson's nomination.

Nominations.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The following nominations were sent to the Senate:

Postmasters—Isaac T. Brown, Columbus, Ind.; Edwin W. Phelps, Oak Park, Ill.; C. N. Clark, Ida Grove, Iowa.

Wm. Letcher, of Ohio, Register of Land Office at Mitchell, D. T.

Cortez Fessenden, of Michigan, Surveyor General United States for the District of Dakota.

XLVII CONGRESS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate the unfinished business, being the resolution for the election of officers of the Senate. A motion to go into executive session was lost, yeas 20, nays 21, and Senator Morgan addressed the Senate.

KANSAS KNIGHTS.

The Fifth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge at Junction City.

JUNCTION CITY, KAS., April 14.—The fifth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Knights of Honor of the State of Kansas closed its session at 1 o'clock this morning. Eleven lodges were organized in the State for the year ending April 1. The total number of lodges in the state is, 606 with a membership of 2,016. The officers elected for the ensuing year are as follows: W. W. Miller, Clay Center, Grand Dictator; V. Donaldson, Leygre, Grand Vice-Dictator; A. B. Pinkston, Leavenworth, Grand Assistant Dictator; R. W. Welch, Emporia Grand Reporter; C.Y. Ewing, Grand Treasurer: C. C. Frazier, Coffeyville, Grand Chaplain; E. H. Lentwiler, Atchison Garnd Guide; J. W.P atterson, Hombolt, Grand Guardian; T. Bowman, Augusta, Grand Sentinel. Trustees, J. W. Trueworthy Emporia; C. M. James, Eldorado, W. P. Pinkston, Leavenworth; Martin Mullins, Junction City; J. G. Davidson, Emporia, and H. T. Millard of Sterling, was elected Grand Representative to the Supreme Lodge. Atchison was selected as the place for holding the next meeting of the Grand Lodge. Fifty delegates were in attendance.

EIGHT YEARS.

The Punishment of One of the Morey Chinese Letter Perjurers.

NEW YORK, April 14.—James O'Brien, alias Robert, or "Bob" Lindsay, who during the last campaign deposed he knew H. L. Morey, the individual to whom it was alleged President Garfield wrote what is known as the "Morey Chinese" letter, and who subsequently confessed he had perjured himself, this morning pleaded guilty to the indictment for perjury presented against him, and Judge Cowing sent him to the State Prison for eight years.

Want Better Pay.

CINCINNATI, April 14.—The employes of the street railroads met and organized last night and to-day presented a demand to the companies for an increase of wages. The companies asked till Monday week when the directors' meeting takes place to give an answer, and here the matter rests.

Hoboken's Mayor.

HOBOKEN, N. J., April 14.—Besson, Republican, was declared elected Mayor by 24 majority. There is much excitement. O'Neil, the Democratic candidate, will contest.

Gold Imports.

NEW YORK, April 14,—The Parthia brought $600,000 in gold.

MERRY MERCHANTS.

Noisy Discussion Over Closing the Exchange To-Morrow.

Geo. Bain and Dan. Francis, the Leaders of the Opposition, Routed Completely.

The meeting on 'Change to-day relative to closing the Exchange on Good Friday was one of the most humorous and exciting that has recently occurred.

At 12:30 President McEnnis called the Exchange in front of the rostrum and stated that a numerously signed petition had been submitted to the Directors, asking that the Exchange be closed on Good Friday, and he hoped that the Exchange would give it serious attention.

Dan. Whitmore read the petition and President McEnnis asked what action would be taken upon it.

Mr. Sol. Quinlivan moved that the Exchange be closed.

The motion was seconded in about twenty places.

Dave Francis moved to amend the motion by closing at 12:30. Mr. Francis spoke awhile, saying that St. Louis should not follow the lead of other cities and close up every time that New York and Chicago thought fit to do so. If the Exchange were closed to-morrow the members would spend most of the day loitering around the corridors. There was not a man on the floor who wanted to adjourn on account of the respect he had for Good Friday. [Shouts and cries of dissent on all sides and Mr. Ed. Taylor sang out above the din, "Excuse me, sir. I don't go on that list; I want the adjournment on account of my respect for Good Friday."] After the commotion had subsided, Mr. Francis withdrew his motion to amend and moved to lay the petition and the whole matter on the table. Cries of objection and loud shouts were heard upon every side. The President put Mr. Francis' motion. The ayes yelled until the building shook. The nays did their best to follow the example. Cries of "the ayes have it," and "the nays have it," resounded on every side. Confusion was the ruling order for a while.

President McEnnis—"Excuse me, gentlemen, but I have something ta say about the "ayes" and "noes." I decide that the ayes have it, and that Mr. Francis' motion is lost. The cheering and shouting was redoubled at this decision, and in the midst of the boisterousness, Mr. Webb Samuel again moved an all day adjournment and Geo. Bain climbed up on the steps of the rostrum. He moved to make the time of adjournment 12:30 p. m. to-morrow. Mr. Bain said that it was well enough for stagnant markets and empty exchanges to shut up their doors whenever they like. St. Louis could not afford to do so. More grain left St. Louis to-day than was ever shipped out of Chicago. Let those who care for Good Friday go to church if they want to do. But let us, who do not give a—(Here Mr. Bain was interrupted by cries of "Oh," "Shame," "Quit that," "Come out with it" and kindred exclamations)

When quiet was partially restored, E. O. Stanard, who had secured a position high up upon the steps raised his voice. He said that he favored closing the Exchange all day. This ought to be done out of respect for the religious sentiments of the country, out of reference to the Protestant feeling, the Catholic feeling, the universal feeling. The step had been taken in every other city, and St. Louis should not be backward. The merchants of St. Louis took very few days of rest, and the speaker favored a holiday upon every possible pretext. This, however, was an occasion which deserved the respect which the petition under consideration asked for, and he hoped that the proper action would be taken.

Governor Stanard's speech was received with loud huzzas and Sol. Quinlivan's stentorian tones were especially clear and resonant, as he shouted "Bully for ou, old man," every time Stanard paused for breath.

The question was then put upon Mr. Samuel's motion to close the Exchange all day to-morrow. Both sides roared loudly when they were called upon, and President McEnnis, after much hammering which secured only partial quiet, decided that motion was carried and that the Exchange would close accordingly. After considerable chaff and noise the merchants returned to their respective places.

The Avenue Bells.

Judge Lindley is getting tired of the chimes controversy. This morning he cut down the questions of counsel to narrow limits and in every way evinced a heart-sickening of the case. Efforts will be made to pull through with the testimony by to-morrow evening. The greater portion of the last day will be occupied with evidence in rebuttal The following witnesses were examined this morning: Dr. Stevens, testimony resumed; Messrs. Knowles, Thornton, Pope, Frank Ferris, Dr. Pollack, Messrs. Charles K. Jones, Herbert Richardson, Mr. Nathan Frank and Professor Morgan. These gentlemen testified generally to the effect that conversation was not interrupted in the vicinity of Pilgrim Church by the ringing of the bells.

The Gas Suit.

Arguments were delivered this afternoon in Judge Horner's Court by General Noble and Counselor Bell in submitting the gas bill case to the jury. The particulars of this suit were published in Monday's POST-DISPATCH. The St. Louis Gas Light Company wants $55,000 on account of gas supplied to the public lamps during the latter period of Mayor Britton's administration. The bills were not allowed at the time because Mayor Britton repudiated the tripartite agreement, and as hostile proceedings were pending the matter went along until the receiver took charge of the gasworks in June 1876.

The Armstrong Property.

A considerable crowd was attracted to the east front of the Court House to-day in attendance upon the sale by the Sheriff of several city lots to satisfy judgments for back taxes against Col. D. H. Armstrong. This property included lots on Main, Second, Victor, Motard and Sydney streets, Grand avenue, Chouteau avenue, the Levee, etc. Most of the property was bought by parties in protection of Col. Armstrong's interests. The aggregate amount was $3,825.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to the POST-DISPATCH to-day to say that notwithstanding Charles Starke's denial of any gambling in his house a game of faro was run there during February; that the keno urn was kept swinging at intervals; that on Saturdays, April 2 and 9 pots ran as high as $20 and $30. The correspondent authorizes the giving of his name to the Starkes if the latter wishes to come after it.

Flax Mill Burned.

LAWRENCE, MASS., April 14.—The flax mills of the Smith & Dave Manufacturing Company at Fry Village burned to-day. Loss $75,000; insured.

THE YEARS.

The years are all alike. With childlike laughter
They follow butterflies with endless wings;
They peep into the bird's nest; they look after
White lambs and other pretty little things.

Then, in the first flush of their youth, they bring us
Shy gifts of violets in a gallant way;
And ah! what charming low love-songs they sing us
From leaf-green shadows, where the wild doves stay!

But, somewhat later, they show bearded faces,
And sway the scythe and bear the sheaves about
In the hot fields, and quite forget the graces
They had of old—as others did, no doubt.

Still later, they go out for us and gather
The scarlet fruit in and the yellow corn,
Or walk about the withering woods, with rather
A faded look, and sigh and seem forlorn.

Then they sit very still and watch the embers
Behind the curtains in some pictured room,
While each one somewhere in his heart remembers
The dew, the summer moon-rise and the bloom.

Then comes the last night-watch, the lonesome tapers,
The few tears of the many, prayers quick said;
The black-lined columns in the morning papers
And yes—the many virtues of the dead!

MRS. S. M. B. PIATT.

FEVER RAVAGES.

New York City's Epidemic of Typhus and Small-Pox.

From the New York Herald, 12th.

The summer is still distant and "spring, gentle spring," has but just made her appearance, but already are there signs of an epidemic in this wealthy, populous and dirty city. For some months past has the small-pox record been gradually increasing, and now does typhus fever thrust its flushed face upon us. The malignant disease, the dread malady, is hidden away from the eyes of the public at large, but that it really exists is known full well to the authorities, to the professional men whose business it is to combat it, and to the newspaper men who encounter it in the course of their daily work. Blackwell's Island was reported to be the scene of the terrible workings of typhus, and thither yesterday a Herald reporter repaired to ascertain the extent of the contagion. The first place visited was the penitentiary where Deputy-Warden Osborn gave ample evidence of the healthy condition of his unwilling but well-disciplined charges. He showed that there were but three or four in hospital out of a total of 880. The Lunatic Asylum was next seen, but there all was well, but at the Workhouse (the most crowded institution of the island) there had been four cases of the fever. Arrived at the Riverside Hospital the reporter saw evidence enough of the incipient epidemic. And from New York City came all those dreadful cases. "Dr. Chapin, the head physician of the Riverside Hospital, was found up to his eyes in business and working as if upon a battle field strewn with thousands of wounded. And indeed the scene before the reporter's eyes was not unlike a battle ground, for Dr. Chapin and his aids, Dr. Mott and Dr. McChesney, the knights of the lancet, were moving upon a veritable tented field. The hospital was too small to hold the unusual influx of patients, and the space round about it was utilized for the erection of tents. This camp was specially set aside for the fever patients, and it had to be run up almost at a moment's notice. Not far from a hundred cases of typhus were under treatment, and all received within a very short period. They had been accumulating at the Reception Hospital, at the foot of East Sixteenth street, and yesterday twenty-five more were despatched to Dr. Chapin. To meet this addition he lost no time in uprearing another tent, having requisitioned the Board of Health for the necessary furniture, which promptly arrived by nightfall.

Last night as the bright moon sailed above in a cloudless sky she lit up a strange scene upon the corner of the island. Between the Charity Hospital and the Riverside Hospital lay the gleaming tents, scattered here and there, within sight of the calm and silvered river and the glittering lights of the city. Here to the right were several small army service tents, which were set apart for the women, five of whom occupied one tent. Glancing within might be seen the restless forms from which came forth now and then a faint moan. But it was toward the left that the greatest misery was to be seen and heard. There, surrounded by smaller ones, was a tent, 152 feet long by about thirty feet broad, crowded by cots, each having an occupant suffering from typus fever. Two oil lamps fixed upon the tent poles gave a dim and uncertain light to the harrowing scene. There were four rows of beds running the length of the tent. Two beds were placed together, affording a little space for the table containing the medicines, etc. Thirty-eight men were congregated here and no two beds bore the same appearance—all were tossed and racked and tumbled by the devouring fever. Some were delirous and raved of real or imaginary scenes, others moaned of the poignant pain that mastered brain and limb, while but very few slept even the sleep that was only a modification of their misery. Suddenly, in the center of the tent, was heard a crash. It was a delirious patient that had overturned his table and cried for some one to let him down easy. Dr. Chapin replaced the articles and soothed the sick man. On the opposite side was heard a continuous moan. It came from a young man with a smooth but ashen face, who lay upon his back with the weird light falling upon his face. "He will die before morning," said the doctor, as the reporter passed him. Not far off was the antithesis of the youth—a white-haired old man, whose time was evidently being hastened by the fearful fever. Against the wall was a cot, and upon it stretched a boy tossing in feverish pangs, and whose youth bade fair to finish on Blackwell's Island. As the reporter and doctor emerged from this tent they ran against a figure—it was that of Dr. Mott. "Where are you going?" asked Dr. Chapin. "To divide three blankets among seven people; how is it to be done?" and not waiting for a reply, he hurried away. Another large tent was rapidly being filled up. At the doorway lay huddled three or four fever-stricken men, one of them lying under the beadstead. Quickly the attendants had the cots ready and these unfortunates fixed in them. The small-pox patients, numbering 124, were within the building, some of them having private rooms. As the reporter entered a room one of the afflicted passed away to his eternal rest. There, too, was an actress who was a victim to the fatal malady. To her it must have been worse than death. Dr. MacChesney related that when a poor family had a case of small-pox it was concealed from the authorities and only discovered when the whole family was attacked. Almost all the cases of fever and small-pox came from down town and the low lodging houses. Dr. Chapin deeply regretted that he had not sufficient clothing for his patients. Fifteen cured were waiting for discharge because there was not sufficient clothing for them, the Board of Health not being able to do everything at a moment's notice. The charitable would do well to send here their old clothes, and, moreover, what books and newspapers they can spare. None of the newspapers that the public drop into boxes for the hospitals find their way to Riverside, and the physicians say if they had more reading for their patients it would help them to convalesce more rapidly. This little hospital now contains 225 patients, the doctors being kept at work almost all night as well as all day.

Starving in His Cabin.

Reading, Pa., Correspondence N. Y. Sun.

Squire David Heinly is largely interested in the slate business along the base of the Blue Mountain. He has just come to Reading, and given the details of the terrible starvation and hassuffering of an old hunter named D. Gorrell. Gorrell is about sixty-five years of age, and has lived the life of a hermit for nearly half a century. His cabin is on the Blue Mountain, five miles from the nearest farm house. He is known on both sides of the mountain, and his fame as a backwoodsman and hunter extends throughout the State.

The old man visited Lenhartsville last fall and bought a small supply of groceries, tobacco and powder. When he went away he told his friends that he would not come down from the mountain until spring. He had two dogs, excellent mountain animals, but before the winter had fairly set in he sold them to hurters living on the other side of the mountain. Gorrell's cabin is built of logs, and has a large stone fire-place at one end. The bed was made of the skins of animals that he had killed.

A few days ago a number of men crossed the mountain. They were the first to go over since the snow had disappeared. Their path led them to within a hundred yards of Gorrell's cabin. The looked toward it, but saw no smoke, nor were there any signs of life about the hut. When they returned that way in the evening, and still saw neither smoke nor signs of life, they crossed over the edge and broke down the door. The cabin was dark and cold. Striking a match and lighting a fagot, they found the old hunter lying on his cot covered with skins. The visitors heard a low moan, but the old man was too weak to speak. A roaring fire was soon burning. Under a lot of brush the men discovered a pile of bones. The old man was given nourishment, and in the night he sufficiently rallied to give the story of his terrible suffering.

Soon after winter had set in, he said, he had been taken sick, and was unable to go out gunning. He caught a severe cold while on a wild turkey hunt with a raging fever, and was entirely helpless, without food, fire, nourishment or attendance. A snow storm buried his cabin. He was too weak to go out, and could not help himself to proper food. To save himself from starvation he had eaten the raw meat of an animal, the bones of which were in the hut. He had been confined to his cabin for eighty-three days. He was nearly dead when found, and had made up his mind that he must die.

The best care and attention were given the old man by the old farmers, and at the last accounts Gorrell was slowly improving, but was too weak to quit his bed. He refuses to relinquish his method of living, saying that he will end his days in the cabin, where he has passed so much of his time.

An Historical Clown.

From the London Musical World.

On the 28th of March, 1828, Grimaldi, who had long been incapacitated, through illness, from regularly following his profession, took his farewell of the Islington public as Hock in the romance of "The Sixes," and this, with the exception of another benefit on a larger scale, got up by his friends at Covent Garden in July of the same year, was his last appearance on the stage. From the date, although occasionally assisting in the stage management of the theater—only three weeks before his death, he superintended the reproduction of the famous pantomime, "Mother Goose"—he lived in retirement, and expired at No. 33 Southampton street, Pentonville, on the 31st May, 1837. He was interred by the side of his old friend and work-fellow, Charles Dibdin, in the burial ground of the neighboring St. James' Church, and his gravestone bears the following inscription:

> SACRED
> TO THE MEMORY OF
> MR. JOSEPH GRIMALDI,
> Who departed this life
> May 31, 1837.
> Aged fifty-eight years.

At the foot of the grave is another stone incribed "Grimaldi, 1837." With "Joe" Grimaldi apparently the old order of clowns became extinct. Certainly none, since his day, have attained to anything like the same eminence or distinction. For Grimaldi, as we have been assured by his old contemporary and intimate friend, the once famed theatrical engraver, Henry Brown—still living in the present year, 1881—was no mere clown. He was a great comedian born, and in this lay the secret of his superiority over all his rivals in this branch of the profession. And a really kind heart, and even temper, combined with a most childlike simplicity of character, caused him to be as universally beloved in private as he was admired in public; whilst the statement, found after death among his papers, that in the solitary hours of declining life he could not recollect one single instance in which he had intentionally wronged man, woman or child, may have well found a ready echo in the breast of everyone who ever knew him.

The Tunisian Coral Trade.

From the New York Tribune.

One point involved in the dispute between France and Italy as to the ownership of Tunis is the coral fishing industry. The Italians are able to monopolize this branch of commerce by reason of an Imperial Convention of 1862, which reduced the annual tax for Italian coral fishers from 800 to 400 francs, the larger sum being exacted for French fishers who obtained the right by treaty of the same date. The first coral fishers of modern times on the Tunisian coasts were two natives of Marseilles, who, in 1604, formed a company for the working of these riches of the seas. Early in the present century the coral industry was very important at Marseilles, in 1807 seventeen cutting and polishing manufactories existed there, each employing many hundred hands. Since then coral has somewhat lost its favor in France, but the fashion has been taken up in Russia, the Levant, and elsewhere, the Italians supplying the market. It is this monopoly that the Marseilleais and Algerians wish to see destroyed.

FOREIGN GOSSIP.

The Tiflis and Baku Railway will be opened for traffic in June. The journey from New York to Teheran will then be accomplished in twenty-seven days.

The steamship company Rubattino has opened a new line of steamers from Genoa and Naples to Bengasi, on the north coast of Africa. This is the first regular service between Europe and Africa.

By the treaty of 1867 the fortifications of Luxemburg were to be destroyed; but the contracting powers have decided that they offer no danger, and the remnants still existing will be left in place. Thus the picturesque features of the city will be retained.

A French company intends to reopen some of the old gold, silver and tin mines of Bohemia, which had been abandoned on account of the insufficient yield. The company last year acquired the right to work several of the silver and tin mines of Schlaggenwald, in the mining districts of Bohemia.

A conference of the revolutionary party in Switzerland was held recently at Lugano. It discussed the means of preparing for a general revolutionary rising. A member of the conference named Cipriani, to whom the duty was intrusted of conducting an agitation in Italy, has been apprehended by the Italian authorities at Rimini.

A letter to the Continental Correspondence, from Madrid, states that the Minister of Foreign Affairs is zealously endeavoring to conclude a commercial treaty between Spain and the United States in the interest of the Spanish wine merchants and fruit dealers, who are continually urging the necessity of granting greater facilities for the trade.

The local Government of Bohemia has refused, as dangerous to the State, an application made in conformity with a resolution at a meeting of workmen for the foundation of a society of freethinkers (Confessionslose) in Reichenberg, "because it would serve for the propagation of freethinking, whilst according to existing Imperial law moral and religious instruction are a chief necessity of popular education."

A meeting was held lately at Berlin with the view of forming a league for the abolition of the present female dress. There were present twenty-five women and girls. The lady who presided explained that the movement was to abolish all unhealthy and inconvenient articles of woman's dress, and to replace them by "a dualistic form of attire for the lower as well as the upper limbs." The supporters of the movement desired that no more should be heard of long skirts and such fashionable frippery. They wanted to wear trousers, because in them alone they had a form of dress worthy of the human race.

WASHINGTON ETIQUETTE.

Life at the White House—The President's Little Mother.

Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune.

When Lord Byron and a friend once visited the store in London where the then famous Warren's blacking was sold, and made some complimentary remarks about the poetical advertisements of the brilliant coating for boots and shoes, the wife of the proprietor replied: "Law, gents! we keeps a poet!" So this Administration which proposes to change the old customs of social courtesy, has retained the services of a lady who is high in authority on such matters to define the etiquette which is to be observed towards its members. Having studied the minutiæ of high life abroad, and published a book upon etiquette here at the Federal metropolis, Mrs. Admiral Dahlgren may be regarded as high authority. It was a master-stroke of policy for the Blaines to invite her to dinner, and to obtain her indorsement of the determination of the "Ladies of the Cabinet" not to return calls. Well! there will be a saving of the flesh of Department horses, and of the tires of the wheels of Department carriages, and of the visiting cards paid for from contingent expense funds, but the plan may not work, and the "Ladies of the Cabinet" may be glad to return visits, to avoid being tabooed. This Washington etiquette is getting to be rather a nuisance, but when attempts are thus made to ape the formalities, and the displays, and the exclusiveness of court life abroad, it is found that we have no resources commensurate with our ambition. If Jones, who keeps a corner grocery store, is elected first-lieutenant of a militia company commanded by Smith, the wives of Brown and Robinson, privates in the same company, and good customers of the grocery store, cannot see why Mrs. Jones should all at once decline to return their calls. The procession gotten up by Forepaugh's circus was really more imposing than the inauguration display, and this attempt to force a code of court etiquet will prove a failure. Mrs. Garfield refuses to be bound by these foolish edicts, and she persists in receiving all who call in the evenings at the White House, especially on Tuesdays and Fridays. She has not the dash of Mrs. Hayes, but her quiet, lady-like manner, and her cordial deportment have made her already a favorite. The White House already gives evidence of her good taste, and will, after the summer overhauling, look more like the residence of a Republican President, and less like a flashy French restaurant, than it now does. The President's "little mother," as he fondly calls her, cannot get used to the continued bustle and flurry at the White House, and so soon as the weather is warm enough, she will go back to her pleasant room in the farm-house at Mentor, which is now occupied by Capt. Rudolph, Mrs. Garfield's brother. The President's youngest children will probably accompany her, as the President and Mrs. Garfield are going to New England early in July, to attend the commencement at his alma mater, Williams College. His two oldest sons, Harry and James, who are now being "coached" by Dr. Hawes, will enter the Freshman class at Williams College later in the season. Col. Rockwell, master of the horses at the White House, has not yet been able to find any horses that please the President any better than those belonging to Mr. Hayes, which, with two carriages, were left in the White House stable with the understanding that they might be purchased, at prices far higher than their value. Every secretary and head of a bureau has a carriage and horses, paid for out of the Public Treasury and maintained at the public expense; and in the olden time the President's horses and carriages were public property. But now, the Chief Magistrate must buy his turnout unless one is presented to him, which has generally been done.

The Secretary of State has been a martyr to the gout—he wants it called rheumatism—during the past week, and has not been able to pass much of his time at the State Department. He undoubtedly finds, as did the policeman in the opera, that "the Premier's life is not a happy one," and the New York imbroglio, which is regarded as his fight, annoys him a good deal. The chances are that Judge Robertson will be confirmed as Collector of the Port of New York, but should Conkling prevent this, it will not be surprising if Mr. Blaine goes abroad as Minister to Great Britain.

The Late Pierre Bonaparte.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Pierre Bonaparte was the son of the only member of the family that ever discovered such qualities of head and heart as would have enabled him to pass the classic ideal of greatness. He was the third son of Lucien—the only brother that the terrible Emperor could neither coerce nor cajole. He offered to make him King of Italy or Spain if he would, like his sneak of a brother, Jerome, desert his wife, the mother of his children. But Lucien refused, and retired with great serenity to Rome during the hey-day of his irascible brother's domination. It is one of the ironies of fate that from Lucien the late Prince Pierre comes, as in the whole bad lot of Bonapartes, and there never has been anything else than badness in them, this ruffian takes the lead. From boyhood up he was the full type of the mediæval bravado. He fought under whatever flag promised the most spoil. He was ordered from Rome for his excesses, but killed the leader of the Papal police, as well as two officers, before he could be taken. He was confined in Castle Angleo until he consented to come to America to relieve the Papal Government of the nuisance. In the fullness of time his unrestful spirit led him back to Europe and to Corfu, where he resisted a whole tribe that made for his head. He quit this uncongenial refuge for London and in 1848, on the downfall of Louis Philippi, he returned to France and was, after some checkered military exploits, returned to the Assembly as a Democrat. He accepted the title of Prince from his cousin, Napoleon III., and lived in subdued state during the Empire until 1870, when his rowdy instinct and savage temper gave the Empire that impulse of overturn from which it never recovered. He had been induced to enter into a political controversy in the press, and, resenting an article in the Marsellaise, challenged Rochefort as the editor. In the course of the parley a young journalist, Victor Noir, visited the Prince's villa at Anteuil, a Parisian suburb, and during the conversation let slip something that exasperated the Bonaparte. He drew a pistol and shot the young man. Paris was shocked and the Emperor horrified. The case was tried at Tours, and though he was acquitted of murder he was compelled to pay the victim's family 25,000 francs damages. He was banished from Imperial favor thenceforth and since the war has lived in abject penury. His wife returned to London and set up a millinery establishment, by which she had supported herself before marrying her Imperial mate. Since 1870 Pierre has vegetated miserably. He has two sons educated at the crack school of St. Cyr, who are well spoken of by the French presses.

How the News Reached Here.

From the New York Tribune.

The Hon. William Walter Phelps and his wife have been enjoying a journey more delightful even than that described in the "Adventures of a Phaeton"—since their drive from Nice to Florence along the Corniche road was taken amid palms and roses, with snow-peaks above, the Mediterranean below, and sunshine everywhere. It was while they were on their ten days' journey, hearing nothing of outer world, that the burning of the Nice Theater took place, and their friends in America, not knowing of their departure, became alarmed about them. When at last they reached their Florence hotel two telegrams were handed to Mr. Phelps before he had time to alight. The first, from the Hon. S. B. Chittenden, read: "Are you hurt?" Mr. Phelps must have wondered if his friends 4,000 miles away could feel his pains before he could! The second telegram said: "Nominated Minister to Austria." This only intensified the mystery, and great was the wonderment until Mr. John Bigelow, who has been wintering in Florence, appeared, and saying, "If you won't think its my practice in cipher dispatches that gives me mystical lore, I can explain," proceeded to unravel the tangle. For the first time the new Minister to Austria heard of the burning of the theater, and realized that Mr. Chittenden's "Are you hurt?" had not the slightest reference to the lightning of a totally unexpected nomination.

RUSSIAN ILLITERACY.

Some Figures Giving an Idea of the True Cause of Muscovite Troubles.

From the London Times.

A few trustworthy statistics would be of the greatest assistance in coming to any conclusion as to the condition and prospects of Russia just now. Anything really trustworthy is in the nature of the case impossible, for the Russian census is very faulty, and the rebellious classes are mostly members of a secret society. Last year, however, there were printed in the correspondence of a London newspaper some figures which are the best attainable, even though they leave much to be desired. They are, then, or were, in Russia about 1,200,000 noblemen and civil and military officers, about 3,000,000 soldiers, 600,000 merchants, 6,000,000 artisans, 50,000,000 peasants and laborers, and 600,000 ecclesiastics. This includes in each class women and children, and does not include 25,000,000 Asiatic subjects of Russia. Of these there could read and write all the first class, 150,000 of the merchants, (half the males and two-thirds of females), 1,000,000 artisans, (one-third of the males); total, about 2,800,000 literates. The only persons set down as interested in politics were about 1,000,000 of the first class, and a miscellaneous class consisting of about 400,000 merchants, artisans, ecclesiastics and students, or about 1,400,000 "politicans," so to speak, in a nation of over 85,000,000. Russia may be worse off for so small a proportion of persons interested in public affairs, but some other countries are troubled in equal degree with too many. Some two-thirds of these 1,400,000 were thought to be malcontents. That is to say, 466,000 persons, by the obedience of 85,000,000 mutes, ruled against their wills some 933,000 of their equals. That is to say, the absolutistic rulers of Russia are in a small minority, not only compared to the ruled, but in comparsion to their co-rulers, who object to tyranny over themselves, although they are quite willing to join in tyranny over others. From another source it is learned that of the Nihilists 26 per cent are gentlemen, 19 per cent are sons of priests, 13 per cent are peasants (including those of the nobility whose Nihilistic principles led them to enroll themselves as peasants), 9 per cent are shopkeepers, 3 per cent are merchants, 7 per cent are Jews, and only 1 per cent are soldiers, leaving 22 per cent unaccounted for. While on the subject of statistics, it may not be inapt to notice some strange coincidences in the time of the assassination of Alexander II. He did, indeed, outlive the sixty years which were once allotted to the Romanoffs, as the years of St. Peter were to the Popes, as the extreme of their "expectation of life," to use an insurance phrase. But his death amply met the proverbial prophecy, "Evil awaits the Czar of twenty-five years." So it was with Ivan, and Peter, and Alexander I, and Nicholas; and now Alexander II, loses his wife in his twenty-fifth year, is himself killed in his twenty-sixth year. Alexander III., it is safe to say, will cease to be Czar in anything but name in less than half that time, or else he will cease to live. Revolutions seldom move back, and the Russian, especially, is not one of that kind.

Anna Dickinson's Foolishness.

Philadelphia Special to N. Y. Sun.

To-night while Salvini was delighting a large audience with his impersonation of Othello at the Opera House, Managers Goodwin and Simmerman and John Stetson of Boston were hived up in an inner room tearing their hair over Anna Dickinson. Some time ago Miss Dickinson begged to be allowed to play on the off nights of Salvini's engagement here and in Boston. She went so far as to try to induce Salvini, through Stetson, to relinquish Macbeth to her, but finally settled down on the male character of Claude Melnotte. The Opera House people contracted with Stetson for her to play this week, and Stetson, in turn, had a contract with her. People hereabouts were getting interested, and several New York critics, including one from a pictorial newspaper, telegraphed to-day for seats, and tickets went off like hot cakes. But Miss Dickinson, it appears, has a will of her own. A few days ago she gave Stetson to understand that she could not play in Philadelphia, and since then telegrams have been flying back and forth thick and fast. She gave no reasons for her refusal, and no one here has the slightest notion what the matter is. "You must play," telegraphed Stetson to Anna. "I will not appear," telegraphed Anna in reply, and she went to Elizabeth, N. J., locked herself up, refused to see anybody, and refused to answer any further telegrams. And this is why there is trouble at the Opera House. The entire company was on hand this afternoon for rehearsal. Miss Dickinson was not there. Her sister Susan came in with a new play which she wished Salvini to read, and then went out again. Her lawyer authorized a telegram to be sent to her telling her that she must come. At length Stetson sent word that she was losing the greatest chance of her life, and this ended the correspondence. But she didn't come. The theater will be closed to-morrow night, or some other piece will be put on. The seat money will of course have to be refunded, and Stetson will sue Miss Dickinson for damages. Meanwhile, as Miss Dickinson went away from the Continental Hotel a week ago without giving up her room, her board is accumulating rapidly, and there is a whole stack of letters awaiting her.

A New Way to Cut Teeth.

Port Jervis (N. Y.) Special Dispatch.

A most remarkable story comes from Middleton, Orange County. A maiden lady at that place on the 5th of January, 1869, swallowed a new set of false teeth, which became separated from the mold in which they had been set while masticating her food. Before she could reject the food from her mouth her teeth had gone down into her stomach. The family physician was summoned, but all his efforts were unavailing. The teeth caused her no discomfort, and in a short time the matter was entirely forgotten.

A few days ago Miss Cole, the lady in question, felt a sharp pain near the left shoulder, and upon examining the spot found what appeared like a wen under the skin. With the aid of a penknife she extracted a hard substance, which proved to be a tooth. At a loss to know how the tooth came to be in such an unusual spot she suddenly recollected that she had, twelve years ago, swallowed her set of teeth. During the past four days the lady has been cutting teeth all over her body and had, at last accounts, received twelve of the fourteen teeth that had formerly constituted her full set. She is anxiously awaiting the other two. She has placed the teeth in a glass case and will keep them as a memento.

German Myopes.

From the New York Times.

Near-sightedness is increasing in Germany at an astonishing rate. Thirty eye doctors recently examined the vision of 40,000 pupils in schools of all degrees. They conclude that near-sightedness rarely exists at birth or at less that five years of age, and in village schools the near-sighted form only 1 per cent of the attendance. In the city schools they constitute 5 to 11 per cent, in the schools next above 10 to 24 per cent, in the next grade of schools 20 to 40 per cent, and in the highest 30 to 50. A physician of Tubingen found in a body of 700 theological students 73 per cent myopic, and Prof. Virchow recently said in a German Parliament that 95 out of every 100 of the medical students are unable to see what lies before them. But the Germans are near-sighted in far greater proportion than any other nation, for which they have chiefly their barbarous script and print to thank.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs for Spain will shortly issue a circular note to the representatives of Spain at foreign courts to explain to them the liberal principles to which the Sagasta Cabinet owes its existence, and to inform them, at the same time, that the Spanish Government has, in a confident and decided manner, entered upon a course of liberal and progressive development.

DAISY.

I meet her in' the crowded street,
My Beauty, sweet and rare,
And, jealous, watch the sunbeams play
About her golden hair.

She is the flower of womanhood,
Beyond all others fair,
Youth and love shine in her eyes,
And crown her golden hair.

She passes me with winsome grace,
With grave and modest air,
She knows me not, but I know her—
My love with golden hair.

Oh fairy girl! You love not me
Nor dream that I can care,—
Yet does my heart lie 'neath your feet—
My lass with golden hair!

S. P.

A BRILLIANT CAREER ENDED.

A Cincinnati Couple Who Lived Beyond Their Means in Gay Paris.

Paris Correspondence New York Times.

Another man overboard, and, more's the pity, this time it is an American. I shall give no names, no initials even, not for the sake of the culprits themselves, but for the sake of those who have the misfortune to be their relatives; it is a doleful story, but, I fear me, only too common. She was such a little beauty some one nicknamed her "La Roussotte" at Mrs. M.'s ball a fortnight ago; with a complexion such as Gitto used to paint—ivory, with the slightest tint of pink like the blush of a moss rose—and hair of that golden auburn so loved by Titian, and no one thought to sneer at her conceit, even if she did wear it streaming over her shoulders as only she would have dared to do in public. Slight and delicate as Titania, with great blue eyes and a sylphlike figure and fairy feet—a pocket Venus, in short worthy of that admiration which her presence awakened everywhere. We saw her for the first time at the opening of last year's Salon, leaning on her husband's arm—he, too, was well enough in his way, but only as an accessory—in an exquisite toilet of pale blue satin, with a huge bouquet of tea roses in her hand, and we wondered who she was, and wondered still more that her laugh should sound so strangely, as if it were meant to hide a sob. And they were rich, too; Cincinnati hogs sent them $30,000 a year, perhaps more, but if their revenue had been a million, it would been insufficient. What a pace they went! No fortune could have resisted such extravagance. Money goes fast nowadays, and theirs did not last long—a twelvemonth at the outside—and then the crash came. But they concealed their embarrassments, and stuck to their hotel, a bonbonniere, with its windows looking out on the verdant horizons of the Parc Monceau, full of flowers and choice pictures and rare curiosities and costly furniture. Their stables were always irreproachably kept; their servants numerous. Madame seldom wore any gown more than three times, rarely so often, and all were by Mr. Worth. They had their box at the opera and the Francais, and never missed a "first night," and gave balls and dinners, and were cited as a bright particular constellation in the firmament of fashion. But their creditors began to weary of too long waiting, and showed their teeth, and the Jews declined to do any more bills, and finally, one evening, nervous, excited, at her wits ends for expedients with which to struggle through the morrow's outlay, after a scene of violent recrimination, La Rousotte pawned her diamonds and bade her husband "Go and gamble for a living, like your friends." He was lucky, they say, at his first attempt, but it was followed by others, and he passed long hours over the green baize of the baccarat table, sometimes returning thence to his home his pockets stuffed with bank notes, more generally without enough coin on him to pay his cab fare. There were dreadful scenes played in the charming little hotel of the Parc Monceau when he had been a loser, and ugly words were uttered and bitter reproaches exchanged, for La Rousotte was pitiless, and taunted him with her ruin, and he would sneak away, and, borrowing a few louis from his friends, again tempt fortune. When he won the storm lulled, and La Rousotte, ordering a new dress, smiled more attractively than ever on her admirers. But these halcyon days were rare; in the end ill luck prevailed; for a whole week, in the betting ring, at the hells, on the Bourse, everything went wrong, right and left, until his differences exceeded 500,000f., while the trichinæ suspended his remittances from Porkopolis. Yet, although there were debts everywhere, although there was not a centime in their purses, no one suspected their situation, and invitations were received and accepted as if they were rolling in affluence. Some people in their despair might have resorted to suicide: they did not. For them poison and pistols possessed no attractions, so they bolted, without leaving any P. P. Cs. on their numerous acquaintances, never communicating their intentions to any one except the black nurse who had accompanied them from the States, after the manner of defaulting cashiers or lovers on their honeymoon. And their hotel awaits its truants, their servants howl after unpaid wages, and legions of exasperated creditors, from the butcher and baker to the jeweler and horse dealer, clamor for the discharge of their bills, while Mr. ——'s dishonored name has been posted at the clubs as a swindler. The absconding pair should have landed in New York by this time and are safe from prosecution, but I wonder what will become of the "Welcher," what will be the end of his wife, and the fate of their poor children. These last, at least, are innocent.

Disturbed Communists.

New York Special to Chicago Times.

A police detective who has the Bleecker street cellars and saloons within his circuit says that there is great perturbation among the Communists, Socialists and Nihilists there over the news from St. Petersburg that all the parties charged with complicity in the Czar's assassination are condemned to death. From what he could glean by conversation, he inferred that the stern judgment was anticipated, except in one case—that of the woman, Sophie Pieoffsky, who, they expected, would be sent in exile. As it is, they think it quite likely she will be pardoned. On the very day following the arrest, they assert very confidently, the Czar received a notification from the Central Society that should a hair of her head be touched his life would assuredly pay the forfeit. They say this notification is correct, but how they have become cognizant of so perilous a secret is a point on which they decline to converse. The cablegram stating "that her sentence will be submitted to the Czar for confirmation, because she is of noble birth," is interpreted as a proceeding entirely in harmony with the Czar's wishes for his own safety, and that it leaves the door open for her pardon. When the day for the execution of her associates is ascertained it is the intention of these people to hold a commemorative meeting at Justus Schwab's place, and the detectives say they are to have a meeting there to make preparations for it. An effort will be made to have all the European nationalities represented among the speakers.

Two Actors in One Part.

From the New York Herald, 12th.

An unexpected reinforcement was added to the cast of "That Man from Cattaraugus" last night at the Fifth Avenue Theater. When the cue was given in the progress of the play for Solomon Stockman, the stock broker, two Solomon Stockmans walked on the stage. The audience were puzzled and their astonishment increased when both gentlemen spoke the same lines in answer to the other characters, and it became apparent the two actors were playing the same part. This went on till the close of the scene, and then it was regulated by the stage manager and the entertainment continued in the proper way. Later in the evening the matter was explained by Mr. Joseph Arthur, one of the actors who had appeared as Solomon Stockman in the opening act of the piece. That gentleman said to a reporter of the Herald:

"I played the part originally with Mr. Owens in San Francisco, and came here under engagement to C. R. Gardner, the agent, who telegraphed to Indianapolis for me at Mr. Owens' suggestion. The first week's salary was due last Monday—that is a week ago—but we were not paid it until the following Friday. The second week was then nearly out and the salaries of the company were due to-day. I went to the office of Gardner, asked for my money and was told it was not ready. The rest of the company did the same thing and received the same answer. I went to the theater to-night to fulfill my duties and found another actor there to play my part. It appeared that in the meantime Gardner had engaged an entire company behind our backs, rehearsed them and sent them to the theater to play. After the first scene the stage manager requested me not to interfere with the performance, and I left the stage."

A CHURCH ROW.

Pastor Ramsdell, of Washington, and his Catholic Wife.

Washington (D. C.) Post.

The effort to depose the Rev. Charles B. Ramsdell from the pulpit of the North Presbyterian Church of this city is the absorbing topic of the day. The "trials" so far as the Washington Presbytery are concerned, has come to an end, with a victory by a bare majority for that portion of the congregation which stood by the pastor and insisted that his relation with the church should not be disturbed. But the end is not yet. The large party of church members who urged the pastor's withdrawal or expulsion are not willing to rest under defeat; they maintain that they are right in their position; that the pastor, by his marriage with a lady of the Roman Catholic faith, has so impaired his usefulness and so disturbed the peace and harmony of the church that a severance of the pastoral relation is essential to its prosperity. They will take the case, by petition, to the Baltimore Synod, to meet in October next, and thence it will go to the General Assembly, the highest Presbyterian Court in the land. No case involving the question at issue has ever been considered by this high church tribunal, and the marriage of the Rev. Mr. Ramsdell is destined to create an ecclesiastical stir that it will be felt from ocean to ocean.

The history of the case is an interesting one. The Rev. Mr. Ramsdell, the principal actor, is a man of great ability, a zealous Christian worker, and a straightforward, honest, warm-hearted man. He graduated with high honors at Yale College in 1872, and then prepared for the ministry at the Union Theological Seminary of New York, graduating at that institution in 1875. His first and only charge was the North Presbyterian Church of this city. His wife, whose name has unfortunately but necessarily been brought into the controversy, is a Washington lady of high standing. Her maiden name was Miss May Brooks. She is a graduate of Notre Dame College, Maryland. She is a devout Christian lady, but very liberal in her religious views. The marriage of these two persons was solemnized by a Protestant minister—the Rev. Dr. Patton—some sixteen months ago, in Chicago. Mr. Ramsdell's acquaintance with his wife began several years prior to their marriage. The young clergyman was at that time a clerk in the Treasury Department, and boarded at the house of the young lady's mother. The lady was, by the way, a scholar in the class conducted at that time by Mr. Ramsdell in the Sunday School of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church. The acquaintance ripened into love, and the young pastor, when he wedded his bride, had been in charge of the North Church for about three years. Up to that time he was exceedingly popular with the members of his church. His marriage at once created dissension, as his fair and gifted bride was at the time of her wedding a devout member of the Roman Catholic Church. After her marriage she remained faithful to her vows to the Church of Rome, attending mass and the confessional. She always, however, attended the Sabbath morning service in her husband's church. The dissent over the pastor's marriage continued day by day to grow in strength, and in May last the dissenters took formal action to secure a dissolution of the pastoral relation. At a church meeting, held May 4, 1880, the initial step was taken which culminated in the exciting trial which has just been concluded before the Washington Presbytery.

How the 'Varsity Men Train in England

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

A University eight trains for five weeks. A waterman would take three months for a match, but then the University men have mostly been in good exercise for some weeks before actual training commences. They rise at 7, or earlier, take a gentle half-hour's walk, running perhaps a couple of "sprint" bursts. They then come home for bath and dressing. They breakfast about 8 a. m. on decent cooked chops and steaks, sometimes a little fish, and not more than one egg, if any. Two cups of tea are the outside allowance to drink. Stale bread is used, or dry toast; and they wind up with watercress. For lunch a small quantity of cold meat, stale bread and half a pint of old ale. For dinner, roast beef and mutton (not boiled) and perhaps fish or poultry on alternate days as an extra course; now and then jelly or a plain pudding is added. A pint of ale is allowed, and a glass of port with an orange and dry biscuits for dessert. Half-past 10 is the latest for bed time. At the University the rowing is done only in the afternoon, but when the crew migrate to other training quarters they take morning rows as well. In the early part of training a good deal of steady running is done after the day's row, to get off superfluous flesh; later on extra muscle begins to supply its place, and a well-trained crew will train up distinctly in weight toward the last. The third week is the critical period, when men are prone to be weak, before the new muscle has replaced the flesh which hard exercise has reduced.

For athletic sports the system of training originally approximated too much to that of running; men took too severe exercise, and lost their turn of speed. They "tried" themselves too often; man cannot do his best every day in pedestrianism, and if he is "asked too many questions" in his preparations, he answers less satisfactorily when the actual race comes off. The training for each distance to be run is somewhat different; the diet is much the same in all cases, but the exercise varies. Runners eat more mutton than beef; the latter if used too freely makes them too heavy. In other respects their hours and diet are much the same as those of oarsmen. A runner wants no useless muscle to carry. A hundred yards runner takes steady walks, in thick clothing at first, to reduce his weight, and runs his distance about two or three times in the day, generally a little short of top speed. He especially practices starts, for half the battle lies in getting well away when the word was given. A quarter-mile man runs distances of 150 yards to 200 at 95 per cent of his pace on the majority of days, besides taking walking exercise; he does not try his best against time more than about once a week. A mile runner tries himself even less often, but gets accustomed to his distance, and runs it, or a greater part of it, daily at a fair pace. A three-mile man, while reducing himself fully, does not run over his distance within at least a week of his race, as he would not regain his full powers in time. Nevertheless, though men thus refrain from overdoing themselves before the day of the race, they take care so far to extend themselves as to "clear their wind," and also to learn where their forte lies—whether to make their best pace early, late, or all through the distance for which they train. And, just as an oarsman studies style, so a runner pays attention to his gait and to his stride, to make his action as effective and as little laborious as possible.

The Sigh of the Suppressed Reporter.

From the Burlington Hawkeye.

There are four girls in Burlington; nice, good, sweet, pretty and innocent girls they are, too, who smoke cigarettes, Miss —— Eh? What? Not print the name? Hey? Mustn't print 'em. Well, all right then. You're running this paper. Lots of enterprise there is in that. Fellow runs all around town and gets hold of a good society item, and then not let him print the most important part of it. By George, half the time a managing editor of a paper knows just about as much—Hey? No, no more copy in this department to-night; what is the use of furnishing copy when you dassen't to print it? Don't care; lock her up; fill up with liver-pad ads; that is what this paper considers lively reading. Um-um-um. (Grumbles himself all the way down stairs and tells his sorrows to the stars.)

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The Rhode Island Legislature has postponed the prohibition measure until next session.

William C. Tower, the well-known tenor, died on Wednesday at the State Hospital in Boston.

The Citizens' Bank, Atlanta, Ga., has closed its doors. Liabilities $200,000, pretty well covered by assets.

The score at the close of the third night of the great billiard contest in New York stood thus: Schaefer, 2,400; Slosson, 1,660.

Typhus fever and small-pox have broken out again in New York, alarming the Health Board. Twenty deaths are recorded.

Elmore E. Cobb, the son of a Cleveland druggist, shot and killed himself at his father's Euclid avenue residence on Wednesday.

The New York Grand Jury has indicted Anthony Comstock for assaulting a lady in his zeal to hunt down a case of obscene literature.

The steamship Lord Clive, from Liverpool, has arrived at Philadelphia with 740 steerage passengers and several cases of smallpox aboard.

Bernhardt was taken sick in Philadelphia on Wednesday afternoon, and the performances—matinee and evening—were suspended.

Belle Hodge, the young daughter of a merchant at Jamestown, Ohio, suicided with arsenic, on Wednesday, to escape shame and exposure.

The bill introduced in the Illinois Legislature, allowing women a voice in the granting of licenses, was carried to a tie vote on Wednesday. The Lieutenant-Governor cast in favor of it.

Hotel Arrivals.

D. H. Smith, Sedalia, Mo., is at the Lindell.

W. R. Van Horne, Los Angelos, Colorado, is at the Laclede.

J. A. Miller, Carrollton, Mo., is stopping at the Hotel Barnum.

J. B. Links, Dallas, Texas, is registered at the Hotel Barnum.

Capt. E. W. Casey, U. S. A., is stopping at the Planters' House.

R. H. Whitelaw, Cape Girardeau, is registered at the Planters'.

H. H. Metcalf and wife, Council Bluffs, Iowa, are at the Lindell.

Capt. D. W. Maratta, a prominent steamboatman, Yankton, Dakota, is at the Laclede.

H. C. Smith, Batesville, and Capt. John Cross, Little Rock, Ark., are at the Laclede.

A. J. McQuaid, South Carolina, is at the Lindell, in company with Miss Armstead of Alabama.

Among the guests of the Hotel Barnum today are W. S. Tower and John Richardson of Carthage, Mo.

Colonel E. D. Baker, U. S. A., and wife, are at the Planters' on their way East from San Antonio, Texas.

H. C. Smith and wife (nee Miss Jacquelin Lauck, of St. Louis,) of Batesville, Arkansas, have rooms at the Laclede.

At Hurst's Hotel: Col. J. A. Hayward and party, Pana, Ill.; J. N. Miller, Bellefontain, O.; J. A. Vance, Pierce City; T. C. Reade, J. Wheeler, Austin, Tex.; D. N. Bumiss, Robt. Buxton, Miami; G. D. Garner, String Town, I. T.; John Pyatt, Jacksonville, Ill.; J. Stampfli, Jefferson City, Mo.; T. J. Lycan, Edina.

RIVER NEWS.

The Ste. Genevieve will leave for Memphis to-morrow.

The ice gorge still held firm at Yankton on the 12th inst.

Capt. E. W. Gould returned from Cincinnati this morning.

The Jno. L. Rhoads is due and returns to Pittsburg Saturday.

The Josie, Capt. Jno. B. Davis, leaves for Dubuque at 4 p. m.

The Phil. E. Chappell left for the Lower Missouri last night with a good trip.

The old reliable M. V. T. Co., send out the John Dippold and barges Saturday.

Seven million bushels of coal will be moved south from Pittsburg on the present rise.

P. P. Manion ships a large lot of machinery to Pittsburg to-day. It goes in a new boat.

The ice has moved out at Hastings, on the Mississippi, but it is gorged at several points below.

W. C. Postal commands the E. C. Elliott, and will back her out for Grand Tower this evening.

The large steamer Commonwealth departs for Vicksburg this evening. John C. Crane is Captain.

Don't forget that the Dora dashes off for Clarksville at 4 p. m. Lamont is Master; Dean is Clerk.

Ed. Shannon, an accomplished druggist, has secured the medicine department on the Laura L. Davis.

Frank J. Oakes backs out the Granite State for Pittsburgh this evening. Buchanan and Shunk, clerks.

Branch's Sam Roberts leaves for the South Saturday with four barges of grain. J. W. Black commands.

The Fannie Tatum, Capt. Wm. Thompson, John B. Conway, Clerk, will be off for Keokuk at 4 p. m. Jenkins & Sass, agents.

Huse, Loomis & Co. are utilizing their several towboats. The Jack Frost left for the Tower with one barge of iron ore and several empties.

River at 12 m. to-day, 27 feet 4 inches by the guage, a rise of 3 inches since last night. The water is yet 5½ feet below the high water mark of 1876. Business active.

The Centennial got around the track in good time and will leave again for New Orlean on Saturday. Capt. S. Davidson commands and Geo. D. Marsh is Chief Clerk.

Shipments of bulk grain this week to points South will aggregate nearly 1,000,000 bushels. Fully one-half of this grain was reported in last week's shipments but it failed to get away.

The arrivals since last night were the Ironsides, from Cairo; Fannie Tatum, from Keokuk; Dora, from Clarksville, and E. C. Elliott, from Grand Tower. The Belle of Shreveport is due.

The Valette dry dock at New Orleans has a lifting capacity of 5,000 tons. The dimensions are: keel, 332 feet; beam, 38½ feet; hold, 25 feet 6 inches, and tonnage, 2,7e5. This champson floater can take in a 3,000-ton iron steamer with perfect ease.

The seven grain elevators of New Orleans can handle 250,000 bushels of grain daily. It will thus be seen that after allowing a loss of one-third of the time for bad weather, sacking, keeping machinery in order, hauling, barges, etc., the elevators are able to handle fully 5,000,000 bushels per month.

More than $700,000 have been expended in damming up the Bonnet Carre crevasse. A break has been made each year, and constant repairs have been necessary. The dam was strengthened last February, but the high stage of water has again cut a channel through it which is constantly widening. No danger of any kind is apprehended from the break which will be repaired as soon as the river falls.

The Dubuque Herald of the 13th says: The river has fallen very fast for the last 24 hours. This would indicate either the breaking of a gorge below or the forming of one above. The latter seems hardly probable from the fact that the Diamond Jo came through all right from La Crosse, arriving here near noon yesterday. She will remain here some days refitting and getting ready for the summer's business. She is commanded by Captain Isherwood. The Captain reports meeting very little ice on his way down. The Mark Bradley came down from the ways and is making ready for a trip. The Penguin steamed up preparatory to a trip to bring down a log raft.

The Cincinnati Commercial of Wednesday says: "Capt. Dan. W. Maratta, Manager of the Coulson Line of Upper Missouri River steamers, having the contract for transporting Government and other supplies from Bismarck to points above, and also on the Yellowstone, passed through Cincinnati yesterday from St. Louis, returning last night. After visiting Chicago from the latter point, he will proceed to Chicago via St. Paul, as soon as navigation is fully resumed in the Upper Missouri. Capt. Mart. Coulson, of the lost steamer Western, passed through Cincinnati en route to Pittsburg from the wreck of his steamer in the Upper Missouri. The Western was cut down by the recent breaking up of the ice. She was built at Pittsburg in 1873, and insured for two-thirds her value, partly in Cincinnati.



The leading Scientists of to-day agree that most diseases are caused by disordered Kidneys or Liver. If, therefore, the Kidneys and Liver are kept in perfect order, perfect health will be the result. This truth has only been known a short time and for years people suffered great agony without being able to find relief. The discovery of Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure marks a new era in the treatment of these troubles. Made from a simple tropical leaf of rare value, it contains just the elements necessary to nourish and invigorate both of these great organs, and safely restore and keep them in order. It is a **POSITIVE Remedy** for all the diseases that cause pains in the lower part of the body—for Torpid Liver—Headaches — Jaundice — Dizziness — Gravel — Fever, Ague—Malarial Fever, and all difficulties of the Kidneys, Liver and Urinary Organs.

It is an excellent and safe remedy for females during Pregnancy. It will control menstruation and is invaluable for Leucorrhœa or Falling of the Womb.

As a Blood Purifier it is unequaled, for it cures the organ that makes the blood.

READ THE RECORD.

"It saved my life."—E. B. Lakely, Selma, Ala.

"It is the remedy that will cure the many diseases peculiar to women."—Mothers' Magazine.

"It has passed severe tests and won endorsements from some of the highest medical talent in the country."—New York World.

"No remedy heretofore discovered can be held for one moment in comparison with it."

—Rev. C. A. Harvey, D. D., Washington, D. C.

This remedy, which has done such wonders, is put up in the LARGEST SIZED BOTTLE of any medicine upon the market, and is sold by Druggist and all dealers at $1.25 per bottle. For Diabetes, enquire for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE. It is a POSITIVE remedy.

H. H. WARNER & Co., Rochester, N. Y.

STEAMBOATS.

Lower Mississippi.

St. Louis & Vicksburg Anchor Line.

Packets for Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg,
Leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays,
STR. COMMONWEALTH, CRANE, Master.
Will leave THURSDAY, April 14, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis.
Leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. STE. GENEVIEVE,
Leaves Friday, April 15, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
STR. E. C. ELLIOTT, W. C. Postal, Master.
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
W. B. RUSSELL, Agent.

For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings,
STR. DORA.
Alex. Lamont........................Master.
Leaves Tuesday, Thursday and Saurday, at 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry street.

Mississippi Valley Transportation Co.
For New Orleans,
Str. JOHN DIPPOLD and Barges,
Leaves Saturday 16th. inst., at 5 p. m. For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Freight Agent.

For New Orleans and Way Landings,
The Magnificent Passenger Steamer,
CENTENNIAL........................Davidson, Master.
Will leave as above on Saturday, April 16, at 5 p. m., from wharfboat, foot of Market street. For freight or passage apply on board or to
J. W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

DIAMOND JO. LINE.
For Hannibal, Quincy, Warsaw and Keokuk, Burlington and Davenport.
Str. JOSIE........................Davis, Master.
Leaves Thursday, April 14, 4 p. m. from Diamond Jo. wharfboat, foot of Washington avenue.
L. J. BUFORD, Agent.

For Clarksville, Louisiana, Hannibal, Quincy, Canton, Warsaw, Keokuk and All Way Landings.
FANNIE TATUM,
Miles Burke, Master; Chas. B. Ebbert, Clerk. Leaves THURSDAY, 14, at 4 p. m., from Alton packet wharfboat.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents.

Ohio River.

St. Louis, Cincinnati, Huntington and Pittsburg Packet Co.
For Paducah, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Huntington, Wheeling and Pittsburg direct.
Str. GRANITE STATE,
Leaves Wednesday, April 13.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents,
508 N. Commercial.

Illinois River.

For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
Str. CALHOUN........................Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
F. L. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Missouri River.

For Augusta, Washington, Portland, Osage City, Westphalia, Tuscumbia, and St. Elizabeth, direct.
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL.....Archie Bryan, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 4 p. m. foot of Morgan st.
JENKINS & SASS, Agents,
No. 508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION.
Blacksmith and Wrecking Co.,
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo

ALL SORTS.

A. BANCHEREL,
Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks, Corner Main and Spruce streets. Painting and Repairing.

HENRY SYLVESTER, Carriage Maker. Buggies, Barouches, Phaetons, Surrys, Spring Wagons, Harness.
Large Assortment.
418 North Ninth Street.

PASTURE—Best in the country. Horses $3 a month, cows $2 a month. Apply to Bartling & Picot, 515 Pine street.

CORNS, BUNIONS, Club and Ingrowing Nails treated in the most skilful manner without pain. Prices—Corns and Bunions, 25c each; Nails, 50c each.
Dr. N. KENISON & SONS, 623 1-2 Olive Street.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st
Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS, and other household goods sold on monthly payments at
S. MYERS',
819 and 821 Market street.

FREE OF CHARGE.

☞ Situations wanted, male and female; lost and found, help wanted, male and female; rooms for rent, rooms or boarding wanted, not exceeding three lines, and not of a business nature, will be inserted free of charge.

PERSONAL.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 713 Pine.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ACQUAINTANCE of an elderly gentleman who will assist a Southern widow to find employment. Address Stranger, this office. 7

A GENTLEMAN, 30 years of age, wishes to correspond with a young lady between the age of 15 and 25; object matrimony. Address A. A. E., (painter), Cape Girardeau, Cape county, Mo. 9

CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

E. P.—Letter received; satisfactory. Write again; same address. Don Q. 14

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

INDEFATIGABILITY.—Would be pleased to hear from you. Where shall I direct letters? W.

ILLINOIS MILK COMPANY,
1523 FRANKLIN AVENUE,
DEALERS IN PURE ILLINOIS MILK.
This milk is very highly recommended by our leading physicians for children. Orders from families, hotels, etc., will receive prompt attention. Deliveries made twice daily.

LADY and daughter would like to make an arrangement for music lessons on the organ or melodeon and pay for them in washing and ironing done at home. Will have our own instrument and have more time than ready means. Address Lessons, P.-D. 6

MRS. E. FLINT, dressmaker, will be pleased to see customers and patrons at 524 Olive street, up stairs.

PERSONAL—An accomplished lady with a small capital will find it to her interest to address R., this office. 9

PERSONAL—Aramantha Jane and everybody else gets Greenwood's Ready Mixed Gloss Paints, Brushes, Varnishes, etc., at 1722 Frankin ave. 10

PERSONAL—F. W. Drosten, 619 Olive street, has always a nice selected stock of watches, clocks, jewelry and silverware. Special attention paid to the manufacture of new jewelry. Watches, clocks, jewelry and silver ware repaired and warranted. 25

PERSONAL—St Bascom's pure home-made candies, the best, sweetest and purest in the land, 20c to 40c per lb, at 306 Olive str.; factory 2403 Franklin ave. Caramels a specialty.

PERSONAL—Windsor Hotel, Washington ave., have recently added a Refreshment and Billiard Room, with Wine Room attached, under the supervision of Mr. Vincent Ciurciola.

PERSONAL—All the newest designs in paper-hangings and window shades, cheap, at Stephens', 811 Washington ave.

PERSONAL—R. F. Adams, 215 North Fourth street, still takes twelve splendid carte photographs and two cabinets for $2, any kind of weather.

PERSONAL—Drunkenness and the opium habit cured with Dr. L. E. Keeley's Double Chloride of Gold Remedies. P. D. CORDELL, General Agent, 414 N. Seventh, between St. Charles and Locust, St. Louis, Mo. Books Free.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 6

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take Notice!—The person who left a box of goods in storage with me in the year 1876, unless the same is called for and charges paid within thirty days from this date I will sell the same to pay the charges and pay the expenses of the same.
G. FANO, 614 and 612 Morgan st.
St. Louis, April 12, 1881.
Retire from business.

THE best Gloss Paints, ready mixed, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, etc., in the city, can be had at 1722 Franklin avenue. 10

WILL some kind gentleman assist a young lady in getting a position in office or store. Please address Girard House, No. 1131 Broadway, J. M. 12

PERSONAL—All the go, cheap as common paper, Linen Note heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Account Sales and statements, elegantly printed.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—We are prepared to print Catalogues, Price-lists, Cards, Bill Heads, Statements, Posters, Dodgers and everything in the printing line, and save you from 20 to 50 per cent.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Genuine Turkey Linen Note Heads, pink ruling, at $2 50 per 1,000, well printed and blocked.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Just in, 200 reams genuine Turkey Linen Letter heads, pink ruling, $3 50 per $1,000, well printed and blocked.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

PERSONAL—Beautiful tinted Bill Heads, fine paper, well printed and blocked, at $2 25 per 1,000, or $5 per ream of 3,000.
MOUND CITY BAG & PRINTING CO.,
218 Market st.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

A GOOD penman to give instructions; terms must be reasonable. Call at 410 S. Fourteenth.

AN office safe; second-hand one would do if in good condition and could be purchased low. Please communicate size and make to Cashier, 202 North Main street, city. 13

ANY person residing near St. Louis, having a "mad stone" to address W. J. Clucas, box 44, Lebanon, Illinois. State when beneficial, terms, etc.

BY a company of four persons, a gentleman of small means wishing to travel and is willing to give $100 for the summer's expenses; must be religiously inclined and in earnest. Such a one can find pleasant company and the comforts of a home by calling at No. 1129 North Eighth street, upstairs, for one week. 8

TO TRADE for watch, gun or jewelry. 1 cook stove, bedstead, chairs, blankets, etc., etc., worth $15. 1302 Morgan street. 14

TO buy a saloon counter. Apply at Flannery's, near rolling mill, East St. Louis. 12

TO RENT OR BUY a small grocery, news or fruit store. Address R 25, this office. 9

WANTED—To rent a set of parlor furniture; couple without children. Ref. and security given if desired; would buy it cheap. Address R., this office. 13

WANTED—A reliable party that wishes to adopt a baby boy 1½ years old. Call on or address 2614 North Tenth street. 13

WANTED—One or two nice little children to board or a baby to raise on the bottle. Terms reasonable. Address Baby, this office. 12

BOARDING.

GENT and wife or two couple to board with widow; private family; elegant new house and first-class neighborhood; in the city near Water Tower. Prices moderate. Address Mrs. W. this office. 9

WANTED—A quiet, refined lady to board with a widow near Grand avenue. Company more of an object than pay. Address Mrs. W., this office. 9

BOOKS.

F. ARCHER has removed his large stock of new and second-hand books from Seventh and Olive to 205 N. Sixth street. Globe Edition Shakespeare, 75c.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—On or before May 5, a six or seven room house, located between Chambers and Hebert and between Ninth and Sixteenth streets; will pay a reasonable rent for a good house. Address B., Carrier 32, Post-Dispatch office. 8

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OFFICE of the Weindell and Wirthlin Manufacturing Company—Meeting of Stockholders to increase Capital Stock.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Stockholders of the Weindell and Wirthlin Manufacturing Company for the purpose of voting on a proposition to increase the capital stock of said company from forty thousand dollars ($40,000) to sixty thousand dollars ($60,000) will be held at the office of the said company, No. 2243 DeKalb street, in the city of St. Louis, on Friday, the 22d day of April, A. D. 1881, at the hour of 9 o'clock a. m. of that day.
By order of the Board of Directors.
LEONARD WEINDEL, Pres.
JOHN A. WEINDEL, Sec'y.
LEONARD WEINDEL,
JOHN A. WEINDEL,
WM. BROWN,
HENRY FREDRICH,
Directors.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A SITUATION wanted by a first-class cook. Apply at 1232 North Fourteenth street. 14

A YOUNG MAN of 19 wants a job in a watchmaker's shop in city or country. Has had experience. A. Kuntz, 813 N. Fourth street. 14

AN active young man wants a sit. Will do most anything; has good refs. Ehrlich, this office. 12

A BOY wishes a situation in printing office setting type or running press. Address T. S., this office. 9

A YOUNG married man wishes a situation immediately. Has fair education, and speaks English and German. Best of refs. as to character and ability. Address W. W. this office. 13

A POSITION in a good law firm wanted by one of seven years' experience in the practice; can furnish the best of references. Address J. L. C., Laclede Hotel. 8

BY a steady, middle aged man, employment in a wholesale or retail store; is not afraid to work and can give best of city references. Add. Jackson, care of 809 Washington ave.

BOY wants a job to work and board at the place. Apply G. H., this office. 11

EMPLOYMENT—A young man would like copying or other writing to do at home or out. Call on or address 816 North Noeme street. 13

SITUATION by a boy 14 years old as messenger or office boy. Address J. M., 2313 St. Charles st. 12

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 26 to drive a delivery wagon or work in a store. Add. J. C. Nicholson, 714 Tayon avenue. 9

SITUATION wanted as book-keeper by a gentleman of large experience and of strictly correct habits, aged 45. Satisfactory references. Address "Morgan" this office. 9

SITUATION as engineer wanted; good machinist; careful, sober and steady; married. A 1 references. Address 1438 N. Seventh st. 12

SITUATION wanted by man and wife (German, speak also French) to take care of gentleman's farm or residence and garden. Address T. H., this office. 8

SITUATION wanted by a boy fifteen years of age; writes a good hand and lives with his parents. Address C. H., this office. 8

SITUATION wanted in a law office by a boy who has had experience; is 16 years old, and writes well. Address D. 33, this office. 8

SITUATION WANTED—Young man well acquainted with the general dry goods business desires a position in some retail house. Hosiery stock preferred. Address for two days E. J., this office. 13

SITUATION—In store or office. Will make myself useful; am not afraid of work. Address W. T. Brown, 1515 North Ninth street. 13

SITUATION—By a clothing clerk of eight years' experience. Good references. One-price house preferred. Address Clothing, this office. 13

SITUATION by a young man as assistant bookkeeper, or work in an office; have had experience. L., this office. 14

SITUATION wanted by a young man to attend horses; in private family. Address C. C., this office. 14

SITUATION wanted by a young man to drive delivery wagon; prefers carpet or dry goods; acquainted with the city. City reference. J. P. J., this office. 8

WANTED—A position as teacher, governess or companion; five years' experience in teaching. Address A. E. S., 37 Trinity Place, Albany, New York. 14

WANTED—Situation by a young man as driver, entry, shipping or bill clerk. Am 23 years of age; best recommendations. Address M. Keppler, 2708 Carondelet avenue. 12

WANTED—Situation as book keeper or entry clerk by a young man of six years experience in wholesale house; best of reference. Address S. 13, this office. 12

WANTED—A young carpenter wants a job in city or country. Would prefer to work for a boss as I have no tools. Have worked in city before and am good workman. Address A. S. D., this office. 13

WANTED—A situation by a steady industrious man; is a good hostler and has good refs. Address James H., this office. 13

WANTED—A situation as bartender; three years' experience; good references. Address F. W., this office. 12

WANTED—Situation by a young man to learn a trade or business. Willing to work for nominal salary in the beginning. Add. M. F., this of. 11

WANTED—Situation by a steady, industrious man, understands the care and management of horses, is a good driver, and willing to make himself useful. Good reference. Address James H., this office. 11

WANTED—A sit. by a young man at sign-painting; has been one year at the trade. Address D. R., this office. 13

WANTED—Situation by young gent to learn the cigar trade; best references. Address H. 81, this office. 11

WANTED—Situation as Mining Superintendent by practical miner and geologist. New Mexico, Arizona or Arkansas. Address George McMinn, East St. Louis. 11

WANTED—A boy of 16 years would like to get a position in an office as office or errand boy; best of references. Address J. C. this office. 9

WANTED—By a middle-aged man just out of a job, a place in wholesale or retail grocery as night or day watchman; can make himself useful at most anything; would like to go to work Monday morning. Satisfactory references. Address John S., 809 Washington avenue. 9

WANTED—A situation by a youth to learn some trade. Blacksmithing preferred. Address A., this office. 8

YOUNG man of eighteen would like to have a situation in railroad office; can furnish three year's references. Address E. A., this office. 12

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

E. S. WARNER & CO.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

205 North Eighth St.,

OFFER FOR SALE

The following residence, business and vacant property:

"GERARDI PLACE"—On Washington avenue, near Grand, one of the choicest pieces of property in the city. Price and terms reasonable.
LUCAS AVENUE—Two neat stone front houses, containing every convenience. A first-class investment.
MORGAN STREET—Three handsome brick houses; first-class and under lease; pays 10 per cent.
PINE STREET—One two and one three story stone front residences at a bargain.
MISSOURI AVENUE—Two two story brick houses near Lafayette Park. Will trade for lot in the western part of city.
PARK AVENUE—A neat two story brick house, six rooms; good yard. Price, $2,500.
MANCHESTER ROAD—Two story brick house; fifty feet of ground; cheap.

BUSINESS PROPERTY.

OLIVE STREET, East of Twelfth; owner will improve for a responsible party and lease for ten years.
LOCUST STREET, East of Eleventh, large and substantial building, lot 40x109 feet.
PINE STREET. Several choice pieces between Ninth and Sixteenth streets.
SPRUCE STREET, between Twelfth and Fourteenth, lot 120x145 feet.
PACIFIC RAILROAD.
Large manufacturing lot, 200x200 feet, fronting the track.

VACANT LOTS.

ON LINDELL, BAKER and LACLEDE AVENUES, between GRAND and FOREST PARK; large number of choice building sites at prices which will double in the next few years.
ALSO LOTS in various parts of the city to suit all classes.
For full information as to prices and terms apply to our office.

205 NORTH EIGHTH STREET.

$2,500 will buy a lot 50x125, with two 6-room brick house, on Eleventh, near Brooklyn street. Inquire at 1722 Franklin avenue.

FOR SALE—A 36 acre farm with 12 room house; also 40 acre farm, frame house, 6 rooms; fruit and ornamental trees; both convenient to Victoria Station, 39 miles from St. Louis; suitable for summer residence and transient business in city; either can be purchased for $1 200. Also 78 acre farm, well located, for $2,800. Apply to THOS. BETTS, No. 314 Olive street.

FOR sale or trade for city property, a good farm in St. Louis county, J. L. Conway, 401 North Fifth street. 9

FOR SALE—First-class stone front dwellings on Laclede, Chestnut, Washington avenue, Pine, Olive, Lucas and Finney avenues.
JAS. M. CARPENTER,
312 North Sixth st.

FOR SALE.—Desirable lots on Grand, Cook, Page, Delmar, Washington, Vandeventer place, Locust, Pine, Laclede, Lindell, Lucas and Grattan avenues.
JAS. M. CARPENTER,
312 North Sixth st.

REMOVALS.

M. J. DARCEL has removed his hair store from Sixth and Olive sts. to 102 S. Fifth st., under the Southern Hotel, and will be pleased to see his customers at his new place. 12

FOR RENT.

Rooms.

211 S. FIFTEENTH—Furnished rooms, with or without board. 9

410 MYRTLE STREET. For rent furnished rooms for gentlemen and wives or single gentlemen; also rooms for light housekeeping. 11

1124 OLIVE—Furnished room with board. 8

1132 N. SIXTH street—Furnished room for light housekeeping. 14

1209 WASHINGTON AVE.—Third story front room for rent, unfurnished.

1212 NORTH SIXTH STREET—A furnished room for rent, with or without board, for gentleman. 13

1306 CHESTNUT Street—A nicely furnished second story back room for light housekeeping or sleeping. Terms reasonable. 11

1502 WASHINGTON avenue.—A very desirable, large furnished front room suitable for three gentlemen. 12

1514 WALNUT—Handsomely furnished rooms for gentlemen. Con. location. 9

1515 OLIVE—One nicely furnished room for rent. 8

1602 OLIVE—Furnished room. 8

1605 HICKORY street.—7 rooms, hall, water, gas, bath-room, water-closet and laundry for rent. Apply to John Maguire, 519 Walnut street.

1616 CLARK AV—For Rent—Nicely furnished room; rent low. 11

1731 MORGAN—Nicely furnished third story front room with board; also small room adjoining; southern exposure. 13

1802 OLIVE street—Furnished or unfurnished room for rent. 8

1916 MORGAN STREET—A very large front room elegantly furnished on the third floor, for two or more gentlemen. 13

1952 CASS AVENUE—Two front rooms and kitchen completely furnished for housekeeping, with all convenience; second floor. Inquire on third floor. 12

2607 WASH ST. Furnished rooms with southern exposure for rent. Bath and all conveniences. Also an unfurnished room. Board if desired. Reference exchanged. 11

2936 LOCUST, with board, a delightful room; southern exposure. 8

A NEATLY furnished room with privilege of parlor, to a couple of nice gentlemen. Cars pass the door. Address E. M. G., this office. 11

A HANDSOME furnished room with breakfast and tea in a small family; cars pass the door. Address G. M. E., this office. 8

ELEGANTLY furnished room for rent for one or two gentlemen. Location central. No questions asked. Address L. T., this office. 11

FOR RENT 1810 Wash street, fine large second story front room, furnished; elegant residence; first-class location; suitable for two gents or gent and wife. 9

FOR RENT—One large unfurnished room. Wish to rent to a music teacher, and two furnished rooms, at 1026 North Tenth street. 13

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping at 20 South Sixteenth st. 9

FOR RENT—No 22 South Sixteenth, furnished rooms, with or without board. 9

FOR RENT—Three pleasant rooms with closet in each, furnished or unfurnished, use of bath; private family, no children; call before Monday, 2314 Chestnut. 9

FOR RENT—Rooms 1122 Locust street; two parlors and two other rooms on first floor for light housekeeping; one furnished room on second floor. 13

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms, southern exposure, to parties without children, for light housekeeping, in private family, without children. Inquire at 1917 Biddle street. 14

FOR RENT—An elegant furnished room; reasonable; four windows; southern and eastern exposure; healthy and respectable locality; 2601 Morgan street. 9

FOR RENT—1527 Clark avenue, nicely furnished second story room. 8

FOR RENT—1502 Washington avenue—a large, desirable furnished front room. 8

FURNISHED rooms at southwest corner Seventh and Pine streets. 9

FURNISHED or unfurnished rooms for rent, No. 5 S. Twenty-first street. 14

LARGE front room to rent; elegantly furnished; new house; private family; no other roomers; references required; Eastern family; southern exposure. 2009 Cass avenue, above North Twentieth street. 8

NICELY furnished front room for rent for one or two gents in a small private family; first class neighborhood; terms moderate. Address B. Q., this office. 9

NICELY furnished second story front room, No. 20 Targee street. 8

SUIT of rooms on second floor, with first-class board. 1302 Washington ave. 12

SUIT of rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with first-class board. 1302 Washington avenue. 9

TO RENT—Delightful room, southwestern exposure, fine neighborhood, private family. No. 1017 N. Nineteenth street. 14

THREE two-story rooms, with southern exposure, for light housekeeping, near Lafayette Park, at $12 50 per month. No small children. Address or call at 2321 Hickory street. 11

Dwellings.

1012 LOCUST street—I will rent to a responsible party the whole or part of a furnished house. Apply at once. 8

FOR SALE OR RENT—Fourth and Elwood streets, South St. Louis, brick house, 10 rooms, all conveniences, with fruit and flowers. Apply on the premises.

FOR RENT—No. 2920 Washington avenue; now occupied by Joseph Pulitzer, Esq. Possession May 10. Inquire of E. H. Wheaton, 2926 Washington avenue.

WANTED—Parties to rent a furnished house and board owner; a midle aged couple without children preferred. Call or address, 4296 North Tenth street. 12

Business Purposse.

THREE story factory with large yard only $50 per month. C. M. Seaman, 623½ Olive street, up stairs.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

50 TEAMS, $5 per day; 50 men, highest wages. Apply at Main and Brooklyn streets. M. Kearv, Superintendent. 14

A MAN wanted to deliver books on a country route. Apply to Books, this office. 12

A NEAT appearing young man, about 15 or 16 years of age, wanted to draw Bowers' mead. Wages $4 00. Reference required. Address S, 21, this office. 12

A BOY from 15 to 18 years who has experience in grocery business. Call at D. Norden's, 22d and Gratiot street. 12

A BOY or man to take care of horse and work around house at 2222 Broadway. 12

A BUGGY washer wanted at 2120 Market street, at once. Good wages to a good man. 11

BOY or young man to work in store, 217 N. Fourth street. 11

BOY who understands taking care of a horse. Call at 1601 Benton street. 11

DRUG clerk at Twenty-first and Market streets.

HOSTLER WANTED at Forest Park Restaurant. None but a sober, industrious man need apply. C. W. Herbert, Forest Park. 14

ONE fine coat maker, one bushelman and repairer. Dann & House, Greenville, Ill. 14

WANTED—German carriers at Humoriest, 209 South Fifth street. 14

WANTED—An experienced cook. References required. Call 1315 Garrison avenue. 14

WANTED—Driver for two-horse wagon; good references required. 22 S. Main street. 12

WANTED—Two good carpenters at J. Elliott's, 1835 North Tenth street. 13

WANTED—Five smart boys to make bundle kindling. Good wages and steady employment. James Booth, Water Tower. 13

WANTED—Boy 15 to 18 years old in dry goods store, 1030 Market street. 13

WANTED—Will pay $50 a month for a live, energetic man to solicit orders in city and give steady employment. Address with refs. R. S. P., this office. 13

WANTED—A young man to make himself useful in an office. Add. M. K., this office. 11

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST.

Plain gold ring engraved on the inside "T. J. H., to A. M. H., May 28, 1871." The finder will get $5 more than the value of the ring.

$5 REWARD—Lost a gold band bracelet on Dyke avenue or Broadway, East St. Louis. Reward paid if left at Lee's Cottage, East St. Louis. 11

LOST—A red morocco pocketbook at Pope's Theater at Wednesday matinee, containing besides some money (bills and silver) some visiting cards with name of P. M. Woods, and some private papers; if left at Pope's Theater or 1713 N. Eleventh, suitable reward will be given. 14

LOST—Between Eleventh st. and Lafayette Park, gold necklace, with toothpick attached. Will pay reward if left at 1217 Chesnut st. 13

RING lost in wash-room of Laclede Hotel. Enquire at office of hotel for reward. 9

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

A YOUNG LADY with a legible hand would like to have some copying to do at home. Address Constance, Post-Dispatch office. 12

A THOROUGH lady teacher wishes guitar pupils; lessons reasonable; advancement rapid. Address A. 27, this office. 13

A YOUNG LADY would like to have a few children to whom she could teach how to read, write and converse in the French language; terms reasonable. Address Mlle. Stephanie, Post-Dispatch office. 12

A LADY wanted to sell a fine art work in St. Louis. Address Fine Art, this office. 12

A COMPETENT seamstress; can cut and fit; the very best of ref. Address Q. G., this office. 8

A GIRL wants a place to do light work and take care of children. Call at 1413 North Fourteenth street; no postal cards answered. 9

COMPETENT seamstress wants work; can cut and fit; the best of reference. Address J. M., 31, this office. 12

PLAIN sewing neatly done at home. Address Miss L., Post-Dispatch office. 9

RESPECTABLE widow wishes a situation as housekeeper in the city or country in a widower's family. Address L. 56, Post-Dispatch office. 9

SITUATION as nurse to baby, with party traveling. L. F., this office. 12

SITUATION as housekeeper by intelligent lady, with mother, wanted; home more an object than salary. Address A. E. C., City P. O. 11

TWO respectable girls wish situations in one house; one first-class cook, the other housework. No objection to country. Apply to Franciscan Sisters, Fourteenth and O'Fallon streets. 14

WANTED—A situation to sew or will help with room work or nurse. Apply at Franciscan Convent corner of Fourteenth and O'Fallon. 13

WANTED—A colored lady desires a position as sick nurse who has had experience and can come fully recommended, and is competent to assist the doctor in any way. Address Harriet Lyle, 411 South Twenty-first street. 12

WANTED—By a young lady of four years' experience, a situation to clerk in a store. Address Daisy Ellwood, Post Office. 11

WANTED—A situation in a pleasant home; would do plain sewing or assist with housework, or would act as housekeeper for widower, travel, etc. Address Maggie Leslie, City Post Office. 9

WIDOW lady would like a situation as housekeeper in a family or hotel. No objections to country. Call or address 819 Gratiot street. C. B., St. Louis, Mo. 9

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

A GOOD German girl for general housework in a small family. Preference will be given to a girl who rooms with her parents or relatives not too far away from corner Eleventh and Howard streets. Apply at 1023 Howard street. 14

A HOUSEKEEPER to take charge of a widower's establishment in the country; five in family; must be a member of a church. Apply at noon on Friday to Capt. Trumbour, Barnum's Hotel, Walnut street. 14

A GERMAN Protestant girl to do washing and ironing and general housework at 21 Benton Place. Call between 9 and 12 Monday. 11

A GIRL wanted for general housework in a small family. Also a nurse girl. Apply at 1623 S. Sixteenth or Dubreuil street. 9

A CHAMBERMAID at 1114 Pine street. 9

GOOD girl for general housework at 2639 Caroline street. 12

GOOD girl wanted for general house work in a small family without children, at 1318 N. Tenth street, up stairs. 12

GIRL wanted for small family. Apply at East St. Louis Hotel. 11

GIRL wanted in a small family. 1132 N. Sixth st. 14

KITCHEN girl wanted at 1124 Olive. 8

SERVANT girl wanted in a small family at 818 Olive street. 11

TWO dining room girls, 808 N. Fourth st. 9

WANTED—Fifteen lady agents to sell new articles; can make $3 to $5 per day. Call immediately at 310 North Tenth street. 14

WANTED—At 1546 Broadway a girl to do dining room and general housework. 11

WANTED—A good tidy nurse girl, from 12 to 14 years of age. 1403 St. Ange avenue. 8

WANTED—Dining room girl at Green Tree Hotel East St. Louis. 9

WANTED—Good girl for general housework at 1310 North Market street. 9

WANTED—A girl from 12 to 14 years old to nurse at 2216 Clark avenue. 9

WANTED—Good cook, washer and ironer at 3406 Franklin avenue. 9

WANTED—A servant for two in family at 821 Washington avenue. 9

WANTED—A good cook and house girl. Apply 2936 Locust street. 8

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at 216 N. Thirteenth street. 8

WANTED—A small girl to take care of a baby. Apply at 1511 Clark avenue. 8

WANTED—ROOMS.

TWO rooms and a kitchen in respectable neighborhood, within ten minutes' walk of Missouri Carr Works. Address J. Parr, 2800 DeKalb street. 14

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms by Tuesday must be cheap. Address F. S., this office. 11

WANTED—Out of city limits in hotel or private family, a pleasant room or suit of rooms with board for man and wife and child of three years. Accessible to railway necessary. Address with terms and particulars B. T. 14, this office. 13

WANTED—To rent a completely furnished house with good yard and stabling. Immediate possession wanted. Address, stating terms, J. C. P., this office. 13

WANTED—On third floor, three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address P. O. W., this office. 13

WANTED—Two or three rooms in good locality for light housekeeping. Rent not to exceed $15. S. A. G., this office. 8

WANTED—BOARD.

BOARD wanted near Seventh and Locust sts., not over $4 per week. Address P. 32, this office. 12

WANTED—Plain board in private family in vicinity of Eighth and Twelfth and Sidney and Soulard. Address J. B. C., this office. 12

WANTED—By a young man, board and lodging in a private family. Nice location. Terms moderate. Address H. Mulrennan, at Wm. Barr & Co. 9

WANTED—Board for gentleman and his two children, ten and twelve years old. Address M. E. M., Post-Dispatch. 8

WANTED—Board for a gentleman and two children, a boy eight and a girl twelve. Address J. M. Post-Dispatch. 6

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN.
$50,000, $2,000, $3,500, $1,700, $500, at 6 and 7 per cent on city and county real estate.
JOHN LADY, 305 Olive st.

MONEY TO LOAN—Cash loaned on furniture in residences at lowest rates. Brolaski & Voorhis, 514 Pine.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Betts, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

FOR SALE.

A BAKERY for sale cheap. No competition. Cor. Bryan and Florissant avenues, by A. Dilger. Apply on the premises.

A SIX year old, well bred and well broken Kentucky horse for sale. Jesse Arnot & Co. 6

A FINE business property for sale, rents for $1,800 per annum. Inquire at 605 Franklin ave.

FOR SALE—The well established French laundry, doing first-class business; rent free. Parties going east. 617 Market street. 12

FOR SALE—Two new wagons; 315 South Fourteenth. H. Mangold. 13

FOR SALE—A phaeton and harness. Apply at 3152 Locust street. 14

FOR SALE—$5,600 bankrupt stock of boots and shoes at 50 cents on the dollar at 1131 North Fifth street and 1028 Broadway. WM. OGLE.

FOR SALE—A top covered wagon cheap. Apply at this office. 12

FOR SALE—Lots and farm lands. Inquire of Page & Buckland, Missouri avenue, East St. Louis, Ill.

GOOD evening paper route for sale cheap. Inquire at 1021 O'Fallon street.

HANDSOME baby carriage for sale, worth $20 for $5. Apply 520 Walnut street. 11

ONE NEW ICE CHEST, double cover, inside space 26 cubic feet; also one platform scale, counter and table, for sale cheap. Inquire 511 Market street.

TO BE SOLD FOR CHARGES—The following lots of goods on Thursday, April 28, at 10 a. m. at warehouse, No. 212 Myrtle street, unless sooner paid. Mrs. Hanson, lot hh goods; A. B. Wakefield, lot office furniture and sundries; C. H. Jackson, 34 cases tool sharpeners; Wm. Bailey, lot furniture.
J. B. BROLASKI.

St. Louis Post Dispatch.

JOSEPH PULITZER : : : PROPRIETOR.
111 NORTH FIFTH STREET.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$9 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 50
One month (delivered by carrier)	85
By the week (delivered by carrier)	20

THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	90
Six months, postage paid	50

Specimen numbers sent free on application.

Money may be sent at our risk by Post-office order, draft, registered letter or in postage stamps.

Correspondence and news are always desired, but letters must be brief and must have the genuine name of the author to be considered.

Postmasters and agents may retain ten per cent of all subscriptions at above rates.

Terms—Cash, invariably in advance.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed POST-DISPATCH, 111 North Fifth Street.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second class mail matter.]

The POST-DISPATCH has much the largest BONA FIDE circulation ever attained by any afternoon paper in St. Louis; it has a larger city circulation than any morning paper in St. Louis (except one); its receipts for circulation by carriers are ten times as large, and it sells twenty times as many papers on the streets, by news-boys, as all other afternoon publications combined.

WE are assured that Mayor FILLEY-EWING finds no difficulty in handling the municipal helm. Wait until the wind begins to blow a little.

WE admire the ladies, but has Gov. CRITTENDEN a Constitutional right to commission anybody but white male citizens as Notaries Public?

THE Missouri Penitentiary and the State Government are too close together. Either the prison or the executive mansion should be removed to Sedalia.

IT is announced that SCRIBNER'S Magazine will soon change its name to *The Century*. This is too bad. The proprietors of the *Republican* had their eye on that attractive title, but they can fall back on "Methuselah."

IN one of the Chicago courts yesterday a lawyer named WILLARD struck a brother member of the bar over the head with a big wooden inkstand. As the inkstand was made of pine and the lawyer's head of basswood, there was no ink-west.

WE are at a loss to determine whether the Humor which is cropping out in the *Republican* now is "electrical or biological." It is so spasmodic that we rather conclude that electricity has something to do with it—the kind that is kept in a bottle.

PITKIN is said to have the inside track on the Mexican Mission. It would suit GRANT better, perhaps, to have BABCOCK or Brother-in-Law CASEY with him in the great work of civilizing and anglicizing Mexico, but PITKIN will be better than a perfect stranger.

A DISPATCH from Chio announces that the loss of life by the recent earthquakes there was much larger than at first supposed. It is now said that 8,000 persons were killed outright and 10,000 injured. This turns out to be the greatest calamity of modern times.

BOTH branches of the Ohio Legislature have agreed to recommend an appropriation of $15,000 to enable the State to be properly represented at the Yorktown Centennial Celebration. As no offices are to be given out at Yorktown we are unable to account for this sudden activity on the part of Ohio.

OUR terrible climate is telling on the French artists who are entertaining us this year. At Philadelphia last night BERNHARDT broke down with a congestive chill, and Mme. AMBRE, of the Beauplan Opera, who was billed at another theater, was unable to appear on account of ill health.

IT seems to be settled that the wild Indian dead-beat, SEDENTARY BOVINE, is going to surrender and return to the United States. No man who has ever tasted of the sweets of this happy land can ever be induced to remain away from it. There is NOYES, our Minister to France; he threatens to return and end his days here, notwithstanding the allurements of European life.

WE do not indorse the acrid communication which appeared in last evening's paper in regard to GOULD'S Directory. Mr. GOULD has done a great work to canvass the city and compile his directory inside of ninety days. During the time of taking the names there was hardly a day that the thermometer was not below zero. Mr. GOULD publishes the best directory in this country and one as free from mistakes as such a work can be.

ANY observing person given to pedestrianism will testify to the fact that there is more building going on in St. Louis this Spring than at any similar season in five years. No less than a dozen large buildings are going up in what may be termed the business quarter of the city, while in the residence portion of the town improvements may be noted on nearly every block. There is a steady expansion all along the line.

ONE of the great drawbacks to the World's Fair enterprise in New York is the reluctance of the hotel proprietors to take hold of it. They claim that the effect of such an exhibition would be to call new hotels into existence, and though the business might be temporarily helped, great permanent damage would result in the end. The experience of Philadelphia hotel people seems to have made an impression on the New York Bonifacts.

THEY have a new game down East which they call Syggignocism. If two men accidentally meet in front of a store and one of them makes the other go in and steal something, that is Syggignocism. It is a first cousin to Kleptomania and a distant relative of Emotional Insanity, and the medical experts have not yet decided whether it is a crime or a disease. Some people define it to be the power that a magnetic man in a normal condition has over a weak brother in a hypnotic condition, and there is great danger that CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY will commit Syggignocism on our new, abnormal Mayor, Mr. EWING.

THE usually placid Senator from Pennsylvania, DON CAMERON, made an awful exhibition of himself yesterday. Senator HILL was rasping MAHONE, when DON took offense and rushed at the Georgia statesman as though he would plane the floor with his body. He was caught and restrained in time to prevent a terrible slaughter, for in the condition that the Senate was at that moment a single blow would have been sufficient to precipitate a general melee. It is urged in Mr. CAMERON'S behalf that he was grossly intoxicated. After standing up in the Senate the other day and publicly indorsing the honesty, integrity and virtue of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, he naturally felt like hiding his shame in the flowing bowl.

THE adipose Senator from Illinois, whose lonesomeness as the great Independent Party of the country is driving him to despair, has hit upon a novel plan for recruiting his organization. He has written a letter in which he suggests that if the Democratic party will quietly disband the Republican party will go to pieces for want of something to fight. Out of this chaos Mr. DAVID DAVIS' Party would rise, of course, like Venus from her morning bath. Does Mr. DAVIS suppose for one moment that if all the religious elements of the world would dissolve and close their churches that SATAN would knock off and take a vacation? Not much. The Republican party will never cease to exist so long as it can draw sustenance from eighty thousand Federal offices.

CONKLING VS. GARFIELD.

The gorgeous twaddle and magnificent amount of misinformation now rustling and rushing through the press about the ROBERTSON appointment, and the inevitable conflict provoked by the Administration with the most gifted and powerful chief of the Republican party, is truly touching.

We venture to assert that no President before ever committed an act that is at once both so gross an outrage and so suicidal a folly.

What are the facts?

ROSCOE CONKLING is a member of the U. S. Senate from the State of New York. THOMAS PLATT is a member of the U. S. Senate from the State of New York. CHESTER ARTHUR Vice-President of the U. S. Senate and made by the Constitution the possessor of the casting vote, is from New York. TOM JAMES, Postmaster-General and member of the Cabinet, represents New York. The Collectorship is the greatest office of New York—city and State. Hundreds of millions of revenue pass through his hands, and 3,000 officials are under his control. Mr. GARFIELD has made a nomination to this important office without the remotest knowledge of or advice with either of the two Republican Senators or the Republican Vice-President, or the Republican member of the Cabinet from that State.

Now this is not a government of one man's particular pleasure or whims, but a government of law and precedent and constitutional provisions. Mr. ROBERTSON'S appointment is not to be regarded in the light of either Mr. GARFIELD'S prejudices or Mr. BLAINE'S revenges, or Mr. CONKLING'S personal interests, but in the light of Mr. GARFIELD'S constitutional authority. All the power over appointments the President possesses is contained in the following:

"Article I. Section 2. He shall have power, *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate*, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the Senators present concur; and he shall *nominate* and, *by and with the advice and consent of the Senate*, shall appoint Ambassadors, other public ministers, and Consuls, Judges of the Supreme Court, and all other officers of the United States whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law."

Was there ever a law more plain? The Senate has not only the power to reject but the right to advise. The President has not only no right to appoint without the consent or confirmation of the Senate, but it is his specially prescribed constitutional duty to ask for and consider the advice of the Senate. "By and with the advice and consent of the Senate," says the Constitution. Can there be any doubt about this? This is how WEBSTER defines the meaning of the word advice:

1. "An opinion recommended or offered as worthy to be followed; counsels, suggestion."

"We may give advice, but we cannot give conduct."—[Franklin.

2. "*Deliberate* consideration, knowledge."

3. "Information as to the state of an affair or affairs; notice; intelligence; as, we have late *advices* from France."

'*To take advice*, to consult with others.'

Synon.—*Counsel; admonition; deliberation; consultation; information; notice.*

Can any sane man read and say that GARFIELD has not disregarded his constitutional duty? Can any sensible, honorable man feel and say that he would, in CONKLING'S place—and CONKLING, ARTHUR, PLATT, JAMES, and CORNELL are together heart and soul in this fight—not do precisely as CONKLING does? Can any man read and think and then say that Mr. GARFIELD'S conduct is not a scandalous insult to the men who elected him by giving him the close and doubtful vote of New York?

Mr. ROBERTSON may be confirmed, as Democratic Senators do not like CONKLING personally. But we venture to predict that the struggle in the Republican party which this appointment opens will go on all the same and end in the most inglorious humiliation of Mr. GARFIELD three and four years hence.

CONKLING is right. GARFIELD is ungrateful. The moral force of ideas and love of honorable conduct will give the former the sympathies of thousands of men and politicians who have never sympathized with him before. He will triumph. GARFIELD will be another HAYES.

OUR tenderest sympathies begin to stretch out toward Senator VEST. For twenty years the progress of this brilliant son of Missouri has been steadily onward and upward until to-day we find him standing on the lofty pinnacle of the United States Senate, crowned with honors and full of influence. Though a man of great native talent, and one destined in the very nature of things to rise, he has, until a recent period, enjoyed the hostility of the Cossacks of the St. Louis *Republican*, and his rapid advancement has doubtless been largely due to this fact. For some reason the *Republican* has begun to speak well of the Senator. It has proceeded so far as to beslaver him with its slimy and unwholesome praise. This is a terrible affliction for our Senatorial RUPERT. Dark clouds are beginning to obscure his future. It were a thousand-fold better that he should fall asleep under the spreading branches of the deadly Upas tree than that he should be visited with the disastrous and withering friendship of the ancient *Republican*. Its slightest embrace is as blight, mildew and rust combined, and its kiss is as poisonous as the hot sirocco. We fancy that we see Mr. VEST staggering along now through the heavy sands with Uncle GEORGE KNAPP fastened upon his shoulders like a terrible Old Man of the Sea. The sooner Mr. VEST finds the means, as did SINBAD, to rid himself of his burden the better it will be for him. Gov. CRITTENDEN has also come in recently for a share of the *Republican's* devastating favor. The concern contributed to his election by opposing him and now, in order to secure a few small offices, commits the grave error of beslavering him with praise. Despite his experience and observation, the Governor seems in a fair way to fall into the trap that has been so cunningly set for him. He ought to know that all the tracks in the neighborhood of the *Republican* den point in one direction. No statesman ever goes into that hole and comes out alive. We have a kindly feeling for the Governor and we feel it our duty to warn him against the sirens who sit upon the rocks of the *Republican* building, surrounded with bones, blowing the old bassoon which has lured so many promising men to destruction.

DESPITE the disgraceful facts brought out by the recent legislative investigation of the Missouri Penitentiary, the whipping-post still rears its head among the unfortunates whom the State has undertaken to reform. Men are cowhided for spitting on the floor or refusing to work, and are locked up in dungeons, where their optic nerves are destroyed, for the slightest infraction of discipline. Not long ago seventy lashes were administered to a proud-spirited prisoner who refused to acknowledge himself conquered, a doctor standing by and feeling his pulse to see that he was not murdered by the process; and another refractory prisoner, baited in his cell with hot irons like a wild beast, cut his throat and died in the very presence of his barbarous persecutors. There is no sort of doubt about it, the creature BRADBURY, who fills the responsible position of Deputy Warden in our State prison, is a brute. His system is opposed to the spirit of civilization and its tendency is simply to degrade, harden and render doubly vicious the criminals placed under his charge. Missouri stands on the records of the International Prison Congress to-day as having the worst prison system in the land. Our Legislature not long ago declared most emphatically that the whipping-post should not be set up as an institution of reform in Missouri. Why, then, is it tolerated in our prison? Gov. CRITTENDEN can put a stop to this outrageous business and if he is a humane man he will do it at once. Let him read of the noble efforts of the Philanthropist, JOHN HOWARD, to ameliorate the condition of criminals in the Old World; let him post himself as to the reforms that have been wrought in prison management in other States, and then resolve to place our prison on a plane with humanity. If the Governor will only break away from the prison influences which surround him at Jefferson City, and take a broad, comprehensive, enlightened view of the situation, he will see to it that the swish of the cowhide and the groans of tortured prisoners are no longer heard under the very walls of the Capitol.

YESTERDAY was another field-day in the Government Debating Society known as the United States Senate. Mr. HILL, of Georgia, who is an acrimonious, harsh, ill-conditioned man, exceedingly fond of making other people uncomfortable, seized his gad and went for little MAHONE again. The disturbance went on for some time, and finally the exasperated little Readjuster boldly asserted that if the individual from Georgia meant to insinuate that he had been brought or was purchasable, then his language was that of a Coward and a Liar. In a moment all was excitement, but Mr. HILL gravely announced that Mr. MAHONE could not bully nor insult him, and that he would not disgrace himself by bandying epithets with him. This produced a calm. It occurs to us that there has been about enough of this sort of thing among the third-rate mediocrities who set themselves up as the most dignified and honorable gentlemen in the land. Four times within the past six months have scenes occurred upon the floor of the Senate that would do discredit to the Council of a frontier village. Since dueling has gone out of fashion our great statesmen seem to think that they have license to make blackguards of themselves. Evil communications are said to corrupt good manners, and one can form a faint idea of what the Lower House will soon be, now that the Senate has lost all dignity and decorum. Mr. MAHONE used to be considered a fighting man. It is to be hoped that he will find some means of chastising Mr. HILL. It is claimed that Mr. HILL, while a member of the Confederate Congress, threw an inkstand at an opponent one day which materially shortened his career. With such a fighting record he ought to be able to justify his conscience in caning MAHONE. If the whole country is to be demoralized by the Senate, we want it done in good style. A first-class bloody rencontre might have the effect of quieting some of the tongues which now wag in debate with such malicious freedom. If we can't have a duel, let us have a street fight.

THERE is great anxiety in the City of Baltimore about the water. The latest explanation of the matter is that the January thaw melted the ice, a current of air was generated, and the organic matter and sediment came from the bottom of the lake by the warm currents. When the ice melted there followed a continuous agitation of the water, which caused the impurities to be carried through the water-pipes to the city. We never hear a word of complaint from Baltimore about the character of the whisky used there. It is the worst in the country, and hundreds of good citizens are yearly sent to premature graves by it. Still they drink it without a murmur. Let a bull-frog die in the reservoir through, and the whole town makes a row about it, but how they ever find out that the water contains impurities is more than we can divine. Some stranger passing through the city probably gets a taste of it and makes complaint, and as it is an unusual thing for a stranger to visit the place, the citizens show him great courtesy by pretending to be agitated.

SOME of the Ohio Democrats are talking of the stately WM. H. GROESBECK for Governor. Mr. G. is the DOMBEY of American politics. He is as cold as though he had been trellised up for twenty-five years on the north side of CHARLES FRANCIS ADAMS. In 1870 he pronounced a funeral oration over the Democratic party and retired from politics as gracefully as poor JACK FALSTAFF died—plucking senselessly at the coverlid and babbling of green fields.

PERSONAL.

—Last remark of the Czar: "Well, I'm blowed."

—John Bright is reported to have said that Americans alone, among mankind, are in the habit of signing their names legibly.

—Mr. Holman Hunt intends to send the Royal Academy this spring two portraits—one of Prof. Owen, the geologist, and the other that of a lady.

—Baron de Friedland and the Baroness, who were arrested in Paris in December last charged with forging bills to the amount of 198,000 francs in the name of the late Princess de la Moscowa, grandmother of the Baroness, have been acquitted.

—The new Czar leads a very simple life. He rises early and takes a long walk, then breakfasts with his family, after which he goes down cellar and covers himself up in the coal-bin for the balance of the day to keep out of the way of the Nihilists.

—The London World speaks of the King of Bavaria as a Hamlet among princes, as having the grace and personal beauty of an Apollo, and as being of a tall and graceful figure, with waving brown hair and deep and poetical blue eyes. And that journal adds that he is both a misanthrope and a woman hater.

—The Prince of Wales's sons are no longer little boys; they are beginning to receive addresses and make speeches. They landed at Cape Town the other day in their midshipmen's uniforms and were formally received by the authorities and a deputation from the Malay Community—long-robed and venerable featured representatives of the Mahometan faith. Albert Victor, the elder Prince, made two pretty little speeches.

The late Marquis Oscar de Lafayette was a handsome man and his face was even better than handsome—it told the story of a most honorable, useful and beneficent life. He had rare conversational gifts, which, however, came out only in the company of sympathetic people. He was genial, sensible, highly-cultivated and humorous, but, without betraying it, extremely shy. It was this shyness which prevented him from ever making a figure in the Senate.

A Card From Dr. Boyd.

3025 CHESTNUT ST., April 14, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

In your issue of yesterday an anonymous "Judge" gives the public to understand that I have "made an attack upon Rabbi Sonneschein." My friend doubtless refers to the sermon of last Sunday evening in which Dr. Sonneschein's recent course of lectures was reviewed by me. To show how untrue the statement of the "learned Judge" is, allow me to quote the opening sentences of that sermon:

"In the enjoyment of the rich blessings of modern civilization we can scarcely believe the historic record of the sufferings of the Jews, and it seems incredible that at the present day attempts have been made in Germany to revive in modern dress the barbarious spirit of the Middle Ages, by which from the year 1100 to 1350 not less than 17,000 Jews perished and thousands were driven into exile. In contrast with this spirit of hate is the spirit of American institutions, under whose fostering care the Jew enjoys absolute liberty. Though, now and then, there may be found among us those who would treat him with scorn, such indignity is promptly rebuked by the voice of public opinion. In America the Jew is an honored citizen, contributing his share to our political freedom, our commercial and national prosperity, and our scientific and scholarly pursuits.

"It is not strange, then, that the free air he breathes in our midst should raise his mind above the tradition of his history, and lead him in an inquiring and truth-loving spirit to ask what are the relations he sustains to our Christian thought and civilization. It has been, I judge, in this spirit that a learned and distinguished Jewish rabbi of our city has recently delivered a series of discourses to his own congregation upon the 'Relation of Modern Judaism to Unitarianism.' These remarkable and scholarly lectures have found their way to the public press, and so have become our inheritance. No one who is acquainted with their author will doubt his ability to discuss his theme, or his candor, charity and earnest desire to attain the truth. *In no spirit of controversy*, but from the desire to aid my people to understand the religious bearings and significance of a subject which is, more or less, agitating public thought, I purpose, in the light of these recently published lectures, to consider the question, 'Will the reformed Jews and the Unitarians unite?'"

I would not have taken up so much of your valuable space but for the fact that Dr. Sonneschein is my personal friend, and both himself and congregation are held in the highest esteem by me.

Sincerely yours,

W. W. BOYD.

A Tribute to the New Mayor.

ST. LOUIS, April 13, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I notice in your issue of this date that you suggest somebody ought to prepare a message for the new Mayor Ewing, and also, that he (Ewing) lost an opportunity yesterday to outline the policy of his administration and startle the community with grand and lofty ideas, and then you ask can it be possible Mr. Filley has a sore thumb? From this short editorial in regard to our worthy young Mayor I incline to the opinion that you think others will influence his actions as Mayor of the city of St. Louis. A word with you, Mr. POST-DISPATCH.

It has been my pleasure to know Mr. Ewing intimately, man and boy, for twenty years, and if you or any of your friends think for one moment that the condition of Mr. Filley's thumb will have any effect upon the policy of William L. Ewing, I wish to dissuade you from any such hallucination and to inform you that you are mistaken in the man.

Mr. Ewing is Mayor of St. Louis, and Mayor he will be *alone*.

STRAIGHT REPUBLICAN.

An Awful Funny Paragraph.

From the Humorous St. Louis Republican.

And now comes the Sedalia Democrat and questions the influence of the little P.-D. We warn the Democrat not to come poaching on our preserves. We tell it, moreover, that the P.-D. wields an awful power, and is not afraid of anything from a snow-flea to a catamount. Let the Sedalia Democrat stand from under.

Easily Understood.

From the New York Sun.

It used to be a subject of wonder for many people how ancient cities could be utterly buried under twenty or thirty or fifty feet of dirt. But it is easy now to understand that a very few years of negligence would be required to bury New York.

Hayes' Manifest Destiny.

From the Chicago Times.

Ex President Hayes is a true Ohio man. He is described as going "about with a gripsack in his hand and riding in omnibusses, same as other people." His destiny is manifest. He will bring up at the White House, some day, looking for an office.

The Partners.

From the Philadelphia Times.

William Mahone has appointed a brother-in-law of George C. Gorham to a committee clerkship. Mahone and Gorham seems to be running this Government on shares.

Tired of Them.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

If the President and Secretary of State should visit Old Point Comfort the influence would be salutary. They could communicate with the Senate by well-regulated telephone.

Conger in Penumbra.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The silence in which Conger has enveloped himself seems to fit him like a corn-plaster.

Court Crumbs.

In the United States Circuit Court to-day judgments were rendered on bonds and coupons in suits of Elisha Foote against Pike county for $18,024 and $7,270.

Robt. L. Lindsay, a leading figure in the Government charges of land frauds, was released from jail this morning upon giving bond in the sum of $5,000, with his father and Mr. and Mrs. Peck, of Ironton, as sureties.

The trial of a damage suit, John and James McNamara by their next friend, M. Taaffe, against Daniel Shine, is to-day before Judge Thayer and a jury in Circuit Court No. 5. The father of these lads lost his life by falling from a scaffold at the new Custom House last July.

Col. Slayback presented to-day to Judge Thayer a petition for incorporation of the Merchants' Exchange Mutual Benefit Society under revised articles conformably to the provisions of the Mott Bill which passed the Legislature at the recent session. The Court took the papers under advisement to give some attention to a perusal of the new bill.

Sessinghaus—Frost.

This is the last day for taking testimony in behalf of the contestee, Mr. Frost, in the Third District Congressional contest. Col. A. W. Slayback and Capt. T. L. O'Sullivan testified concerning the political reputation of Wm. E. Hardwig, a canvasser employed by Sessinghaus. Col. Slayback considered from his own knowledge of Hardwig that it was anything but good. When witness was running for Congress in the Second District against Wells, Hardwig came to him with all sorts of promises of support emanating from the district, and all kinds of statements prejudicial to the prospects of Wells in that district. The witness placed confidence in Hardwig only to find it abused at the eleventh hour, when he flopped over and directed his influence against Slayback and in favor of Wells. Capt. O'Sullivan believed that Hardwig's political record was unfavorable. The evidence in rebuttal of the testimony for the contestee will be commenced to-morow at the office of counsel for Sessinghaus.

New Buildings.

Mr. Joseph Soler is to expend $600 in making improvements on his dwelling, corner Eighth and Lynch streets.

Mr. Nollman is to have a two-story, nine-room dwelling, to cost $3,500, on the southwest corner of Lynch and Sterling streets,

Mrs. M. Moder is to have a two story six room, to cost $1,000, on Penrose avenue, between Twelfth and Thirteenth streets.

H. Bruns to-day contracted for the erection of a two story twelve room building, to cost $3,000, on Clay avenue between Cass and Vinyard aveunes.

Mr. S. N. Holliday will have a two-story twelve-room stone-front dwelling, to cost $4,000, on Summit avenue, between Clark and Leveret avenues.

Mr. G. B. Cowper has contracted for the erection of a three-story nine-room dwelling, to cost $5,000, on the northeast corner of Pine street and Beaumont avenue.

A Widow's Wail.

The damage suit of Mary Cavanaugh against the Harrison Wire Company is set for trial to-day in Judge Horner's Court. The husband of the plaintiff lost his life in the Wire Company's employ on the 6th of February, 1880. He was employed as a laborer, and was working in the neighborhood of the revolving iron roller when the belt connecting with the blast engine broke and portions of the belt struck him, one piece of shattered machinery dealing the death blow. The damages, $5,000, are asked on the ground of negligence of the superintendent and engineer of the works.

Death of "Billy" Bronson.

William H. Bronson, better known as "Billy," died this morning at St. Mary's Infirmary of consumption. He was thirty-eight of age. He has been a resident of St. Louis close on to fifteen years, having been engaged as bartender. He was well known here and in New Orleans. Bronson was always reputed an athlete. He was seized with the dread complaint only seven weeks ago, and his decline was rapid. Mr. Bernard McSorley, his last employer, has the funeral arrangements in charge.

NORTH ST. LOUIS LOCALS.

A large force of men began work to-day cleaning the upper end of Broadway; however, not before it was needed.

Last night the officers and members of Court Excelsior No. 3, Independent Foresters, presented their treasurer, Kit Branch, with an elegant and costly regalia.

This morning Officer Gus. Krueger found a man in the lumber district, near the foot of Harrison street. The man gave his name as John Candon, and was under the influence of liquor, and his face was cut and bruised badly from having fallen down among the lumber.

The water is still advancing and no work can be done on the lumber landings, and the city scavenger dump at the foot of Harrison street cannot be reached. During the night the water broke through the Destrehan street dam and flooded the south side of the Eau Claire Lumber Co.'s yards, but all of their lumber is still safe. The flooded district now extends from Harrison street to Mallinckrodt and from Kennett street to the levee, the water being three and four feet deep in many places.

THE ROSY CROSS.

Some Further Details of the Mysterious May Festival.

The Order of the Rosicrucians, perhaps the most secret and mysterious that ever existed in St. Louis, is pressing forward to its May festival with a vigor and enterprise which shows that the ancient brotherhood certainly has drunk deep of the elixir of life, and that in spite of the venerable years which have passed over it that it is as young and as full of life as it was in the ages long gone by. The society is purely a philanthropic one. It has fixed its headquarters in St. Louis because this is the coming great metropolis of the New World, and every capital must have its Council of the followers of the Rosy Cross. The lodge was only established since the new year, but so many proselytes have been made that the coming May festival, on the 5th of next month, will show its numbers and its character. The idea of the Grand Patriarch is to call the citizens of this blessed municipality together and give them to drink, of the elixir of life that all may be young again together. The order possesses, too, the secret of the Philosopher's Stone, and at the festival all of the guests of the order will be made happy with a shower of golden remembrances from the mysterious Prophet and Patriarch of the order. The order is composed, it is whispered, of the very worthiest of the town, and there is already an effort to discover whence the mysterious invitations will be issued. The bids to the festival will be very occult, very hard to get and very much desired, and if the committee are at all suspected their lives will be a burden to them for the next month.

HEALTH is better than wealth. Try C. Conrad & Co.'s Budeweiser at Nos. 411 and 413 North Sixth street.

A NOTABLE NOTE SUIT.

Bartholow, Lewis & Company in Court to Recover on a Draft.

Judge Adams and a jury in Circuit Court No. 1 to-day are wrestling with a complicated note suit—Banking house of Bartholow, Lewis & Company vs. St. Joseph Lead Company. The banking house sues for recovery of $5,000 upon a bill of exchange drawn upon H. N. Camp, Treasurer of the St. Joseph Lead Company in New York, and executed by that company to L. P. Harvey & Co., of St. Louis. It was made payable ninety days after date at the Mechanics' National Bank in New York, but at maturity it was protested. The defense set up by the St. Joseph Lead Company is to the effect that the document sued on was a promissory note and not a draft, and that it was received by the banking house from L. P. Harvey to pay off an individual indebtedness of his to the bank and that he indorsed it with the firm name of L. P. Harvey & Co., without the consent of his partner, Kerens. The St. Joseph Lead Company denies any indebtedness to the banking house, and repudiates the transaction of indorsement on the part of Harvey which led to the note coming into the bank's possession. It claimed that Mr. Kerens was entitled to the draft. The banking house is represented by McComas & McKeighan; the St. Joseph Lead Co. by Pattison & Crane, and Mr. Kerens by Chandler & Lee.

Special Notice.

The Gorham Manufacturing Co.'s solid silverware, which is the *finest* in quality, most *exquisite* in design and the most *elegantly* finished of all SOLID SILVERWARES made in the world is on exhibition at Mermod, Jaccard & Co.'s, corner of Fourth and Locust streets. Anyone contemplating the purchase of an article of Silverware for Family Use or for a BRIDAL PRESENT should certainly examine these superb goods, particularly as the prices asked (all marked in plain figures) are even lower than those of inferior makes and qualities.

MERMOD, JACCARD & CO.,
Fourth and Locust streets.

Wedding and *Visiting Cards*, the latest and most correct forms, at very *reasonable prices*.

ABOUT TOWN.

JOHN SLEVIN and his deputy marshals vacate office on next Saturday.

BILL and Tom Fitzmorris, Barney Kinney and Edward McMahon were arrested on warrants charging them with petit larceny.

MR. H. I. D'ARCY will lecture to-night before the Germania Club at Eighth and Gratiot streets. His subject will be "Language."

FLORENCE SMITH was given 24 hours to leave town to-day by Judge Jecko before whom he was arraigned for parading in female attire.

COMPANY K, of the St. Louis National Guards, will give a complimentary dress drill and hop to-night at Armory Hall. Gentlemen of the military are expected to attend in uniform. There will be a competitive "best man" drill during the evening.

THE Citizens Street Railway, (Franklin avenue) have purchased thirteen new cars of New York make which are superior in their equipment and ornamentation to any ever seen in this city. Four of the cars have arrived, and all will be in service by the 1st of May.

JOE JOHNSON, a rouster, was strutting up and down the levee this morning wearing a fine brown overcoat which didn't fit his other surroundings. The "ben," which was undoubtedly "nipped" somewhere is, on exhibition at the Chestnut Street station and the darkey is in the cooler.

THE second grand annual of the Whittaker Employes Social Club takes place at St. Patrick's Hall on Wednesday evening, April 27, the proceeds to be given to the Irish National Land League. Several Land League branches have consented to attend. Last year this club gave a ball at St. Patrick's Hall for the poor of Ireland.

A SEVENTH STREET second-hand dealer has on exhibition a framed copy of the Missouri Emancipation Act. It is a model of legislative brevity, the whole text being: "Be it ordained by the people of Missouri, in convention assembled, that henceforth in this State there shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude except in case of crime, whereof the person confined shall have been duly convicted, and all persons held to labor or service as slaves are hereby declared free." Then follow the signatures of the members of the Constitutional Convention, the first name being Arnold Krekel and the last Chauncey I. Filley.

Porcelain Flowers.

We invite attention to a fresh invoice of those beautiful French Porcelain Flowers, our third importation. Ladies who were disappointed before now have an additional variety from which to select a *beautiful ornament* at a trifling cost.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Henry L. Whitman returned from Seneca Falls, N. Y., yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dickison Brugman leave to-night for Little Rock, Ark., where they will permanently locate.

Dr. M. Yarnall will leave this city in a few days for an extended European tour, sailing from New York on the 16th.

It is rumored that Mr. Jack Baker, the adipose conductor of the Iron Mountain Road, who is now indulging in a vacation of a few weeks, has gone to Mississippi and will return a Benedict the latter part of the week.

C. CONRAD & CO.'s Moss Rose Bourbon and Governor's Choice Rye, the finest straight whiskies, always on hand at Nos. 411 and 413 North Sixth street.

FELL IN.

The Walls of Two Warehouses on the Levee Tumble Down.

The POST-DISPATCH has of late chronicled the falling of several walls in the city, but the most serious occurrence of the kind is yet untold, and took place yesterday morning and last night.

At 8 o'clock yesterday morning, without any warning, the first floor of the wall connecting Nos. 202 and 204 South Levee, sank into the cellar. No. 202 was occupied by John Crangle, the flour dealer. He had considerable flour stored in the first and second stories, or the Levee and Commercial alley stories, and this was of course precipitated into the cellar. No. 204 was occupied by the United States Government as a warehouse and was well stored with miscellaneous confiscated goods. It is in charge of Gen. Beckwith. Some time during last night nearly all of the remainder of the dividing wall fell, so that now there is a vast hole between the buildings reaching from cellar to roof. About fifteen feet of the flooring of each building was carried down by the wall. At the time of the first fall there were several men engaged in moving flour on the levee floor, and one of them August Hulsketter, the porter of John Crangle, was buried beneath the timbers. He was dug out in a very short time, and was found to be almost uninjured, which was somewhat miraculous. Mr. Crangle had between one hundred and one hundred and fifty barrels of flour, which fell with the wall, and the Government had probably a still greater loss. General Beckwith was seen by the reporter, but he was too full of military consequence to tell anything or even allow the newsman to view the ruins from his side. Both buildings were owned by Mr. L. Levering, of the St. Louis Bagging Company, and of course they were insured against an accident of this kind. They are substantial-looking five-story buildings and the wall that fell was eighteen inches in thickness.

Storage of Valuables.

Plate and valuables will be taken for storage in Fire Proof Vaults, and insured at a moderate cost by E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO. Fifth and Olive Streets.

City Hall Notes.

The Mayor's imperturbable manner and natural good nature enable him to stand the strain without any symptoms of weariness.

The new Mayor "received" all day long yesterday, contenting himself without any dinner. To-day there is no let up to the steady stream of visitors.

R. B. Howard, of Orange county, Texas, writes to Mayor Ewing making inquiries for Lindwell Evans, supposed to be in St. Louis, with whom he has important business.

Frank Keenan was brought to the Dispensary this morning in an unconscious condition. He had been knocked down by unknown assailants on Seventh, near Morgan street.

Mayor Ewing received a letter this morning from a lunatic calling himself Gen. McElroy. He has a claim of several million dollars against the city for preserving the peace during the late election.

GENTS, you can find the nobbiest styles of footgear ever brought to this city at Carter & Parrish's Shoe Parlor, No. 207 North Fifth street.

Charged With Embezzling.

Mr. Lloyd A. Haynes was committed to jail to-day on a warrant charging him with embezzling $881 62 from Stotesbury, McMahon & Co. on January 20. Mr. Haynes was visited in jail to-day, but refused to make any statement whatever concerning the matter. "Honestly," said he, "I am as much in the dark about the matter as you are." Mr. Haynes was brought to the city by a private detective last night, who arrested him in Baltimore. The warrant on which he was committed to jail was sworn out April 4. The prosecuting witnesses are J. H. Stotesbury, Smith Chandler, S. A. Bemis and E. M. Kirtland.

A. MCELRATH'S stock of Gents' Scarf Pins exceeds in quantity and novelty of style any ever shown in St. Louis.

Court of Criminal Correction.

Jacob Mokker was sent to jail for one month by Judge Cady to-day on a charge of petit larceny. Thomas O'Brien was discharged. Edward Kelly was held in the sum of $800 to answer a charge of assault to kill. William Manning was fined $3 for trespassing. The other cases were continued.

CITY REGISTER NICHOLAS BERG took charge of his office to-day. For the present he retains the deputies, Woods and Haggerty. The Court House branch of the office will probably be consolidated with the main office at the City Hall.

A RAID was made on the banana peddlers for not "moving on" this afternoon. Several of them were locked up at the Chestnut Street Station.

THE Criminal Court to-day is employed selecting a jury to try James Gordon for the killing of Raymond Troxler. Mr. J. J. McBride is defending.

LADIES, call and see the imported hand-made French walking boot, all the rage this Spring, sold for $6 by Carter & Parrish, No. 207 North Fifth street.

JOHN MCDERMOT was fined $250 in the First District Police Court, this morning, for destroying a poll-book on election day

LADIES, just think of it! You can buy a kid buttoned boot, French kid button fly, and silk worked button-holes, in all widths and sizes for $2 50, at Carter & Parrish's Shoe Parlor, No. 207 North Fifth street.

Local Weather Report.

SIGNAL OFFICE, ST. LOUIS, MO., April 14.

Time.	Ther.	Wind. Direction.	Weather.
6:07 a. m.	32	W	Fair.
7:00 a. m.	34	S	Clear.
10:07 a. m.	42	S	Fair.
2:00 p. m.	51	S	Fair.

Minimum temperature, 32 deg.
River 27 feet 5 inches.
Rise 0 feet 5 inches.

H. J. WEBER,
Sergeant Signal Service U. S. Army.

River Telegrams.

LOUISVILLE, KY., April 14.—River rising, 16 feet 6 inches in canal; 13 feet 6 inches in chute on falls; clear and pleasant. Virgie Lee, Cincinnati, for Memphis; Coal City, from New Orleans; and Andy Fulton, to Hawesville.

WHEELING, W. VA., April 14.—River 23 feet 2 inches and rising. Departed: Dacotah St. Louis, 1 a. m., Hudson, Cincinnati, 5 a. m. Buckeye State, Pittsburg 11 a. m. Cloudy and cool.

EVANSVILLE, April 14.—Arrived: J. D. Parker 2; Wyoming, 3 a. m. Departed: J. D. Parker, Cincinnati, 3 a. m. Wyoming, St. Louis, 6 a. m. Rising; 32 feet 2 inches. South wind; clear.

MEMPHIS, TENN, April 14.—Arrived: John B. Maude, St. Louis. Clear; cool. Future City completed; her repairs last night and was tested. She departed for Friars' Point for her tow of barges.

PITTSBURG, April 14.—River 18 feet 5 inches and rising. Weather clear and cool. Scotia arrived at 11 p. m. and departs at 4 p. m.

Work of One Pen.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Kimball, the Georgia millionaire, formerly a Maine man and brother of Charles P. Kimball, is very fond of a certain gold pen. When asked why he did not get a new one, he said: "I have used that pen constantly ever since 1856. In that time it has signed bonds or drawn checks or notes aggregating over $50,000,000 in value. It has drawn papers by which railroads were built, factories established, hotels put up, and employment given to thousands of men. As battered up as it is, its work has just fairly begun. I suppose in has more to do with building up Atlanta that any other pen, and yet it is mighty certain to do more for Atlanta than it has ever done yet."

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,
Dealers in
U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.
Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Robert E. M. Bain, Foreign Exchange, 206 Chestnut street, reports: April 14.—Prime bankers' sterling, 4 81@4 83 per cent; commercial, 60-days sterling, 4 78¾@4 79¼ per cent; do demand sterling, 4 81½@4 82 per cent; do 60-days francs, 5 30⅝@5 30; do demand, do, 5 28⅛@5 27½ do 60-days reichs marks, 93⅛@¾; do demand do 94; do 60-days guilders and florins, 39⅛@¾. Market dull and steady.

Corrected daily by Wm. C. Little & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 213 North Third street, city.

U. S. BONDS.

	When due	Interest payable	Bid.	Ask
6's of 1881	1881	Jan. & July	102¼	102⅞
New 5's	1881	M. A. N. & F.	102	112⅜
4½ per cent bds.	1891	J. S. D. & M.	112½	.....
4 per cent bonds.	1907	J. A. J. & O.	113⅝	114

ST. LOUIS AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 6's, gold	1893-'94	Various	112	114
City 6's, gold	1898	May & Nov.	114	116
City 5's, c'y	1886-'87	Various.	107	106
City water 6's	1887	June & Dec.25	108	110
City water 6's	1890	June & Dec.25	110	112
City water 6's	1892	Apr. & Oct.	112	114
City 5's, gold	1900	Jan. & July	107	107¾
County 6's, gold.	1895-'96	Jan. & July	113	115
County Park	1905	Jan. & July	116	120
County 7's c'y	1885	Jan. & July	109	111

*Interest to seller.

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. & Aug.	107½	108½
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. & July	115⅛	116⅛
N. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. & July	123¾	125
K. P. 1st m 6s	1895	Feb. & Aug.	113	.....
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June & Dec.	113	.....
K. P. D. Ex. 7s	1899	May & Nov.	109	111
K. P. Consols	1919	May & Nov.	107	108
St L. & I. M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. & Aug.	117	117½

STATE BONDS.

Mo. 6's	1882	Jan. & July	102	104
Mo. 6's	1886-'87	Jan. & July	108	110
Mo. 6's	1888-'89	Jan. & July	110	112
Mo. 6's	1894	Jan. & July	114	.....
Mo. 5-20s of 1875 and '76	1895-'96	Jan. & July	102	104
Mo. 5-20s of 1877	1897	Jan. & July	103	105

LAND WARRANTS.

	Buying.	Selling.
Land warrants, 160 acres	$184	.....
Land warrants, 120 acres	135	.....
Land warrants, 80 acres	91	.....
Land warrants, 40 acres	44	.....

Clearings to-day .... $ 2,581,478
Balances to-day 467,825

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, April 14—Money 5@6; prime mercantile 5@6. Bar silver 112⅝. Exchange steady; 81 long, 83 sight. Governments steady for 5s at 4½, and ⅛ higher for 6s and 4s. States dull. Railroads fairly active, and in the main firm. Since 11 o'clock stock speculation has been weak and prices declined ⅛ to 3⅜, latter on Metropolitan Elevated, Manhattan Elevated falling off 2⅝. Other changes slight. '81 coupon, 103; 5s, 102½; 4½s, 112⅜; 4s, 113⅞; Pacific 6s '95, 130 bid.

Rock Island	134	A. & T.H.	48¼
Panama	†247½	prfd	125
Fort Wayne	132	W., St. L. & Pacific	46¼
Pittsburg	132	prfd	88⅞
Illinois Central	135⅞	Hannibal & St. Joseph	57
C. B. & Q.	162½	prfd	100¼
prfd	....	Iron Mountain	64⅞
Chicago & Alton	134	St. L. & San Fran	44
Chi'go & A pfd	145	prefd	64
N. Y. Central	143½	first prefd	95
Harlem	*160	C., St. L. & N. O.	75¾
Lake Shore	126¾	Kansas & Texas	45¾
Canada Southern	77	Union Pacific	117⅞
Michigan Central	108⅛	prefd	....
Erie	46⅛	Central Pacific	85⅛
prfd	88½	Texas Pacific	55⅞
Northwestern	122	Northern Pacific	43⅝
prefd	135¼	prefd	73
St. Paul	111⅞	Louisville & Nash	92
prfd	121¾	Nashville & Chat	78
St. Paul & Minnesota	....	L. & N. A.	74
St. Paul & Sioux City	....	Houston & Texas	68¼
St. P. & S. C. prfd	....	Denver & R. Grande	105⅞
Del. & Lack	118⅝	St. Paul & Omaha	40⅞
Morris & Essex	122	prefd	95¼
Del. & Hudson	110⅛	Boston Air Line, pfd	....
N. J. Central	100⅛	Oregon Navigation	....
Reading	62¼	Montauk Coal	....
Ohio	43⅝	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	43⅛
prefd	104	American Union	78
Chesapeake & Ohio	24⅝	Memphis & C	42
first prfd	42	Western Union	116
second prefd	29⅛	A. & P. Telegraph	46
Mobile & Ohio	26⅞	Pacific Mail	52⅛
Cleve'd & Col	87⅞	Adams	130½
C., C. & I. C.	23¼	Fargo	119
Ohio Central	29⅞	American	78¼
Erie & Western	50	United States	60¼
Peoria, D. & E	37	anton	....
Ont. & Western	35⅛	oston Water Power	....
Ind., B. & W	98⅞	Boston Land	....
Marietta & Cin	....	Canton	....
first prfd	17	Consol, Coal	....
second prefd	9⅛	Quicksilver	17
B., C. R. & N	70	prefd	65½
		Central Arizona	....

*Bid.
†Offered.

COMMERCE.

Receipts and Shipments of Wheat and Corn at Leading Points.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Receipts. Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Shipments. Corn.
St. Louis	36,726	99,870	29,973	10,983
Chicago	120,533	62,310	41,720	146,327
Milwaukee	13,600	1,800	40,820	......
Baltimore	......	......	......	......
Toledo	19,000	34,000	56,000	20,000
New York	149,000	63,000	221,537	67,740

Chicago inspections: 51 cars wheat, 90 cars corn, 69 cars oats, 3 cars rye, 19 cars barley.

Withdrawals of Grain at St. Louis.

FROM THE ELEVATORS FOR THE 24 HOURS ENDING AT 7 A. M. TO-DAY.

	City	R. R.	River.	Total.
Wheat	3,400	3,338	27,375	34,128
Corn	15,778	4,092	4,979	24,849
Oats	3,471	......	5,273	8,744
Rye	......	......	......	......
Barley	1,020	......	......	1,020

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators at the Opening of Business To-Day.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley
Total	396,242	1,256,250	31,745	1,619	1,458
Total yesterday	409,508	1,225,641	32,372	1,619	2,478

Comparative Closing Prices at 1 p. m. To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.
Wheat, No. 2 red	108¾	108¾
Wheat, April	108⅛	108⅜ bid
Wheat, May	108⅜	108⅜@½
Wheat, June	107⅞	107⅞ asked
Wheat, July	104	103¾
Wheat, August	102	102⅛
Wheat, Year	100⅞	100⅞
Wheat, No. 3 red	104¾	103¾@104
Wheat, No. 4	97@⅝ bid	97@⅝ bid
Wheat, No. 2 Med	108	107⅛
Corn, No. 2 mixed	41⅞	41⅞@42
Corn, April	41⅞@42	41⅞ bid
Corn, May	41⅞@42	42
Corn, June	41⅞@42	42
Corn, July	42⅝	42½
Corn, August	43	43⅛
Corn, September	43⅝@¾	43⅜
Corn, No. 2 wh. mixed	45@44⅞	45@44⅞
Corn, Rejected	40½@39½	40@39½
Oats, No. 2	35⅛@⅜	35⅛@⅜
Oats, April	35⅛	35⅜ asked
Oats, May	35⅛	35⅛
Oats, June	35½	35⅛
Oats, July	33⅛	34
Oats, Rejected	35⅛	35⅞ asked
Rye, No. 2	125	135
Rye, Rejected	116	110
Pork, Standard	17 50	17 15
Pork, April	17 25	17 20
Pork, May	17 40	17 25
Pork, June	17 40	17 30
Lard, Prime Steam	11	10⅞
D. S. Shoulders	5.20@30	5.10@20
Clear Ribs	8.40	8.20@¼
Short Clear	8.65	8.45@½
Bacon Shoulders	6	5⅞
Clear Ribs	9.30	9
Short Clear	9⅝	9¼

Grain Inspections.

Wheat—6 cars No. 2 Mediterranean, 2 cars No. 3 Mediterranean, 38 cars No. 2 red winter, 3 cars No. 3 red winter, 2 cars rejected winter, Total, 51 cars.

Corn—6 cars rejected high-mixed, 4 cars No. 2 yellow, 18 cars No. 2 white mixed, 8 cars rejected white-mixed, 53 cars No. 2 mixed, 30 cars rejected, and 1 barge, 7 cars no-grade. Total—126 cars and 1 barge.

Oats—17 cars No. 2, and 2 barges, 1 car rejected. Total—18 cars and 2 barges.
Barley—None.
Rye—None.
Total—155 cars and 3 barges.

The Markets.

MORNING BOARD.

Flour—Steady and quiet. We quote: Fancy $5 40@5 75; choice $5 20@5 35; family $4 90@5 10; xxx $4 55@4 75; xx $3 90@4 05; x $3 55@3 75; superfine $3 20@3 35; fine $2 75@2 95; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Grades again bettered in price, an active and urgent demand in excess of the offerings causing the advance. No. 1 red sold for milling at $1 09@1 09¼, and No. 3 red at $1 04¾ No. 3 Mediterranean at $1 03, No. 2 do at $1 08 and old No. 3 red at $1 05, were taken for that purpose; Exporters were eager buyers of No. 2 red for which they paid $1 08⅝@1 08⅞; No. 4 was salable at 97c this and 97⅝ East side; rejected at 97; old No. 2 red at $1 08⅛. Futures opened lowed and then advanced, closing generally above yesterday's close. April sold at $1 08½; May at $1 08⅛@1 08⅝, closing at $1 08⅜; June at $1 07½@1 07⅞, closing at $1 07¾; July at $1 03⅞@1 04; August $1 01½@1 02; year at $1 00⅞.

Corn—Weaker. Grade No. 2 mixed was pretty well sustained by an active shipping and speculative demand, which paid 41⅞ cents for regular, 42 for East and for regular early; order dealers and speculators worked sharply for No. 2 white mixed, which sold at 44½@44¾ regular, 45 in A. and E.; rejected do brought 43⅛ this side; rejected was in order demand, but showed more weakness than anything else, selling at 40¼ in E., 40¼@½ in A., 39½ in C., 39½@¼ in St. L. Futures dull and weaker early, but gained strength later on and closed firm. April sold at 41⅞ to 42, closing at 41⅞@42; May at 42 to 41⅞, closing at 41⅞@42 bid; June at 41¾@41⅞ to 41⅞, closing at 41⅞@42; July at 42⅝; August at 42⅞@43 to 43; September at 43½; late 43⅝@43¾ bid.

Oats—Grades again declined, large receipts causing sellers to stand off for lower prices, which buyers were compelled to come down to. No. 2 moved slowly into order and local buyers at 35½c in C., 35¾c in St. L., with 35½c asked regular; rejected in St. L. brought 35¼; for No. 2 white 35½ was bid. Futures dull and lower, June selling at 35¼, July at 33½@33¾, August at 30, year at 28⅞@28⅞; bids of 35½ April, 35⅛ May.

Rye—Stiff and scarce. Rejected sold at $1 15@$1 16, while $1 25 was bid for No. 2; sacked lots good to prime sold at $1 30 to $1 40.

Barley—Dull and unchanged. Season over. We quote: Rejected 55@65; No. 2 2 85@90; choice 95@$1; fancy $1 05@$1 10; Canada $1 15@$1 30.

Millfeed—Bran in demand on East side at 55 in bulk, and 65 sacked.

Hay—scarce and firm, with ready sale to local feeders. We quote: Prairie $11@15; mixed $17@18; prime timothy $19@20; choice $21@22; fancy $23@24.

Provisions—Strong and higher. Cash pork sold at $17 50; bids of $17 25 for April, $17 40 May and June. Lard brought 10.70 loose and 11 packed; loose dry salt shoulders were worth 5.20@30, clear ribs 8.40 and short clear 8.65, white mixed clear ribs sold at 8¼ and short clear 8⅝@⅞. Packed bacon shoulders sold at 5, clear ribs at 9.20 and short clear at 9⅞; loose clear ribs at 9. Hams 9¾@10½ plain s. c.; 10@12 for canvased do; higher rates for small size fancy specially ordered. Tallow 5¾@6⅛, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 10½@11¼c. Grease, 4@4⅛ for brown, 5⅛@⅞c for yellow, 6⅛c for white, 3@8½ for grease lard. Beef—Extra mess $12 per brl.; prime mess $9 50 per brl.; family $7 per half-brl.; dried 12@13½c per lb. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt $1 30@1 35 per brl. for lake, and $1 20 for Ohio River; $1 25 per sack for G. A.

Highwines—Slow. Sales, 90 brls at $1 06. Cincinnati firm at $1 06; Chicago, $1 08; Peoria firm at $1 06.

Lead—Soft Missouri firm at $4 50.

Afternoon Call.

Wheat weaker; cash $1 08½ bid; April $1 08⅛ bid; May $1 08⅜; June $1 07¾ to $1 07⅝@¾; July $1 03⅞; August $1 01½ bid; year $1 00⅞ bid.

Corn—Steady. Cash 41⅞c bid; April 41⅞c; May 41⅞@42c; June 41⅞@42c bid; July 42⅝ bid; August 43⅛; September 43⅝@43⅞ bid; No. 2 white mixed 44⅛ bid cash; April 44⅛ bid; May 44⅝ bid; June 44⅛ bid; July 44⅛@⅝ bid.

Oats—better. Cash bid —; April — bid; May 35⅛c bid; June 35⅛c bid; July 34@34⅛c; year 28⅞c bid.

The Cotton Market.

Spots quiet and unchanged at 10⅝c for middling. Sales 1,294 bales, of which were made late yesterday. New York quiet and steady. Free sellers in Liverpool and a moderate demand.

STOCKS IN ST. LOUIS WAREHOUSES.

	Bales.
Stocks to-day	54,110
Same day last year	65,079

ST. LOUIS GROSS RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Date.	Receipts, bales.	Shipments, bales.
To-day	648	1,305
Same day last year	11	592
Total for season to date	349,453	309,416
Same time last year	457,762	399,945

NEW YORK.

Middling 10⅞. Futures barely steady; April, 10.68@10.69; May, 10.70@10.71; June, 10.78@10.79; July 10.87@10.88; August, 10.92@10.93; September, 10.62@10.63; October, 10.23@10.24; November, 10.12@10.13; December, 10.12@10.13.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands, 6d. Orleans, 6 1-16d, Futures steady. April and May, 5 31-32d; May and June, 6 1-32d; June and July, 6 3-32d; July and August 6 5-32d; August and September ——; September and October ——; October and November ——, November and December 5 15-16d.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—We quote: Creamery—Fancy, 33@34c; choice 30@32c; seconds 27@28. Dairy Fancy 27 and occasionally 28; choice 25@26; medium to prime 18@22c; low grade 12@13c; and near by make 12@18c, fresh ladle packed 20@22c. Roll—13@18 for near by; 20@22c for Northern.

CHEESE—We quote: Fancy full cream 14@14½; Western part skim 7@10½; hard 3@4.

EGGS—Firm at 13½ in cases; bxs and brls ½c less; goose eggs 35c and firm.

POULTRY—Live chickens $2 75 for cocks, $3 00@3 25 for mixed, $3 40 for hens, ducks $3 50, geese $2 50@4 00; turkeys $11@16 ♥ doz.

GAME—Sales: Ducks dressed and feathered—teal and blue wing $1 50; mixed at 75c@1 00; mallard $2@2 25; canvass back, $3; snipe $1 00; wild pigeon 75c; sand pipers 30c; plover 50c.

BEESWAX—Prime 21; dark 20.

ROOTS—We quote: Ginseng $1 55@1 60, top rate for choice; Seneca 35@40; blue flag 4½; blood roots 3@4; golden seal 5@6½; snake 9@10; black 4½; May apple 2½.

BROOMCORN—Crooked 2@2½; fair straight 3½@4; prime to choice green 4½@5½.

HORSERADISH—Sells on orders at $4 50@5 ♥ brl.

RUTABAGAS—On orders, $1 50 ♥ brl.

RAGS—We quote: Country mixed $1 60@1 75.

DEERSKINS—We quote: No. 1, 41@43; damp, meaty, etc., 29@31.

FLAXSEED—Nominal at $1 10@1 12½ (latter east side) for crushing; $1 15 for sowing—all on basis of pure.

APPLES—We quote: Sound—Choice to fancy job at $2 25@2 50; Western and off stock $1 00@1 50.

CABBAGE—Quote Mobile choice $4@4 75; New Orleans at $3 00@3 50.

EMPTY BARRELS—Linseed 90; coal oil $1 20.

CASTOR BEANS—Nominal at $1 25 for choice; $1 22½@1 23 for prime.

GREEN DRIED PEAS—Inferior $1 50@1 60@1 80@1 90 ♥ bu for choice.

STRAWBERRIES—Small sales choice to fancy $10@12 ♥ 6-gal case.

WOOL—We quote: Tubwashed—Choice 38@40; medium 36@37c; dingy and low 33@35c; unwashed medium combing 26@26½c; medium 25@26c; rough and low do 20@22; Kansas 16@18c; burry, black and cotted $3@10 per cent off.

COOPERSTUFF—Shaved hoops, country flour brl, $6 00@6 50; choice cooper shaved $7@7 50 pork brl $11@12; lard tierce do $12@14; casks $20@25; half cask $13@15. Staves (car lots E. side), machine flour brl, oak $8; elm $7 25. Heading (car lots East side), soft wood 5½@5¾; hard do 6@6½. Whisky brl (with heading) green $15; dry half $22; casks $10 50@12; and $24@28; dry half hhds $15@18; green tierce $14; dry $16; dry beer keg $24@28; green $18@20.

FURS—We quote: Raccoon—No. 1, 55@60c; No. 2, 40@45; No. 3, 20@25; No. 4, 10. Mink—No. 1, 45@50; No. 2, 30@35 No. 3, 20; No. 4, 10; Skunk—Black, 70@80; short stripe 45@55; narrow 25@35; white stripe 10@15. Cat—wild, 20@25; house, 10; kitten, 5c. Fox—Gray, 60@65; red, 75@85. Otter, 50c to $6; Beaver 75 to $3 50 ♥ lb. Bear, $2 to $7; badger, 20@50. 'Possum, 8@10. Muskrat 5@10. Wolf, timber $2, prairie 75c.

ONION SETS—On orders: White bottoms at $8 50; red do $7 50; tops $8 50.

CELERY—New Orleans 40@50c; roots 40c per doz

MAPLE SUGAR—Choice bright 10@11; dark, 7@8c.

TOMATOES—Sell at $1 25 per peck crate.

CUCUMBERS—Sell at $2 per doz.

NEW GREEN PEAS—Mobile, $3@3 25 per bu box.

FEATHERS—Prime live geese 52@53, outside for small sks; No. 2 do 45@48; mixed 30@40; old 5@15. Tare 3 per cent, on large, 10 on small sks.

SWEET POTATOES—On orders: Red nansemond and do Bermuda $2 25; yellow nansemon $2 50@2 75.

HOPS—We quote New York, first quality, at 24@25. Seconds, do 19@20.

HIDES—Quote: No. 1 green salted 8½; damaged do 6½; uncured 6½@7; damaged 5@½; bulls and stags—green salted 5½; green 4½@½; green salted calf 11@11½; damaged do 8@½; No. 1 dry salted 12; damaged do 10; No. 1 dry flint 16; No. 2 do 13. Branded 10 ♥ cent off.

SAUR KRAUT—City in brls $12, in half-brls $6 50; country $10 in brls; halfs $5 50.

HEMP SEED—Quotable at $1 10 for prime.

DRIED FRUIT—Apples—Dark 3, fair 3½@¾; choice 3¾@⅞, fancy 4. Peaches—mixed @5¼, small halves 5½@5¾, choice halves 5⅞, fancy do 6.

SHEEP PELTS—We quote: Green salted pelts and lamb skins 50@$1 25; dry 30@70 according to the amount of wool on them: Green salted shearlings 25@30; Dry flint do 10@30; bug eaten unsalable.

GRASS SEED—We quote clover $4 75@4 80; timothy at $2 30@2 35, German millet $1 40@1 50; common do 85@90; red top 40@50; Hungarian 80@85; trashy do 65@70. [All sales sks extra unless otherwise stated. Orders 5@10 ♥ cent higher.]

PECANS—Western 4½@5c; Texas 6½@7½.

WALNUTS—Dull at 15 ♥ bu for choice.

CHESTNUTS—2c per lb.

PEANUTS—Quote: red 3½@4; white 4½@5½.

HAZELNUTS—2@2½ ♥ lb.

COOPERAGE—Flour brls, city elm, 35@38; country 29@31; city oak 38; country do 33. Pork brls 80@85 del; lard tierces $1 05@1 10 del, lard kegs 35@45; bacon casks $1 70@1 75; half-casks 85@95; ham tierces, small, 60; large 70. Whisky brls, iron bound, 6 hoop, $1 40@1 60; 8 hoop $1 65@1 80; half brls $1 25.

HONEY—Dark comb 16; fancy bright 18c; strained and extracted 11½.

SCRAP IRON, ETC.—We quote ♥ 100 lbs: Wrought $1 25, heavy cast 90c; stove 70; plows 75; burnt 30. Brass—Heavy $14; light $8. Copper—Light $12@13; heavy $15. Bones—$15@16; dry buffalo $19.

TROPICAL FRUIT—Oranges—Messina $4 25@4 50; Palermo $3 50@4 ♥ bx; Imperial $4 50@5; Lemons $3 50@3 75 for Messina, $3 25@3 50 for Palermo; cocoanuts $22@25 ♥ 1,000; Bananas on orders $2 50@3 50 ♥ bunch.

TURNIPS—$1 40@1 50 ♥ brl on orders.

POTATOES—Quote Westernsound stock ♥ bu 80c@$1 00; Eastern Burbanks $1 05@1 10; Peach blow $1 00@1 05; Rose 95c@$1 00; Peerless 95@97½; inferior and damaged much lower.

ONIONS—$4@4 05 ♥ brl, for choice bulk and sacks, sprouted.

CRANBERRIES—$6@ ♥ brl, $2@ ♥ box for choice.

VEALS—Live at 6½@7 ♥ lb; for choice small fat heretics 5.

LAMBS—Sell at 8½@9c ♥ lb.

WHITE BEANS—Quotable at $1 60@1 70 for medium Western, $1 90@2 00 for do navy. top rate for hand-picked; stained and dirty much lower; hand picked Eastern medium $2 20; screened do $2 15; hand picked navy, $2 25@2 20—all from store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RYE FLOUR—$5 50@6 00 del; in small lots on orders 25@30c higher.

CORNMEAL—City on orders at $2 45 del.

TOBACCO—We quote: Old style—common dark factory lugs $3 20@3 40; fair to good, do $3 75@4; common to fair smoking lugs $4@5 00; inferior nondescript dark leaf $3 50@4; common dark leaf $4 25@4 75; medium do do $6@7; medium to good dark red leaf $6 50@7 50; good do $8@10. Burley—Common to fair lugs at $4@4 50; good do $5 50@6 50; common leaf, $7@8; medium do $9@11; good to fine do $12@16. Wrap ping leaf—common half bright $10@12; medium do $15@18; medium bright $20@25; good bright $30@40; fine bright (nominally) $50@60. Inferior, unsound and light weight hhds, sell at about 25@50c ♥ 100 lbs less.

HEMP—We quote common to prime undressed hemp, $80@100; dressed hemp, $145@155; shorts $115@125: hackled tow, $50@55 per ton.

BALINGSTUFF—We quote in job and order lots; Jutes bagging at 10@10½, according to weight, flax and mixed flax do 9½@10. Hemp twine 14½@15. Iron cotton ties at $1 50@1 75 ♥ bundle.

Confirmation Suits
A Tremendous Asortment at
MABLEY'S
Confirmation Suits
In Worsteds and Plain Cloths at
MABLEY'S
Confirmation Suits
An Enormous Line This Week at
MABLEY'S
Confirmation Suits
All Qualities at Our Usual
LOW FIGURES
MABLEY,
The Clothier,
N. W. Cor. Fifth and Pine.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 24 hours, ending at 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts. 1881.	Receipts. 1880.	Shipments 1881.	Shipments 1880.
Cattle	1,814	1,697	1,255	2,363
Hogs	5,537	19,066	2,894	6,450
Sheep	3,349	1,181	750	1,070

CATTLE—The cattle market was active this morning and the moderate supply was worked off early at very strong prices and in many cases advanced. The attendance of the different classes of buyers was fair and they all exhibited a good deal of urgency to operate. Total offerings comparatively light, some seventy car loads, which consisted mainly of common to fair native steers. There was no prime or choice steers offered and were wanted, Eastern shippers and exporters were the leading operators, they paying from $4 75@$4 25 for steers of 1,050 to 1,300 lbs, Stock cattle—None offered, and the same can be said of feeding steers; butchers' stuff in limited supply and very strong; milch cows with calves, scarce; ruling quotations firm.

RULING QUOTATIONS

Exporters	$5 60@6 15
Heaving shipping steers	5 00@5 50
Light shipping steers	4 50@4 90
Medium to choice butcher steers	3 90@4 75
Good to prime native feeding steers, av. 1,000 to 1,100 lbs	4 50@5 00
Fair native stock steers, av. 800 to 950	3 50@4 00
Good to prime native cows and heifers	3 25@4 25
Common to native cows	2 50@3 00
Fair to good corn-fed Texan steers	3 75@4 25
Fair to good Colorado steers	4 00@5 35
Milch cows with calves	4 00@4 20

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
34	native steers	1,271	$5 25
35	native steers	1,239	5 25
20	native steers	1,226	5 25
18	native steers	1,244	5 25
19	native steers	1,122	5 20
17	native steers	1,166	5 25
19	native steers	1,123	5 20
18	native steers	1,126	5 20
32	Southwest steers	1,054	4 75
17	native steers	1,195	5 11¼
17	native steers	1,187	5 12½
10	native cows and heifers	1,058	4 62½
15	native butcher	809	4 62½
25	native butcher	861	4 62½
19	native steers	1,092	4 90
19	native butcher	732	4 30
18	native butcher	861	4 12½

HOGS—The market opened active and the fair supply sold fast, so by the hour of noon the pens were about cleared. shippers and local packers made liberal purchases they paying from $5,65@5 90 for Yorkers and Baltimore, and $5 50@5 90 for mixed packing. There were no choice or fancy hogs offered and these were wanted at prices ranging from $5 90@6 25. Pigs in steady demand at $5 10@5 40, mixed packing steady at $5@5 35.

SHEEP—Fair to good muttons in moderate supply, and the ten car loads of good merinos found prompt disposal at strong prices to shippers. Lambs in demand. Values firm.

We quote choice to extra $5 50@6 00; fair to good $4 75@5 40; medium to fair $3 75@4 50; common to inferior at $3 00@3 65.

REPRESENTATIVE SALES.

No.	Description		Av.	Pr'ce
80	190	$5 70	38	179 $5 70
18	186	5 70	42	211 5 90
78	180	5 75	36	220 5 90
39	198	5 80	17	225 5 90
41	260	5 95		

Horses and Mules.

Common horses and small and old mules dull and not wanted. Good workers and fat mules of 15 hands high and upwards scarce.

HORSES.

Plugs	$ 20@ 30
Southern horses	50@ 65
Southern horses, good	75@ 85
Southern horses, extra	100@125
Saddlers	75@ 90
Saddlers, good	100@120
Saddlers, extra	130@160
Streeters	90@100
Streeters, good	110@120
Streeters, extra	120@130
Drivers	90@100
Drivers, good	95@110
Drivers, extra	130@160
Heavy draft	120@130
Heavy draft, good	125@150
Heavy draft, extra	200@225
English coach horses	140@165
English coach horses, extra	200@225

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years old	$ 70@ 80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years old	100@110
15 hands, 4 to 7 years old	110@120
15½ hands, extra	120@140
16 pluggy	110@115
16 extra	150@175

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Hogs, receipts 13,000; good demand; light 5c higher; $5 80@6 10; mixed packing $5 70@6 10; heavy packing slow $6 10@6 50. Cattle, receipts 6,400; active and firm; common to fair shipping $4 60@5 20; good to choice $5 35@5 70; exports $5 80@6 20; butchers, $2 60@4½; stockers $2 90@4 40.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Flour—Without important change. Receipts, 14,000; sales 14,000. Wheat a shade lower; very moderate business sales; sales 24,000 bus; No. 2 red April $1 21½@1 22¼; 9,800; No. 2 red May $1 20¼@¾, 84,000, June $1 19⅝@⅛. Corn a shade stronger and quiet; mixed Western spot 54@58½c; future 54⅝@57½c; sales 80,000. Oats scarcely so firm; Western 44@48; sales 45,000 bushels, including No. 2 May 43½c. Beef unchanged. Pork quiet and firm; new mess $17 25@17 37½; old mess $16@16 50; sales 250 new do July 18. Lard higher and firm; steam rendered 11.42½. Butter in buyers' favor; dull; Ohio 10@26c. Cheese steady. Sugar steady. Molasses in fair demand and firm. Petroleum quiet and firm. Rice quiet and steady. Coffee quiet and firm. Freights steady. Spirits turpentine dull and weak; 39c. Rosin steady. Tallow firm at 6⅝@¾c. Western eggs steady at 18½c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 14, 11:20 a. m.—Flour easy; xxx $4 75@5 25; family $5 25@5 40. Grain—Cornmeal easy at $2 70@2 75. Corn—Supply good and in fair demand; mixed 61c; yellow 62c; white 63c. Oats, supply fair and in fair demand at 49, bid 51c. Bran easy; supply small at 87½. Hay scarce and higher; choice $29; prime $28. Pork firm and held at $18. D. S. shoulders firm; loose 5⅝, packed 5⅞. Bacon firm; shoulders 6⅝c; clear rib 9½@9⅝c; clear 9⅝@9⅞; hams, s. s. c. dull and easy at 10@11c. Lard steady; refined tcs 11⅝; packers' tcs, none here. Whisky firm; choice $1 09@1 12.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—Flour firm and unchanged. Wheat—Western firmer, closing easier and quiet; No. 2 winter red spot and April $1 19⅝@$1 19⅞; May $1 19⅛@¾; June $1 19⅛@$1 19⅞; July $1 16 asked; August $1 13⅞ bid. Corn—Western excited and higher for spot; Western mixed spot 65@70c: April 55⅛@56c; May 45⅝@⅞c; June 44@45c; July 45c; steamer 45c. Oats dull; Western white 46@47c. Rye quiet. Hay unchanged. Provisions unsettled; without quotable change. Butter unchanged, Eggs higher at 17c.

CHICAGO, April 14.—Wheat unsettled and easy; $1 03⅞ cash; May $1 04⅞; June $1 06⅞ bid. Corn firmer at 42½ cash; 43c asked for May and June. Oats firmer; 31⅞c bid cash; 35⅛c May, and June. Rye excited and higher and $1 16⅞ bid. Barley firmer. Whisky $1 08. Pork strong and higher at $17 77½ cash; $15 00 May and $15 60 bid for June. Lard strong and higher; 11⅛c@15 cash May; 25c June.

MILWAUKEE, April 14.—Wheat declined ⅛@¼c. Noon board strong; hard nominal; No. 1 nominal at $1 09⅛; No. 2 hard $1 02½; No. 2 fresh 99½c; April $1 04¼; May $1 05⅞; June $1 06⅛; July 94; Nos. 3 and 4 and rejected nominal. Receipts, 14,000; shipments 41,000. Coarse grains strong. Corn at 43 for No. 2. Oats at 34 for No. 2. Rye at $1 20 for No. 1, Barley at 89 bid for No. 2.

TOLEDO, O., April 14.—Wheat a shade firmer for amber Michigan; No. 2 red Wabash cash $1 10; May $1 10½; June $1 10⅞; No. 3 red Wabash $1 09. Corn firmer; high mixed 47⅛c; No. 2, seller May, 46c. Oats, nothing doing.

BUFFALO, April 14.—Wheat—Spring neglected; winter quiet; 2 cars No. 1 white Michigan $1 12 on track. Corn—Active and steady; 30 cars No. 2 mixed Western at 51⅛@⅞c; 40 cars to arrive at 51⅛c. Other grain neglected.

DETROIT, April 14.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and steady; No. 1 white $1 01; April do; May and June $1 07⅛; No. 2 white $1 05⅛; No. 2 red nominal. Receipts, wheat, 27,000; shipments, 21,000.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, April 14.—Bacon, c. c. steady 41s 6d. S. R. steady 42s 6d. L. C. dull 43s. S. C. firmer 44s 6d. Lard, prime western firmer 56s 3d. Turpentine spts. London dull 33s.

Refrigerators



CENTENNIAL,
"THE BEST
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Ice Cream Freezers
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Send for Price List.
Packed and Shipped Free of Charge.

MILLER & STEPHENSON
Importers and Retail Dealers in
China, Glass, Cutlery and Plated-Ware,
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GENT'S SHOES.
Chas. I. Aber,
709 NORTH FOURTH ST,
We are in receipt of our New Spring Stock of High and Low Shoes, comprising
BURT'S,
BOYDEN'S,
TURNER'S, ETC.
Satisfaction Given or Money Refunded.
Goods Marked in Plain Figures. One Price Only.
Guarantee Lowest Prices in the City

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
The Last New York Success.
Wednesday and Saturday Matinees, Commencing Sunday, April 10, 1881.
MY GERALDINE,
By the Greatest American Dramatist,
BARTLEY CAMPBELL,
Which will be produced with the original New York Cast and Scenery.
Monday—MAY DIXON.

POPE'S MAZEPPA.
Every Evening, and Saturday Matinees.
Matinee prices, 25, 50 and 75c.
Special Matinee Easter Sunday, April 17.
FANNIE LOUISE BUCKINGHAM and her iron-gray charger, Jas. Melville, in Lord Byron's Drama,
Mazeppa, or the Wild Horse of Tartary.
Finest stage production ever given in St. Louis.
Monday, April 18—Easter Week—Jay Rial's Uncle Tom's Cabin, at popular prices, 25, 35 and 50c. Box Sheet now open.

DIED.

GREENLEAF—At Jacksonville, Ill., April 13, at 11 p. m., E. L. GREENLEAF, of Kansas City, Mo.
Due notice of funeral will be given.

NEWKIRK—On Wednesday, April 13, at 6:45 p. m., of paralysis, THOS. A. NEWKIRK, in the 64th year of his age.
Due notice of the funeral will be given.
New Orleans, La., and New Albany, Ind., papers please copy.

TEMPEL—At Fenton, Mo., on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, HENRY TEMPEL, Jr., aged 8 years and 2 months, beloved son of Henry and Catherine Temple.
Funeral will take place from the residence on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

LEGAL.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
April Term, 1881.
Wednesday, April 13, 1881.
Sarah J. Johnson,
vs.
James W. Johnson.

It appearing to the Court from the petition and affidavit this day filed herein that the said defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant, on the grounds that defendant has been guilty of adultery and has offered plaintiff such indignities as to render her condition intolerable, and has neglected to provide for the support of his family and to give plaintiff custody of child.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, within and for the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 14th day of April, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL. Clerk.
88P

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of **Edwin H. Farnsworth**, deceased, that I, the undersigned, executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of June, 1881, next.
MARCUS A. WOLFF,
Executor of Edwin H. Farnsworth, deceased.
St. Louis, April 13, 1881. 80P

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of **William P. Loler**, deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday in June next.
JOHN LOLER.
Executor of the estate of William P. Loler, deceased.
St. Louis, April 6, 1881. 80

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

A WIDOW lady will give a nice room to a gentleman for a loan of $50 for 4 months and best security. Address Widow, this office. 14

CONFIDENTIAL board for a healthy male infant. Address Xenophon, this office.

PERSONAL—A young couple without children would like to adopt a baby; boy or girl. Write to Boucis, this office.

ROOM-MATE wanted to share a pleasant 2d story front room on Eleventh street; $1.75 per week. References exchanged. Address J. W. W., this office. 14

CHICAGO and K. C. tickets wanted. Garvey's Ticket Office, 407 Chestnut.

WANTED—Partner. Only $150 required. A man with experience in the real estate business and well acquainted in the city preferred. Address W. W. J., this office.

SITUATION WATED BY A GARDENER—English, single, aged 37; thoroughly practical in all branches; no cows or carriage driving. Address B. SMITH, 2708 S. Jefferson av. 14

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, the Greenleaf Mining Company, by its deed of trust, dated June 24, 1875, and recorded in the office of the County Clerk and Recorder of Summit county, in the State of Colorado, in book No. 10 of deeds, page 337, did convey to Daniel G. Taylor and the undersigned, as trustees, and to the survivor of them, (the said Taylor and the undersigned) the following described real and personal property, rights and interests, all situate and being in the State of Colorado, viz.: The mining property, situate, lying and being in Spaulding Mining District, in said county of Summit, commencing at a stake located at the head of the pit and at the upper line of claim No. three on Klack Gulch, and running up said gulch the distance of 1,400 feet and in width 100 feet on each side from the center of said gulch.

Also the property commencing at a stake about 100 feet below the cabin formerly occupied by Thomas Klack, and running up a sag where said Klack formerly worked the distance of 500 feet and in width 100 feet on each side of said sag from the center thereof.

Also the property commencing at a point opposite the center of the bridge, crossing at Blue River, at Breckenridge, and running up said river 1,000 feet to a stake near the fall of the dam on said river at Breckenridge, and in width from hill to hill on each side of said Blue River.

Also the property following, being a ditch and the right of water thereto, known as Klack's ditch, and conveying water from Blue River to said Klack's Gulch. Also the property commencing at the upper line of Thomas Klack's pre-emption claim, situate and lying in Klack Gulch aforesaid, running up said gulch a distance of 1,600 feet and in width 100 feet on each side of said gulch from the center thereof; all the foregoing being in said mining district and Summit county. Also the following property in said Summit county, commencing at the upper line of pre-emption claim made by A. M. Greenleaf and others, dated July 25, 1870, and recorded in book L, page 207 records of said Summit county and on Klack's Gulch, in said county, and running up said gulch a distance of 3,000 feet at a width of 200 feet on each side of said gulch from the center thereof. Also the following described property, situate, lying and being in Union Patch, in Spaulding Mining District and said Summit county, being claims Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the first tier south of Discovery tier; also claims Nos. 2, 3, 4 and 5 on the second tier south of Discovery tier, also claims No. 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 on the second tier north of Discovery tier, also the undivided one-half of claims Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 on the fourth tier south of Discovery tier, also an undivided four-fifth interest of in and to the Cork-screw flume and ditch which carrries water from Stillson's Patch to Union Patch aforesaid. Also the whole of claim No. 6 on the fifth tier south of Discovery tier on the aforesaid Union Patch, the last described property being the same deeded by Mower and Hanks to A. M. Greenleaf by warranty deed filed for record October 1st, 1870, and recorded in book 8, page 344 of the records of said Summit county. Also all the right, title and interest of the said Greenleaf Mining Company in and to a certain lease, and the right thereunder made by one S. J. Mower and Melchior Hanks to A. M. Greenleaf, which said lease bears date the 1st day of October, 1870, and filed for record in the Recorder's office of said Summit county, in book 8, page 346 of the said record of deeds, which said lease is for the term of 99 years from the 1st day of October, A. D., 1870, and being the right to the use of the water from Blue River Gold Run and Union Trench of ditches after the water has been used as mentioned in said lease. Also the following described property situated on Union Patch aforesaid, to wit: Claims Nos. 3, 4 and 5 east on tier 3 west from Discovery tier, also a ditch and the right of water thereto, conveying water from little lake on Illinois Gulch to Cork-screw Gulch, this being the same property deeded to A. M. Greenleaf by deed and recorded in book 8, page 543, Summit County Records of Deeds. Also the following described property situate, lying and being in Spaulding District aforesaid, to-wit: Three side claims on the Blue River adjoining the northeast claims purchased by A. M. Greenleaf of Thomas Klack. Also claims numbered from 1 to 9 both inclusive, last on first tier north of Discovery tier; also claims 1, 2 and 3 last on second tier north of Discovery tier on Union Patch aforesaid. And also a ditch commencing at a point about one-fourth of a mile above the building formerly occupied by Whitman and Shollcross, and running down to the Klack claims aforesaid. Above property was deeded by M. and A. Silverthorn to A. M. Greenleaf et al. and recorded in book 8, page 152, of records of deeds of Summit county aforesaid. Also the following described property, to-wit: All the right, title and interest in and to a certain water right and the ground therefor, and to convey said water from Blue River to Klack Gulch aforesaid, and which right was first located and pre-empted by A. M. Greenleaf, and the record thereof is recorded in book "L" page 206, of the records of Summit county aforesaid. Also the following described property to-wit: All the ditch and water rights pre-empted by A. M. Greenleaf, July 14, 1871, and recorded in book "L" page 294, in Summit county records. Also all the water in Sawmill Gulch, and the streams running through Jones and Barnett's pasture, which said waters were pre-empted by A. M. Greenleaf as follows, to-wit: Those of Sawmill Gulch September 15, A. D. 1870, and recorded in book "L" page 228, of records of Summit county aforesaid; those of Jones' and Barnett's pasture September 7, A. D. 1870, and recorded in book "L" page 222, of Summit county records aforesaid; all the foregoing property mentioned in this conveyance being situate in the County of Summit and State of Colorado. Also all the right, title and interest which the party of the first part has or may acquire by virtue of a deed bearing date the 15th day of January, A. D. 1873, between A. M. Greenleaf, of the city of Chicago, County of Cook and State of Illinois, of the first part, and Daniel Dillon, as trustee of the Greenleaf Mining Co. of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and by said Greenleaf property signed and acknowledged of, in and to the following described property situate, lying and being in Lomax Gulch, in Spaulding Mining District, County of Summit and State of Colorado, to-wit: Commencing at a large pine tree upon which is inscribed "Pre-emption by Greenleaf and Jones, June 6, A. D. 1872," located at the mouth of said Lomax Gulch; thence running up said gulch a distance of 5,000 feet and in width 100 feet on each side of the center of said gulch. Also the following side claims on said gulch to-wit: Commencing at the lower line of the above described pre-emption, and thence running up on each side and parallel with the gulch claims the distance of 5,000 feet and in width 100 feet on each side, said Greenleaf's interest being the undivided half of the above described mining lands, being the same property deeded to Greenleaf and Jones, the 8th day of June, A. D. 1872, and recorded in book L, page 362, Summit County Records. Also, the undivided half interest in the following described property situate in the county and State aforesaid, to-wit: situate, lying and being on Saw-mill, Cucumber, Haywood and Greenleaf patches in Spaulding and Quartz Mining Districts, to-wit: On Saw-mill Patch, commencing at the southeast corner of the pre-emption by Greenleaf and Jones, on Lomax Gulch, and recorded in book L, page 362; thence running southwardly 1,000 feet; thence westwardly 5,000 feet, thence northwardly 1,000 feet, thence eastwardly 5,000 feet to the place of beginning. On Cucumber Patch, commencing at the northeast corner of the pre-emption by Greenleaf and Jones, on Lomax Gulch, as recorded in book L, page 362, thence running northwardly 1,000 feet, thence westwardly 5,000 feet, thence southwardly 1,000 feet, thence eastwardly 5,000 feet to the place of beginning. On Haywood Patch, commencing at the northeast corner of side claims as pre-empted on Iowa Gulch by William Parduteau et al., recorded in book L, page 372, thence running northwardly 1,000 feet, thence westwardly 5,000 feet, thence southwardly 1,000 feet, thence eastwardly 5,000 feet to the place of beginning. On Greenleaf Patch, commencing at the northeast corner of Haywood Patch as pre-empted and recorded in book L, page 380, thence running northwardly 1,000 feet, thence westwardly 5,000 feet, thence southwardly 1,000 feet, thence eastwardly 5,000 feet to the place of beginning, being the same property deeded to Greenleaf and Jones, first day of August, 1872, and duly recorded in book L, pages 377, 378, 379, 380, 381 and 382 Summit county records. Also, the undivided half of the following described mining property, situate, lying and being on Sonard Gulch, in Miners Mining District, county of Summit, and State of Colorado, to-wit: commencing at a stake located 400 feet rom its mouth upon which is inscribed "Greenleaf and Jones, August 2nd, 1872;" thence running up said gulch a distance of 6,000 feet and in width 200 feet on each side of the center of said gulch. Also, a tier of side claims on each side of said gulch, commencing at the lower line of the above described pre-emption, and thence running up parallel and adjoining the gulch claims the distance of 6,000 feet and in width 200 feet on each side, being the same property as deeded to Greenleaf and Jones the 5th day of August, 1872, and recorded in book L, page 385 Summit county records. Also, all the interest of the said Greenleaf Mining Company, in the following described property situate, lying and being in the county of Summit, State of Colorado, to-wit: The ditch and water rights as pre-empted by the said A. M. Greenleaf, July 14, 1871, and duly recorded in book L, page 294, Summit county records, said pre-emption was made for the purpose of conveying the water of Cooley and other gulches crossed or to be crossed by said ditch right to Saw Mill Gulch; also, on Gold Hill in Gold Hill Mining District the following mining property, to-wit: Commencing at the head of South Gulch, thence running down said gulch eight hundred (800) feet in width, 250 feet on each side of the center of said gulch; also on Reservoir Gulch commencing at the mouth of said gulch and running up the same 1,000 feet and in width 400 feet on each side of the centre of said gulch; also the following, commencing at a blazed pine tree marked "D. M. Morrow et al., September 5, 1871," thence running south 1,800 feet to a stake, thence west 800 feet to a stake, thence north 1,800 feet to a stake, thence east 800 feet to the place of beginning; also on Morrow Patch, commencing at a blazed pine tree marked, "Pre-emption of D. M. Morrow, September 5, 1871," thence running north 2,400 feet, thence west 1,200 feet, thence south 2,400 feet, thence east 1,200 feet to the place of beginning; also on Blue River in Gold Hill District and adjoining the above, to-wit: Commencing at a stake marked P and Z 6,000 feet, August 25, 1873, located on the west bank of Blue River and running down said river 6,000 feet and in width from hill to hill on each side of the center of said river; also the Gold Hill Consolidated Ditch; also 1,000 inches of water taken from the Blue River at the head of Gold Ditch; also all water the natural channels of which are crossed by said ditch, being the same as pre-empted by H. H. Lilinthal et al. in the spring of 1874; also in Gold Hill Mining District on Cooley's Patch and crossed by the Gold Hill ditch, to-wit: commencing at a stake at the northeast corner of of said patch marked "Pre-emption of Thomas D. Baker et al., June 10, 1874," thence running southerly 4,000 feet to a stake thence westerly 600 feet to a stake, thence northerly 4,000 feet to a stake, thence easterly 600 feet to the place of beginning, being the same property as conveyed to the Greenleaf Mining Company by deeds bearing date June 12 and 15, 1874 and recorded in book 10, pages 62, 65 and 66. Also Thompson's Patch, in Miners' Mining District, to-wit: commencing at a stake at the southeast corner of McHugh's Patch and marked "Pre-emption of George B. Thompson et al., July 1, 1874," thence running southerly 3,000 feet to a stake, thence westerly 1,000 feet to a stake, thence northerly three thousand feet to a stake, thence easterly one thousand feet to the place of beginning, being the same property deed to the Greenleaf Mining Company by George B. Thompson September 30, 1874, and recorded in book 10, page 143. Also on Detroit or Illinois Gulch, to-wit: commencing 700 feet below the upper line of pre-emption of John McDonald et al., as recorded in book L, page 289, thence running down said gulch 3,300 feet, and in width 150 feet on each side of the centre of said gulch; also side claims on said gulch as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the upper line of said McDonald et al.'s claims, thence running down parallel and adjoining the gulch claims on each side the distance of 4,000 feet and in width 150 feet on each side; also, on Blue River, to-wit: Commencing at the centre of the bridge in the town of Breckenridge, thence running down said river 4,700 feet, and in width from hill to hill on each side of the centre of said river (subject, however, to a claim of 300 feet in the bed or channel of said river, claimed and held for dumping purposes by the Gen. Grant Mining Co., commencing at the mouth of French Gulch and running down 300 feet below on Blue River); also an undivided one-half interest in Rohly Patch, consisting of two tracts of mining ground of the following dimensions, to-wit: One tract of 1,500 feet in width by 2,000 feet in length, and the other tract 3,000 feet in length by 400 feet in width, being the same property as deeded by Dennis T. Rohly to Wm. P. Pollock and A. M. Greenleaf, July 7th, 1871, and recorded in book 8, page 570, and deeded May 29th, 1874, by A. M. Greenleaf to the Greenleaf Mining Co., and recorded in book 10, page 48 of Summit county records. And also all the ditches, flumes, pits, mines, milling and water privileges, tools and implements, rights and privileges that the said Greenleaf Mining Company now owns or may at any time hereafter become the owner of. Which conveyance was executed to secure the payment of certain bonds and coupons therein described. And whereas, default has been made in the payment of bonds Nos. 90, 91, 92, 93, and 94, each for $1,000, and in the payment of the coupons thereof, for more than sixty days after they became due and after demand made, and they and the said five bonds to which they belong have become past due. And whereas, the said Daniel G. Taylor is dead, and demand has been made on me as surviving trustee by the holder of said bonds, etc., to execute said trust. Now, therefore, I, as surviving trustee, will sell said property to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house on Fourth street in the City of St. Louis, on

THURSDAY, THE 31ST DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1881,

for cash, to satisfy said debts and for the purposes of said trust.

D. H. NAYLOR, Surviving Trustee.

M. KINEALY, Att'y. 1Z

The sale of the property above advertised is hereby postponed to Saturday, the 30th day of April, 1881, then to take place at the same place between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

D. H. NAYLOR, Trustee.

THE five bonds referred to in the above advertisement will be redeemed within the sixty days—leaving parties interested to adjust their matters between themselves. GREENLEAF MINING CO., WILLIAM DOWNING, President.

WHEREAS, Paul Buol and Magdalena Buol, his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the fifth day of October, eighteen hundred and seventy-five, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county (now city) in book 553, page 40, did convey to the undersigned trustee the real estate in said deed of trust and hereinafter described, in trust for the purpose of securing the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note, now, therefore, the undersigned trustee will, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, on

SATURDAY, THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the real estate in said deed of trust described as follows, to wit:

The following described real estate situate, lying and being in the county of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots numbered (5) five and (8) eight of a subdivision of lot number (77) seventy-seven of the "Mackenzie Tract," a subdivision of the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, a plat of which is recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for St. Louis County (now city), containing (9 27-100 acres) nine and twenty-seven hundredths acres, as represented on said plat, it being the same property acquired by Paul Buol of the city of St. Louis, by deed dated the 15th day of October, 1870, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis county, (now city), in book 442, page 62, for the purposes of said trust.

LOUIS HOLY, Trustee.

4N

WHEREAS, John O'Fallon by his deed dated on the fourth of February, 1870, recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of Jefferson county, Missouri, in book 3 of deed of trust, page 142, and following, conveyed to Isaac J. Pollard and Robert Aull, of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, (among other property, certain real estate situate in the county of Jefferson, State of Missouri, to-wit: The west half of the northeast quarter of section 24, township 42, range 5 east; also the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 24, township 42, range 5 east; also the fractional section 26, township 42, range 5 east; which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed fully described; and whereas part of said notes remain unpaid; and whereas said Isaac J. Pollard and Robert Aull have both departed this life, and the undersigned, Gustav E. Meissner of Jefferson county, Missouri, was, on the 23d day of March, 1881, appointed by the Circuit Court of Jefferson county, Missouri, as trustee to execute said trust in place of said deceased trustees: Now therefore in pursuance of the terms of said deed and at the request of the holder of said notes, the undersigned will proceed to sell the real estate above described, on

FRIDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, to be paid to the undersigned as soon as the bid is accepted.

GUSTAV E. MEISSNER, Trustee.

15O

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, made on the 28th day of February, 1881, and during the February Term of said court, in the case of Sophia A. Tatum et al vs. Samuel N. Holliday, adm'r., of the estate of John S. McCune et al., the undersigned, special commissioner, will on

MONDAY, THE 25TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and six o'clock in the afternoon of that day, sell the following described real estate, on the southeast corner of Jefferson and Clark avenues, in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

A certain piece or parcel of land in city block 1716, bounded north by Clark avenue, east by an alley, south by an alley and west by Jefferson avenue, having a front of 479 feet 10 inches on Jefferson avenue and 418 feet on Clark avenue, containing five acres.

The sale will be made on the premises, and will begin at 10 o'clock precisely. The property has been subdivided into lots; streets and alleys have been dedicated; the Board of Public Improvements has approved the subdivision; it is known and designated as "Tatum subdivision of city block No. 1716;" and a plat has been filed in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis. Plats may be obtained at the office of P. S. Lanham, 515 Pine street. There are 52 lots, and every lot will be sold. The sale is absolute—NOT SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL OF THE COURT; the property is sold free from the taxes of 1881. The Commissioner will pay them. The old house will be sold with lot No. 4. Terms of sale: One-third cash, balance in one and two years, with 6 per cent interest, secured on the property. Purchasers can pay all cash if they prefer.

SAMUEL N. HOLLIDAY, Special Commissioner.

20N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, the Masonic Hall Association, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri, by its certain deed, dated June 1, 1869, and recorded in book 386, page 194, of the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned, Calvin F. Burnes, and to James H. Britton and Daniel G. Taylor, the following real estate lying and being situate in the late County, now City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit.:

Beginning at the southeast corner of St. Louis city block number one hundred and eighty-four (184) in said City of St. Louis, running thence westwardly with the north line of Market street one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to a point, thence northwardly and parallel with (7th, Seventh street one hundred and nine feet to an alley, thence eastwardly with the south line of said alley one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to the west line of (7th) Seventh street, thence southwardly with the west line of (7th) Seventh street one hundred and nine feet to the point of beginning, bounded north by an alley, east by (7th) Seventh street, south by Market street and west by ground now or formerly of James H. Lucas; which said conveyance to the undersigned and to Daniel G. Taylor and James H. Britton was made in trust to secure the payment of certain bonds, with interest coupons attached, in said deed of trust described; and whereas the interest coupons attached to said bonds, which matured and became payable on the first day of December, 1880, remain unpaid after due presentment and demand; and, whereas, the said Daniel G. Taylor is dead, and the said James H. Britton is absent from the State of Missouri. Now, therefore, at the request, in writing, of certain of the legal holders of said bonds, and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, and by virtue of the authority in me vested by said deed of trust, the undersigned will, on the

TWENTY-EIGHTH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell the above described property, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of paying and satisfying said bonds, interest coupons and the expenses of executing this trust.

CALVIN F. BURNES, Trustee.

HIRAM J. GROVER, Attorney. 96N

WHEREAS, Henry E. Clark and Josephine L. Clark, his wife, by their deed of trust dated the 21st day of May, 1879, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in and for the county of Dunklin, Mo., in book one, at pages 439 and following, did grant, bargain and sell and convey and confirm unto the undersigned the following described land, lying, being and situate in said county and State, and more particularly known by the United States survey as section twenty-four (24), in township seventeen north, range seven (7) east of the 5th P. M., containing, according to said survey, six hundred and forty acres and the northwest quarter of section thirty-four (34), township seventeen (17) north, range seven (7) east of 5th P. M., containing one hundred and sixty acres, making in all eight hundred acres, to have and to hold in trust, however, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain promissory notes therein mentioned, now past due and unpaid. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that pursuant to the power conferred on me by said deed, I will proceed to sell said property at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for cash, on

SATURDAY, THE 23D DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

J. W. SUTHERLAND, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., March 31, 1881 7N

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed dated April 20, 1870, and recorded in book 396, page 493, in the Recorder's office of the then county (now city) of St. Louis, State of Missouri, Clayton S. Fisher and Mary F. Fisher, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lot No. 9 of a subdivision called Hartwood, containing 2 74-100 acres, with the buildings and improvements and the furniture contained in the residence on said lot, in trust to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described.

And, whereas, all of said notes are now due and unpaid, now, therefore, in pursuance of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

MONDAY, THE 2D DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m., at the Court-house door in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the said property for the purposes of said trust.

THOMAS C. WALSH, Trustee.

St. Louis, March 26, 1881. 75L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by deed dated the 8th day of August, 1871, Abraham McPike conveyed to the undersigned, said deed being recorded in the Recorder's office of the county (now city) of St. Louis, in book 431, page 365, as trustee the following described land in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lots number six (6) and seven (7) in block number thirty-eight (38) of Farrar's addition to the city of St. Louis, said lots containing a front of fifty-two feet and six inches (52 ft. 6 in.) on the north side of Farrar street by a depth of one hundred and seventy feet six inches (170 ft. 6 in.) to a twenty foot alley, said lots commencing one hundred and fifty-five feet (155) from the southwest corner of block number thirty-eight (38), and running east along said Farrar street fifty-two feet and six inches; to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described, and the principal note thereof is overdue and unpaid; now at the request of the holder thereof, I, said trustee, will proceed to sell said property by public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house in said City of St. Louis, between the hours of ten o'clock a. m. and four o'clock p. m., on

TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

ANDREW W. MEAD, Trustee.

8N

DEFAULT having been made in payment of some of the notes secured by deed of trust of Gustave Obst and Emilia Obst, his wife, dated the 12th day of December, A. D. 1877, and of record in book 4, page 63, of the records of the county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in pursuance of the power thereby vested in me, and at the request of the legal holder of said notes, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m., of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, sell to the highest bidder, for cash, the following described real estate situated in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: Being lots numbered sixteen, seventeen and eighteen, of Michael Hammel's subdivision of block number four of Payne's subdivision of block number one hundred and thirty, of the Commons of Carondelet, south of the River des Peres. A plat of said M. Hammel's subdivision will be found on file in the Recorder's office for the City of St. Louis (formerly county), Mo., to which said plat reference is made for a more complete description of the lots above described, and being the same lots which said Gustave Obst and wife acquired of M. Hammel and wife by deed dated the 17th day of October, 1876.

FREDERICK HILL, Trustee.

April 13, 1881. 61P

WHEREAS, August Miller, by his deed of trust dated May 28, 1877, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of city of St. Louis in book 572, page 367, conveyed to Robert Baker a tract of land situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, described as follows, viz: Lot numbered thirteen (13) in John Baker's subdivision of block fifty-one (51) of Peter Lindell's second addition to the city of St. Louis, as shown by plat on file and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis, said lot having a front of fifty (50) feet on the south line of Lindell boulevard, by a depth southwardly of two hundred (200) feet to a twenty foot alley, the east line of said lot being distant from the west line of Taylor six hundred feet; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed of trust described, said notes having been given for part of purchase price of said land. And whereas, it is provided in said deed of trust that in case of the absence, death, refusal to act or disability in anywise of said Robert Baker (party of the second part in said deed of trust), when a sale should be directed by the holder of said notes in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, then the (then) acting Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, should at request of the legal holder of said notes, sell said property in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust; and, whereas, said Robert Baker is absent and disabled to act, and said notes are overdue and unpaid; now, the undersigned Sheriff of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, at the request of the legal holder and owner of said notes, will offer said property for sale in accordance with the terms of said deed of trust, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on the

20TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. for the purposes of said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff.

St. Louis, Mo., March 26, 1881. 61L

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Robert William Walsh, trustee of Nora Higgins, wife of Thomas O. Higgins, and the said Thomas O. Higgins and Nora Higgins, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated December 13, 1876, and recorded in book 561, page 267, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate in the city of St Louis, State of Missouri, as follows, to-wit: A lot of ground in block No. 1045 of the said city of St. Louis, Missouri, beginning at the junction of the west line of Page avenue with the south line of Morgan street, thence running south along the west line of Page avenue 27 feet and 2 inches, thence west parallel with Morgan street 75 feet, thence north 27 feet 2 inches to the south line of Morgan street, thence along the south line of Morgan street 75 feet to the place of beginning; which conveyance was made to the undersigned in trust to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed fully described; and, whereas, several of said notes have since become due and remain unpaid; now, therefore, I, the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, will, on

MONDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in the said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, sell the premises above described to the highest bidder, at public vendue, for cash, to satisfy the provisions of said trust.

E. JUNGENFELD, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., March 24, 1881. 60L

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas, William Shields and Ann O. B. Shields, his wife, (both more than nine months dead) and Thomas W. Shields, trustee of the said Ann O. B. Shields, by their certain deed of trust dated April 27th, 1877, and recorded in book 572, page 163, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for the City of Saint Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate in the City of Saint Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: A lot in block 1698 of the City of Saint Louis, beginning at a point in the north line of Estelle alias Walnut street, eighty-seven feet six and three eighths inches east of the east line of Noeme street and running thence northwardly and parallel with the said eastern line of Noeme street, one hundred and thirty-five feet to the south line of a twenty foot alley, thence eastwardly along the south line of said alley twenty-nine feet two and one-eighth inches to the western line of lot five in said block thence southwardly along the western line of said lot five one hundred and thirty-five feet to the north line of Estelle street, and thence westwardly along the said north line of Estelle street twenty-nine feet two and one-eighth inches to the place of beginning. Being lot four of the subdivision of the south half said block 1698 made by George R. Taylor according to a plat of record at page 398 of book 424 of the St. Louis County Recorder's office and being the same property acquired by the said parties of the first part by deed from Floyd F. Logan and wife of record in book 457, page 36 of said Recorder's office; in trust to secure the payment of certain notes therein described and whereas default has been made in the payment of the principal note: Now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note, and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I will, proceed to sell said property at public vendue to the highest bidder for cash at the eastern front of the Court-house in said city of St. Louis, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on

SATURDAY, APRIL 30TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

LEON L. HULL, Trustee.

St. Louis, April 7, 1881. 2O

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Whereas Benjamin D. Whittaker and Delia D., his wife, by their certain deed of trust dated the 26th day of December, 1876, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, at deed book 563, page 200, conveyed to the undersigned, Nathan W. Perkins, trustee, all their right, title, interest and estate in and to the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.:

Lots number seventeen and eighteen (17 and 18) of Peter R. Kendrick's subdivision of block No. 82 of Eiler's survey, north of the River Des Peres, a plat of which subdivision is of record in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, said lots having an aggregate front in the west line of Third street of fifty (50) feet by a depth westwardly of one hundred and thirty-seven (137) feet and six inches to an alley twenty (20) feet wide; bounded east by Third street, north by lot 16 of said subdivision, west by said alley, and south by lot No. 19 of said subdivision, together with all improvements thereon; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of five certain promissory notes in said deed described. And, whereas, the principal note in said deed described and the last interest note thereon have become due and are unpaid, and default having been made in the payment of taxes: Now, therefore, in accordance with the provisions of said deed of trust and at the request of the legal holder of said note, I will proceed to sell the above described real estate at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State aforesaid, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

TUESDAY, THE SEVENTEENTH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, to satisfy said note together with the cost and expense of executing this trust.

NATHAN W. PERKINS, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo. April 12, 1881. 51P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Francis Watkins and Jane M., his wife, by their deed of trust, dated October 26, 1876, and recorded in book 561, page 89, in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for formerly the county (now city) of St. Louis, Missouri, conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, as follows, to-wit: Lots numbered ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) of the subdivision of the south of half block No. seventy-seven (77), in Eiler's survey of the former city of Carondelet, now city block No. three thousand and one (3,00) of said City of St. Louis; said lots No. 10, 11 and 12 containing an aggregate front of seventy-five (75) feet on the west line of Third street, and running westwardly of equal width parallel with and along the north line of Pine street one hundred and forty (140) feet more or less in depth to an alley; bounded north by lot 9, east by Third street, south by Pine street and west by an alley; in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed of trust described; and whereas said notes is now past due and unpaid, now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and under the provisions of said deed of trust, I, the undersigned trustee, will offer said property for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-House, in said city of St. Louis, Missouri, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of

THURSDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

for the purpose sof said trust.

JOHN A. SCUDDER, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1881. 17O

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Arthur Dyson and Catherine, his wife, by their deed of trust dated July 16, 1873, and recorded in book 480, page 72, of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the city of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned the following described piece or parcel of ground, lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, to-wit: The eastern twenty feet of lot number twenty-six in block thirteen of Stoddard addition to said city of St. Louis, and in city block No. 978, said lot has a front of twenty feet on the south line of Gamble street by a depth of one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches to an alley; bounded on the north by Gamble street, east by lot No. 27, south by said alley and west by the western five feet of said lot No. 26 of said block 13; which conveyance was in trust to secure the payment of certain notes described therein; and, whereas default was made in the payment of one of said notes, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, at the request of the legal holder of said note, will offer said property for sale at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, on

THURSDAY, THE 28TH OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.: at the east front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, for the purposes of said trust.

WM. BOOTH, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 5, 1881. 98N

RECEIVER'S SALE.—By virtue of an order of the Circuit Court of the the City of St. Louis, made April 6th, 1881, the undersigned, as Receiver duly appointed in the case of J. R. Holt vs. Simmons et al., No. 55,742, Room 4, will, on the

21ST DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

at No. 113 North Twelfth street, City of St. Louis, sell at public auction for cash in hand, all the property of the late firm of J. R. Holt and Wm. James Simmons, who did business under the name of Simmons Patent Refrigerator Company, consisting of the following articles, to-wit: Family Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Butcher, Grocer and Dairy Boxes, Office Furniture, Hardware, Lumber, Roofing Paper, &c.

St. Louis, April 9, 1882. J. R. HOLT, Receiver.

55O

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, by deed dated the 20th day of May, 1874, and recorded in book 501, page 38, of the St. Louis city records, there was conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit: The undivided one-half of a lot or tract of land in the Grand Prairie Common Fields, beginning at the intersection of the western line of Vandeventer avenue with the center line of Belle street, said point being in the line between the Bequette and Dehetre tracts, and running thence westwardly along the line between said Bequette and Dehetre tracts twenty-three hundred and thirty-seven feet, more or less, to the west line of United States survey 2499, in the name of Martin Coontz, thence south along the west line of said survey 2499 two hundred and twenty-one feet, more or less, to the northern line of United States survey 1659, thence eastwardly along the northern line of said survey 1659 twenty-two hundred and thirty feet, more or less, to the western line of Vandeventer avenue, and thence northwardly along the western line of Vandeventer avenue one hundred and ninety-two feet six inches, more or less, to the point of beginning, subject, however, to any right of way for public use heretofore granted. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that under the provisions of said deed, I will, on

THURSDAY, THE 5TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and three o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the city of St. Louis aforesaid, offer the above described property for sale, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of the trust created by said deed.

WM. BOOTH, Trustee.

St. Louis, April 12, 1881. 56P

WHEREAS, Eberhard Deuper, by his deed of trust dated the first day of July, 1878, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 594, page 377, conveyed to the undersigned, as trustee, the following described real estate, viz.: Lying and being in block No. 635 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, viz.: Lot number eleven (11) in block number one of Thomas A. Wright's subdivision of out-lot No. 4, beginning at a point, being the intersection of the south line of Warren street with the east line of Fourteenth street, running thence eastwardly along the south line of Warren street fifty feet, thence southwardly one hundred and twelve feet and six inches to an alley, thence westwardly along the northern line of said alley fifty feet to the east line of Fourteenth street, thence northwardly one hundred and twelve and ½ feet to the place of beginning, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note in said deed fully described: Now, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, I will, on

FRIDAY, MAY 6TH, 1881,

and between the hours of 10 o'clock in the forenoon and 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House in said city of St. Louis, proceed to sell said property for cash, to the highest bidder, for the purposes of said trust.

C. C. HARTMAN, Trustee.

St. Louis, Mo., April 12, 1881. 55P

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—David Bailey, Frank Bailey, William L. Bailey and George W. Bailey vs. Charles H. Bailey and Emma Bailey. By virtue and authority of a renewed order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis in the above entitled cause, dated the 4th day of April, 1881, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 30TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said order and decree as follows:

Beginning at a point in the east line of Ninth street 80 feet south of the south line of Madison street, thence running east parallel with Madison street one hundred and forty-two feet and six inches to an alley, thence south with said alley on the western line thereof 80 feet, thence west on a line parallel with Madison street one hundred and forty-two feet six inches to a point in the east line of Ninth street, thence north on said east line of Ninth street 80 feet to the point of beginning.

The same being lot number 174 of block number 50 of an addition to St. Louis city, called "North St. Louis Addition," and being in city block number 325.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., April 7, 1881. 15D

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, collector of the city of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Andrew S. McBride, Martha L. McBride, Frederick W. Mott, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Fifth street, in city block 2982, 50 feet in front or width and 155 feet 9 inches in length or depth, being in block 2 in survey 2, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Mott, on the east by that of one Blow and others, on the south by that of one Blow, on the west by Fifth street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 22D DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., March 22, 1881. 92L

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, CITY OF ST. LOUIS.—Joseph P. Coleman vs. Peter Flaherty. In pursuance of an order of the Court in the above entitled cause, made on the 6th day of April, 1881, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, William F. Cozzens, receiver of the partnership assets of Coleman & Flaherty, will, on

THURSDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

at No. 1125 Olive street, in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, between the hours of 2 o'clock p. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, sell at public auction, for cash, the following described personal property, to-wit:

1 8-foot cornice brake.
1 30-inch cornice brake.
1 20-inch groover.
1 Beakhorn stake.
1 writing desk.
Work benches.
Planing table.
2 pair hand-shears.
1 pair circular shears.
3 hammers.
1 steel square.
2 pair soldering irons.
1 wood folder, 28-inch.
2 rivet sets.
1 spirit level.

The above sale is to be made subject to the approval of the Court.

4O WILLIAM F. COZZENS, Receiver.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, in favor of Louis Bosse, Jr., and against William P. Macklin,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant, Wm. P. Macklin, in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot 3, and part of lots 2 and 4, in city block 2329, in subdivision of block of F. Sarpy's tract, by J. A. & J. P. Eddy, commencing at a point on the northern line of Exchange street, 22 feet 1 inch west of West Eighteenth street, thence north parallel with West Eighteenth street 107 feet 6 inches, thence west parallel with Exchange street 31 feet, thence south parallel with West Eighteenth street 107 feet 6 inches to the north line of Exchange street, thence east on said north line of Exchange street to place of beginning.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 22D DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named William P. Macklin, said defendant, of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Missouri, March 29, 1881. 91L

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, returnable to the April term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, in pursuance of a decree and order of sale entered in a cause wherein Ellen M. Sharkey, doing business as Ellen M. Farrell, and Dennis Sharkey, her husband, are plaintiffs, and Anne Wahrendorf Johnson, nee Blow, Richard M. Johnson, her husband, and John D. Johnson as trustee of Ann Wahrendorf Johnson, are defendants, adjudging and declaring a certain indebtedness in such decree and order of sale mentioned to be a lien and charge in favor of said plaintiffs and against the property of said defendants therein and herein hereinafter described, and ordering me to levy upon and sell the same to satisfy said debt interest and cost,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of Annie Wahrendorf Johnson and John D. Johnson, her trustee, in and to the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, and charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution and decree as follows, to-wit; and consisting of lot numbered forty of block 64, of Stoddard's addition to said city, and in block 1029 of said city, having a front of 25 feet on the southern line of Thomas street by a depth of 118 feet 3 inches, more or less, to an alley.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 27TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Annie Wahrendorf Johnson and John D. Johnson, her said trustee, said defendants, of, in and to the above described property, charged with said lien herein, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the city of St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 2, 1881. 53N

SHERIFF'S SALE—In partition—Henry Rhorer, trustee, and Charm Manufacturing Co., a corporation, vs. Jno. Wm. Brockhage. By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated March the 28th, 1881, I will on

TUESDAY, THE 10TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court House, in the City of St. Louis and State of Mo., sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described in said order and decree as follows, to-wit:

Lot number 40, in block number 2, of Daniel D. Page's third Western Addition to the City of St. Louis, a plat of which is recorded in the Recorder's office in said city, fronting 55 feet on the north line of Evans avenue by 121 feet deep on the east line of Prairie avenue, being the same property acquired by John Brockhage from Oliver B. Tweedy and wife, September 20th, 1869.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., April 2, 1881. 35N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of the Fulton Iron Works, a corporation, and against the Yeager Milling Company, a corporation.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A large flouring mill commonly known and called the Yeager Mill, improvements, machinery and engines and the ground whereon the same are situated, being the following described piece or parcel of land in the City of St. Louis, to-wit.:

A lot of ground situated in block No. 1692 of said city, commencing at a point 156 feet and ¼ inches southwardly from Clark avenue, where the east line of Mercer street intersects the south line of an alley fifteen feet wide, thence southwardly along the east line of Mercer street 133 feet 7½ inches to a point, thence eastwardly with the southern line of a stone wall and its continuation which is the south boundary of a flour mill recently burned 150 feet to the west line of an alley 15 feet wide, thence northwardly along the west line of said alley 131 feet 1 inch to the south line of an alley 15 feet wide, before mentioned, thence westwardly with the south line of said alley 150 feet to the point of commencement.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with said lien herein, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., March 30, 1881. 2N

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a general and special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Michael Jodd, Jr., and Michael Jodd, Jr., administrator of Michael Jodd, Sr., deceased, and against Thomas B. Duncan, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate of Richard Deutman, George Ibers, Michael Tansberger and Philip Rothenbuecher, hereinafter described, charged with the lien therefor, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain two-story double brick house, 44x48 feet, situated upon the following lot of ground, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter of block No. 6, of survey No. 2, of the former city of Carondelet, now a part of the city of St. Louis; now city block No. 3019 of the city of St. Louis, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing 75 feet 5 inches north of the northwest corner of Fourth and Randolph streets and running from thence north 75 feet along the west line of Fourth street, thence westwardly 147 feet and 6 inches, thence southwardly 75 feet, thence eastwardly 147 feet to the beginning; all in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri.

And I will, on

TUESDAY, THE 3D DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, charged with the lien herein to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., April 8, 1881.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the city of St. Louis, returnable to the June Term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the city of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles H. Chapin, trustee of Phoebe Hunt, Robert W. Hunt, John B. Johnson, guardian of Charles L. Patterson, cestui qui trust, Albert N. Sterling, trustee, John B. C. Lucas, trustee, William Lucas, cestui qui trust, William H. Horner, trustee, Phoebe Hunt, Charles L. Patterson, a minor, by Fred Spies, his guardian ad litum, and John B. Johnson, curator of Charles L. Patterson, cestui qui trust, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 in block 10 of Hunt's addition, having each a front width on Fairview avenue of 105 feet by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 2. Lot 18 in block 10 of Hunt's addition, having a front width of 131 feet and 8 inches on Fairview avenue by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 3. Lot 1 in block 9 of Hunt's addition, having a front width of 131 feet and 9 inches on Fairview avenue by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 4. Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in Hunt's addition in block 9, having each a front width of 105 feet on Fairview avenue by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 5. Lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 in block 9 of Hunt's addition, having each a front width of 105 feet on McDonald avenue by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 6. Lot 18 in block 9 in Hunt's addition, having a front width on McDonald avenue of 132 feet by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 7. Lot 1 in block 10 of Hunt's addition, having a front width on Scudder avenue of 131 feet 6 inches by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 8. Lot 3 in block 10 in Hunt's addition, having a front width on Scudder avenue of 105 feet by a depth or length of 175 feet.

No. 9. Lots 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 in block 10 in Hunt's addition, having each a front width of 105 feet on Scudder avenue by a depth or length of 175 feet.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1881. 41P

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Charles H. Chapin, trustee of Phoebe Hunt, Phoebe Hunt, Robert W. Hunt, Wm. H. Horner, Wm. Lucas, trustee, John B. Johnson, curator of Charles L. Patterson, Charles L. Patterson, John B. C. Lucas, trustee, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1—A lot of ground on Fairview avenue, 131 feet 9 inches in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 9 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 2—Fourteen lots of ground on Fairview avenue, each 105 feet in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 in block 9, and lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 in block 10, in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 3—Six lots of ground on McDonald avenue, each 105 feet in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 in block 9 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 4—A lot of ground on McDonald avenue, 132 feet in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 9 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 5—A lot of ground on Scudder avenue, 131 feet 6 inches in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lot 1 in block 10 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 6—Eight lots of ground on Scudder avenue, each 105 feet in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 in block 10 in Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 7—A lot of ground on Fairview avenue, 131 feet 8 inches in front or width and 175 feet in length or depth, being lot 18 in block 10 in Hunt's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff, City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1881. 44P

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said Court and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Chas. H. Chapin, trustee of Phoebe Hunt, Phoebe Hunt, wife of Rob't. W. Hunt, Robert W. Hunt and William McDonald, trustee of Phoebe Hunt, John B. Johnson, guardian of Charles L. Patterson, a minor, cestui qui trust, Albert N. Sterling, trustee, Charles L. Patterson, a minor, John B. Johnson, curator of Charles L. Patterson, cestui qui trust, John B. C. Lucas, trustee, William H. Horner, cestui qui trust, and William Lucas, trustee, are defendants.

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot on Fairview avenue, being 131 feet and 9 inches in front or width and 175 feet in depth, and being lot 1 in block 9 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 2. Six lots on Fairview avenue, each being 105 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lots 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 respectively in block 9 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 3. Six lots on McDonald avenue, each being 105 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, and 17 respectively in block 9 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot on McDonald avenue, being 132 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lot 18 in block 9 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 5. A lot on Scudder avenue, being 131 feet 6 inches in front or width and 175 feet in depth, and being lot 1 in block 10 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 6. Seven lots on Scudder avenue, each being 105 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lots 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 respectively in block 10 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 7. A lot on Scudder avenue, being 105 feet in front or width and 175 feet in depth, and being lot 3 in block 10 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No 8. Eight lots on Fairview avenue, each being 105 feet in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 respectively in block 10 of Hunt's addition to said city.

No. 9. A lot on Fairview avenue, being 131 feet and 8 inches in front or width, and 175 feet in depth, and being lot 18 in block 10 of Hunt's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 6TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1881. 42P

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution and decree issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the June term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein Robert M. Bevin, James T. Bevin, Mary Alice Bevin, Eliza A. Jackson, formerly Eliza A. Bevin, and wife of Robert A. Jackson, and Robert A. Jackson, heirs of Wm. T. Bevin, deceased, are plaintiffs, and Robert W. Powell, John F. Lee, Jr., and Thomas Ward McManus, are defendants, I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, and all the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs therein, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with lien herein, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, beginning at a point on the south front line of Chestnut street, distant eastwardly one hundred and sixty-nine (169) feet from the intersection of said south line with the east line of Twenty-first street, thence westwardly along said south line fifty-six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence southwardly and parallel with Twenty-first street seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to an alley, thence eastwardly along the north line of said alley fifty-six (56) feet and four (4) inches, thence northwardly with the same parallel as before seventy-three (73) feet and five and one-half (5½) inches to the point of beginning; bounded on the north by Chestnut street, on the south by said alley, on the east by property lately belonging to James H. Lucas, deceased, and on the west by Chas. H. Turner.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 22D DAY OF APRIL, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, and all of said plaintiffs' interest therein, charged with said lien herein, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON, Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., March 29, 1881. 95L

Administrators' Notices.

IN RE Estate Cooney, Hoeschele & Ruschebeck—Sale of Real Estate—By virtue of a renewed order of the St. Louis Circuit Court, made at its February term, 1881, and on the 11th day of February, 1881, in the matter of the estate of Cooney, Hoeschele & Ruschebeck, I, the undersigned, will, in pursuance of said order,

ON THE 30TH DAY OF APRIL, A. D. 1881,

at the east front door of the Court-house, of the city of St. Louis, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, expose at public vendue or outcry for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of said estate, and of Patrick J. Cooney, Jacob Hoesshele and John Ruschebeck, deceased, who composed the firm of Cooney, Hoeschele & Ruschebeck, in and to real estate situate in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit: Lots number one and two of original block E, of Ewing, Benoist and others' subdivision of the United States survey No. 1291, and being in city block No. 586, beginning at a point, being the northeast corner of said block, thence running southwardly along the western line of Ninth street one hundred and thirty feet to an alley, thence westwardly along the north line of said alley forty-nine feet and three inches to the southeast corner of lot number three, thence northwardly along the eastern line of lot number three, and parallel with Ninth street one hundred and thirty feet to a point on the south line of Cass avenue, thence eastwardly along the southern line of Cass avenue forty-nine feet and three inches to the place of beginning, being the same property acquired from B. Coyle's administrator by deed of record in book 575, page 533, of the records of said city.

PATRICK J. COONEY, Surviving partner administering estate of Cooney, Hoeschele & Ruschebeck.

J. P. VASTINE, Attorney. 5K

Assignees' Notices.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT of John R. Ern.—Notice is hereby given that William J. Nolte, assignee of

John R. Ern,

has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1881, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in Room No. 4, on Monday the 18th day of April, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

KLEIN & FISSE, Attorneys. 59P

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF Broadway Savings Bank. Notice is hereby given that John R. Lionberger, assignee of Broadway Savings Bank, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1881, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in Room No. 3 on Monday the 18th day of April, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, April 7, 1881.

IN MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF SAMUEL J. SIGNOR.—Notice is hereby given that John F. Grady, assignee of Samuel J. Signor, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, a statement of the accounts of his trust to the April term, 1881, of said Court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said Court in Room No. 2 on Monday, the 2?th day of April, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.

W. D. WOOD, Attorney. 66P

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A man representing himself as a farmer is traveling around the West End, representing himself as from the country and desirous of selling a jar of butter which he has with him. The sample is all right, but the jar, when opened, is found to be full of a most villainous compound.

Yesterday Frank Keenan, living at 509 North Fourteenth street, made the acquaintance of a couple of roughs and with them took a turn around the saloons. They finally steered him into an alley on Seventh street, between Morgan street and Christy avenue, knocked him down with a billy and robbed him of $15, all the money he had. The police arrested Jack Blake as one of the ruffians and say that they know the other and will soon catch him.

James L. Martin, a New York confidence man, was arrested late last night for an attempt to palm of a bogus check at Crawford's during the day. Martin purchased some goods and ordered them sent to the St. Lawrence hotel. When they were delivered he gave in payment a check on the Boatmen's Savings Bank, which proved to be a forgery. When Martin was arrested last night a large number of bogus checks were found on his person.

The tug John P. Keyser ran into a skiff containing two men, in the river at the foot of Market street late yesterday evening. The skiff was thrown several feet in the air and the men were dumped out into the water. They floated down stream. At the foot of Chouteau avenue one of them succeeded in clinging to the rudder of the ferryboat and was rescued by the crew. He gave his name as John Kerns, and departed after he had been attended to by the employes of the ferry. The other man, who gave his name as John Steinert, was picked up by the tug and landed at the foot of Miller street.

An Embezzler Arrested.

Lloyd C. Haines, who is well-known in business circles, arrived in the city last night in charge of Special Detective Reed. Haines was arrested at Norfolk, Va., on a requisition from the Governor, and is charged with embezzlement. On January 26, Haines, who was in the employ of Statesbury, McLanahan & Co., of New York, who have a branch establishment in this city, suddenly disappeared from St. Louis in company with a variety actress named Julia Sandford. Search of the firm's books show that he had embezzled nearly $2,000 at one time and other smaller amounts. Since be left the city he has been living in Washington, Baltimore and Norfolk. Haines is 43 years of age and comes of good family. He was locked up at the Four Courts last night.

French Cook Knives and Scoops.

Large importation just in at Simmons Hardware Company.

Cinderella is Coming.

Seats are selling very rapidly for the Cinderella entertainments at Mercantile Library Hall next week. It promises to be the grandest and most successful juvenile musical festivals ever given in this city and Mrs. Agnes Benton, the directress, richly deserves all the reward that may come to her from it. The three hundred children are all in the highest glee at the approach of Easter week and are ambitious to be admired and applauded for their work which cannot fail to be well done. The toilets have all been completed, and not a few of them surpass anything in the millinery line that the good people of St. Louis ever gazed upon. The Cinderella festival is the coming society event.

Serious Accident.

Yesterday about 1 o'clock, at Graham's Station, a small depot about fourteen miles out on the Wabash Railroad, a severe accident occurred to Mr. Guy C. Pierce. Mr. Pierce was a brakeman, and while engaged in "searching" he was thrown from the top of the cars. Both feet were smashed by the wheels passing over them. Amputation was found necessary, and Mr. Pierce is now lying at St. Luke's Hospital. He is 25 years of age, single, and was formerly engineer on the Michigan Central Railroad.

BARGE men say that tugs are scarce. The fact that it requires two tugs to handle one barge now that the current is so swift will explain the situation. Wait, boys, until the water falls. The Florence has gone up the Illinois for two barges of grain for the M. V. T. Co.

Confederate Corn Bread.

R. C. Bragoiner in the Phila. Weekly Times.

We have actually seen danger incurred and instead of going into the bomb-proof men await outside of them the fall of a shell, in order to be on hand and first in to secure the prize. But those were hard times for the poor Confederates in the trenches, and iron would secure to them what Confederate money had long since failed to do. Just to think of paying $1,200 for a barrel of flour, $250 for a pair of shad $150 for a day's stay at a hotel (you could not well term it board), and $3 per drink for the vilest of whisky, and to pay to the men $11 of this worthless stuff per month!

For weeks at a time cold corn bread prepared in Richmond and Petersburg from indifferent, and frequently unsound meal, was the best and the all that was to be depended upon. Rarely in these days was a ration of meat served, and these the men ate, were satisfied, and on it did all the hard fighting in the trenches. The preparation of this corn bread was a novel one in the art of cooking. The great aim was to do the whole thing in bulk and with the least trouble or care. The meal was simply mixed with water, husks and all as ground, a little salt added and the dough baked in pans nearly three feet long and half as wide. It could not be clean when it left the bakery, and its after treatment till served to the men was simply foul. The long, brown colored cakes, or slabs, as much like clay colored flag stones as could be, were thrown into the dirty box cars, used indiscriminately for carrying of supplies and the dead and wounded, then piled up by dirty men and sent to the front. Wagons equally unclean and in daily use for every demand of a large army hauled these tremendous corn slabs to the men along the lines. By the time it reached them it was the vilest, filthiest of food, and yet it was eaten and sustained life as well as allayed hunger. What must have been the determination of such men? On such diet had they been served for the ordeal awaiting them in the retreat to Appomattox. Horses fared hardly better than the men, and a sorrier set of their kind cannot well be imagined than undertook to draw the trains and artillery on that last eventful retreat.

The Methodist Church.

From the New York Times.

The Methodists of the United States number 3,521,600, and are divided into fifteen organizations, though the great bulk of the membership is included in the Methodist Episcopal, the Methodist Episcopal South, and the African Methodist Episcopal. The division between the first two was made in 1845, on the slavery question, and the last was separated on the color line in 1816. The Methodist Protestant is the outcome of a struggle in the Methodist Episcopal on the question of lay representation and abolition of the presiding eldership, and does not differ on other points with the parent body. The Evangelical Association is a German Methodist body, with its chief membership in Pennsylvania. The American Wesleyan Connection was formed in 1843 by Methodist Abolitionists, who wished to take a religious stand against slavery. The Free Methodist is a church formed in 1860 by those who believed that Methodism was getting too worldly, and the Primitive Methodist is the result of similar though earlier departure. The negro Methodists also have several separate sects. The general Methodist feeling is that a union of most of these churches might now be effected.

Sale of Valuable Mining Property.

WHEREAS, by deed of date May 18, 1863, recorded in Deed Book of Mortgages and Deeds of Trust B, page 223, of the records of Franklin county, Missouri, George R. Bissell and Virginia, his wife, conveyed to the undersigned Frank Desloge, the real estate hereinafter described to secure the payment of certain promissory notes in said deed described, the same being given as part of the purchase money of said property; and whereas two of said notes, one for $70, the other for $1,166.66-100, both due November 21, 1871, were not paid at maturity, and no part thereof has since been paid. Now, therefore, at the request of the legal holders and owners of said note, I will in the execution of the power in me vested by said deed and in accordance with the terms thereof, proceed to sell the property in said deed of trust described on

THURSDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of 12 o'clock noon and 1 o'clock afternoon of said day, at the east front door of the Court House in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at public vendue for cash, to the highest bidder.

The real estate is situate in Franklin county Missouri, and is described as follows:

The undivided one-twentieth part of the following tracts: Northeast quarter of the southwest quarter of section 15; the west half of the northwest quarter of section 22; the west half of the southwest quarter of section 22; the west half of the northwest quarter of section 27; the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 28; the southwest quarter of section 21; the west half of the southeast quarter of section 21; the northwest quarter of section 28; the south half of the northwest quarter of section 21; the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section 20, all being in township number 42 north and range one (1) east, and known as the COVE MINES; also the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section 3; the north fractional half and the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section 4; and the south fractional half of the northwest quarter of section 10, all in township 41 north and range one (1) east and known as the MT. HOPE MINE, and being the same property conveyed to Cynthian Desloge by C. C. Whittelsey and Jules Valle, as trustees of J. B. Valle, by deed dated Sept. 19, 1867.

FRANK DESLOGE, as Trustee.

5P

RETAIL DRUGGISTS, ATTENTION.

Public Administrator's Sale of a Drug-Store.

I WILL offer at private sale for a few days the old and well established retail drug store on the southeast corner of Third and Market streets in this city, belonging to the estate of the late Hugo Krebs, deceased.

This is one among the oldest and best stands for a retail drug store in the city of St. Louis, the store having been used for that purpose and no other for forty years, and several fortunes have been made there. This is a rare opportunity for any party desiring to enter into that line of business.

The above stock of drugs, together with the good will of the business, will be offered at private sale until the 11th day of April, 1881, and if not sold before that time, I will offer the entire stock at public auction

ON FRIDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF APRIL, 1881.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m., on the premises. Terms cash.

For particulars call at my office.

MARTROM D. LEWIS.
Public Administrator City of St. Louis.
Office Room 10, 2d floor, Ins. Building, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets.
St. Louis, April 2, 1881. 51N

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that it is the intention of the Union Savings Association, located in the City of St. Louis, State of Missousi, to reduce its capital stock to one hundred thousand dollars, such reduction to take effect on the second day of May, 1881, and that such reduction is made in conformity with the provisions of article 7, chapter 22, vol. 1, of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, and in pursuance of a resolution of the Board of Directors of said association, adopted on the 18th day of March, 1881; and that the owners of more than two-thirds of the capital stock of said association have consented in writing to said reduction.

Dated March 19th, 1881.

PETER NICHOLSON, President.
EMILE KARST, Cashier.

NOTICE!

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: The Valley View Mining and Milling Company have no title in the Harkaway Lode as yet. Of the other four lodes I claim ½ interest in three and ¼ interest in one.

The mines are misrepresented in their prospectus. I have no claim on the Billings Lode.

HENRY CHATILLON.
Central City, Col., March 29, 1881.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN MAGUIRE,

Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.

Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.

519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.—In the matter of the assignment of John R. Ern. Creditors and others interested in the above estate are hereby notified that a dividend of seventeen and one-half per cent of the amount of the demands allowed against said estate has been declared, payable at the office of the undersigned, No. 823 North Fifth street, in the city of St. Louis, on Monday, the 18th day of April, 1881.

WILLIAM J. NOLTE,
Assignee of John R. Ern.
KLEIN & FISSE, Attorneys.
St. Louis, Mo., April 11, 1880. 11P

Stockholders' Meeting.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—Notice.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Bell Telephone Company of Missouri will be held at the executive office of the company, No. 417 Olive street, St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, April 20th 1881, at nine o'clock a. m., to consider and act upon the following propositions.

1. To increase the number of the directors of said company from five to eleven.
2. To elect six additional directors if said proposed increase is authorized.

GEO. F. DURANT.
Vice-President and Acting President.
E. A. SMITH, Secretary.
St. Louis, April 9, 1881.

OFFICE OF THE MISSOURI GLASS CO.
Nos. 501, 503 and 505 North Third street,
ST. LOUIS, MO.

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the stock holders of this company will be held at its office as above stated on the 9th day of April, 1881, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of increasing the capital stock of the company from $60,000 to $200,000.

W. SOMERVILLE.
JOHN P. HELFENSTEIN,
STEPHEN A. GORE.
A majority of the Board of Directors of said company.
February 7, 1881.

NOTICE.—The Annual Stockholders' Meeting of the Shakspeare Gold and Silver Mining and Milling Company will take place at noon on Tuesday May 3, 1881, at the company's office, in Shakspeare, New Mexico, and no transfers of stock shall be entered after April 23d prox., until the close of such meeting.

F. H. WOODWARD,
Acting Secretary.
St. Louis, Mo., April 2, 1881.

ELECTION NOTICES.

ELECTION NOTICE.—Nova Scotia Iron Company, of Missouri, St. Louis, April 7, 1881. The annual election for directors of this company to serve for the ensuing year will be held at No. 11 South Third street on Monday, April 18, 1881. Polls open from 9 o'clock a. m. till 2 p. m.

E. C. LACKLAND, Sec'y.

MUSICAL.

$1,000 New premium pianos, standard makes, elaborately carved, and inlaid with pearl, warranted 6 years, with plush stool and gilded cover, for sale at $290; also, premium pianos, upright and square, of best makes, with 6 years' guarantee, for sale on payments or cash discounts, at $210, $225 and 250; also 15 pianos and organs for rent cheap; 2d-hand pianos and organs wanted at my residence, 2802 Locust street, where no store rent is paid and bargains are found.

E. P. OLSHAUSEN & CO.,

10 South Fourth Street,

Pianos, Organs, Musical Instruments, Music Books, Etc.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

SOHMER PIANOS,

Grand, Square and Upright, which received the First Medal of Merit and Diploma of Honor at the Centennial Exhibition.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1881.
Wednesday, March 30, 1881.
Annie Loeben
vs.
Adolph Wolff Loeben.

It appearing from the petition herein verified by affidavit that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered by the Court that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between her and said plaintiff on the ground that defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has absented himself without reasonable cause for the space of one year and more, having abandoned plaintiff and the children of said parties and wholly abandoned them on November 21, 1878, and has failed to provide for them to contribute to their support since that date, and for a decree giving plaintiff the care and custody of the infant children of said parties, and restoring her maiden name of Annie Weitring.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 4th day of April, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION,

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis,
February Term, 1881.
Wednesday, March 23, 1881.
Mary E. Hermann
vs.
Charles L. Hermann.

It appearing from the affidavit attached to the petition herein that defendant is a non-resident of this State, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered by the court that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the ground of desertion, and for order of Court giving plaintiff the custody and care of the infant children of said parties.

And unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 24th day of March, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 45L

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis—ss.
In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis.
February Term, 1881.
Wednesday, March 30, 1881.
Mathias Enders
vs.
Mary Enders.

It appearing from the petition this day filed herein that the defendant has absconded or absented herself from her usual place of abode in this State wherefore on motion of said plaintiff by attorney, and that she is a non-resident of the State.

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce on the ground that the defendant has absented herself without a reasonable cause for the space of one year, and has committed adultery since the marriage.

And unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 31st day of March, 1881.

{SEAL} 50 CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis,
April Term, 1881.
Monday April 4, 1881.
John M. Gilkeson and James L. Stoss, partners under the name and style of Gilkeson & Sloss,
vs.
P. C. Hamilton.
Attachment.

Now comes the plaintiffs by their attorney, and on motion of plaintiffs by attorney it appearing to the Court from the petition and affidavit herein that the defendant is not a resident of the State of Missouri, it is ordered that the defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him for the sum of $6,000 on account of two promissory notes, both dated September 30, 1880, and both executed by P. C. Hamilton, payable to the order of Gilkeson & Sloss, each for the sum of $3,000, and that his property has been attached.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof answer to the action aforesaid, according to law, judgment will be rendered against him and his property sold to satisfy the same.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published, according to law, in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 5th day of April, 1881.

{SEAL} 110 CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF REAL ESTATE—Whereas, John Wise and wife and David Wise and wife, by their certain deed of trust dated October 20, 1863, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the then county, now City of St. Louis, in book 281, page 101, conveyed to the undersigned trustees a certain tract of land situate in the county of St. Louis and State of Missouri, on the old Hall's Ferry Road, containing one hundred and ninety-six 24-100 acres, being in township forty-seven north, range seven east and bounded north by a section line which separates it from lands of Jemima Chick, Satler and others, east by lands of James B. Walker, south by lands of S. M. Wilson and west by the old Hall's Ferry Road, and being the same conveyed to William Wise by four deeds, one from John R. Walker and wife, dated September 1, 1851, and recorded in said office in book Z No. 5, page 521; one from George C. Hayden, dated March 27, 1856, and recorded in said office in book 170, page 449; one from John B. Friedmeyer and wife, dated March 22, 1856, and recorded in said office in book 173, page 226, and the other from James B. Walker and wife, dated April 17, 1856, and recorded in said office in book 171, page 396; about ninety-six 58-100 acres of said land has been released from the lien of said deed of trust; which said deed of trust was made to secure the payment of the promissory notes therein described; and whereas one of said notes is now due and remains unpaid, and at the request of the owner and holder of said note and in pursuance of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will, on

SATURDAY, THE 7TH DAY OF MAY, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Courthouse, in the city of St. Louis, and State of Missouri, expose to sale at public vendue or outcry, for cash, to the highest bidder, the said real estate not released as aforesaid, for the purposes mentioned in said deed of trust.

WM. C. JAMISON,
ROBT. A. BARNES, 32
As Trustees.
88P

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas, Edward P. McCarty and Lydia, his wife, by a deed dated July 18, 1878, and recorded on page 515 of book No. 594 of the records of the Recorder of Deeds for the county of St. Louis, conveyed to the undersigned all that certain parcel of real estate, lying in a subdivision called Evans Place, a plot of which is of record in the St. Louis Recorder's office. First—Lots 42, 43, 44, 45 and 46 of block 4, together fronting 265 feet 11¼ inches on Evans avenue, by a depth of 153 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, bounded north by Evans avenue, east by Whittier street, south by alley and west by lot No. 41. Second—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of block 4, together fronting 265 feet 11¼ inches on Page, alias Cook avenue, by 153 feet to an alley 20 feet wide, bounded north by alley, east by Whittier street, south by Page alias Cook avenue, west by lot No. 6. Third—Lots 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, of block 11, together fronting 301 feet, 8¼ inches on the north line of Evans avenue, and a depth north 166 feet 1 inch, more or less, to the north line of said Evans Place. Fourth—Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 of block 9, together fronting 302 feet 3½ inches on the north line of Evans avenue, by a depth north of 165 feet 4 inches, more or less, to the north line of Evans Place. Fifth—Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 of block 8, together fronting 303 feet 1 inch on the north line of Evans avenue, by a depth north of 164 feet 8¼ inches to the north line of Evans Place. Sixth—A lot of ground in block No. 57 of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, and thus described: beginning in the west line of Second street 35 feet 1 inch north of Myrtle street, thence running north on Second street 35 feet, thence west 120 feet more or less to an alley 15 feet wide, thence south on said alley 35 feet and thence east 120 feet more or less to the place of beginning. Seventh—A lot of ground in block No. 463 east of the city of St. Louis, Missouri, containing a front of 20 feet on the west line of Seventh street by a depth west of 120 feet to an alley, and being known as Lot No. 1, Park Addition to said city, as per plat of record in St. Louis City Recorder's office. In trust to secure the payments of certain notes specified in said deed. Now, under the provisions of said deed, the undersigned will offer said property for sale, at public auction, for cash to the highest bidder, at the eastern front of the Court House, in the said city, between the hours of 10 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m. of

MONDAY MAY 9TH, 1881,

for the purposes of said trust.

ROBERT B. WADE
Trustee.

LEGAL.

Orders of Publication.

IN the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis.—In the matter of the petition of Hugo Reichenbach. Petition to perpetuate title to real estate. To all whom it may concern—Take notice, that on this 30th day of March, 1881, Hugo Reichenbach has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court, within and for the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, his petition duly verified by affidavit, setting forth that he is the owner in fee simple of the following described property, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Three certain lots, pieces or parcels of ground in "White Place," a subdivision of part of United States surveys number fifteen hundred and sixty-two (1,562), twelve hundred and seventy (1,270) and fifteen hundred and fifty (1,550), a plat of which subdivision is of record in the office of the Recorder for the city of St. Louis (formerly county of St. Louis); said lots are numbered nine (9), ten (10) and eleven (11) in block number eight (8), fronting together one hundred and sixty-six feet (166) on the southern line of Julia avenue, and with that width running southwardly one hundred and twenty-eight feet and four inches to the northern line of lots six (6), seven (7) and eight (8) of the same block. That the petitioner claims title to said real estate under a trustee's deed recorded in book — page — of the records of the city of St. Louis; that the sale of the trustee was made under deed of trust from Julius Niese and wife, recorded in book 541, page 248; that said Niese claimed under and by virtue of a quit claim deed made by Charles O. Knoblauch and wife, recorded in book 602, page 321; that said Knoblauch claimed title under a certain quit claim deed purporting to be executed by Julius Niese under power of attorney by Ida and Hedwig Niese, which quit claim deed is recorded in book 605, page 337, but which power of attorney is not recorded; that said power of attorney was executed at Barley, January 12, 1875, by Ida Niese and Hedwig Niese, duly acknowledged before Franz Spiegelthal, the Royal Prussian notary, in the district of the Royal Court of Appeal of Magdeburg on January 22, 1875, which power of attorney recited that said Ida and Hedwig Niese had inherited "ab intestato" as heirs of Moritz Ludwig Niese, said property, and empowered "Mr. Julius Niese, of St. Louis, to sell, to execute the necessary deeds of conveyance, to give possession to the purchaser, to authorize the recording of it," said property: that said power of attorney is lost and is not recorded; and praying for a decree adjudging that the petitioner has a good and valid fee simple title to said real estate; and that a decree will be entered in said cause at the next term of said Court, to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of June next, after due publication of this notice, and the title or interest to or in said land adjudged to said petitioner according to the prayer of his said petition.

Witness Charles F. Vogel, Clerk of our said Court, with the seal thereof hereto affixed, at office in the City of St. Louis, this 30th day of March, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 10N

ED. L. GOTTSCHALK, Att'y for Petitioner.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis,
February Term, 1881.
Thursday, March 31, 1881.
Gottlieb Neumeister
vs.
George Frey and Henry Frey
[54,382]

It appearing from the Sheriff's return to the summons herein, that the defendant, George Frey, cannot be found, and the Court being satisfied that process cannot be served upon him, and it further appearing to the Court that the order of publication heretofore entered herein has not been published, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and said Henry Frey, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree declaring null and void a certain deed of conveyance from George Frey to Henry Frey of date July 22d, 1878, for the following described real estate to-wit: A lot of ground commencing at a point being the southeast corner of block number 460 in the city of St. Louis, running thence westwardly along the north line of Clark avenue twenty-five feet, thence northwardly and parallel with Seventeenth street, 109 feet 10½ inches to an alley; thence eastwardly and along the south line of said alley and parallel to Clark avenue twenty-five feet to the west line of said Seventeenth street, thence southwardly along the west line of Seventeenth street 109 feet 10½ inches to the place of beginning, and to decree that the title to said real estate be vested in the plaintiff;

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of June next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 1st day of April, 1881.

{SEAL} CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk.

F. & ED. L. GOTTSCHALK, Attorneys for Plaintiff. 60

Administrators' Notices.

(No. 13,906.)

ESTATE of Frederick W. Paust, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Frederick W. Paust,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of March, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 15th day of March, 1881.

ELEONORA PAUST, Executrix.
Hitchcock, Lubke & Player, Att'ys. 3K

ESTATE of John C. Diesel, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

John C. Diesele,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 29th day of March, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 6th day of April, 1881.

MARGARET DIESEL, Administratrix.
70

ESTATE of Bertha Thusuelda Olsnausen, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Bertha T. Olshausen,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 16th day of March, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance; within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1881.

OTTILIE AEUCKENS,
4K Administratrix of Bertha T. Olshausen, deceased.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Julius Friedeborn,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 15th day of March, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

FRED'K BECKER,
Administrator of Julius Friedeborn, deceased.
8 March 16, 1881. 2K

(No. 13,879.)

ESTATE of Mary Ann Ely, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of

Mary Ann Ely,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 16th day of February, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1881.

LUZERNE J. PECK, Executor.
6K

ESTATE of William Holmes, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

William Holmes,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 6th day of April, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1881.

MATILDA R. HOLMES;
Administratrix of the estate of William Holmes, deceased. 90

ESTATE of Mary Vehslage, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Mary Vehslage,

late of the city of St. Louis deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 18th day of March, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 18th day of March, 1881.

HENRY VEHSLAGE,
HERMAN VEHSLAGE,
Administrators of the Estate of Mary Vehslage, deceased.
Rudolph Schulenburg, Att'y, St. Louis, Mo., 40L

TIME TABLE

OF TRAINS RUNNING INTO THE

UNION DEPOT,

ST. LOUIS TIME.

Railroad managers are requested to notify of any changes in the running of trains, that the time card may be kept correct.

CHICAGO, ALTON AND ST. LOUS RAILROAD

Trains.	Depart.	Arrive.
Chicago Morning Express	* 7:40 a. m.	* 9:10 p. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	8:00 a. m.	† 7:50 a. m.
K. C. and California Exp	8:45 a. m.	7:00 p. m.
Kansas City and Denver Ex.	8:50 p. m.	* 8:30 a. m.
Quincy and Keokuk M'g Ex.	8:45 a. m.	7:05 p. m.
Quincy & Keokuk N'gt Exp.	8:50 p. m.	6:50 a. m.
Jacksonville and Peoria Exp.	4:50 p. m.	* 7:00 p. m.
Springfield Accommodation	4:50 p. m.	10:35 a. m.
Quincy, Keokuk & Peoria Ex	* 1:20 p. m.	* 1:55 p. m.

CHICAGO THROUGH LINE, VIA VANDALIA LINE AND ILLINOIS CENTRAL.

Chicago Day Express	¶8:00 a. m.	¶7:55 p. m.
Chicago Night Express	†7:00 p. m.	†7:30 a. m.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON AND QUINCY R. R

Minneapolis & St. Paul Fast Mail and Express	* 9:22 a. m.	† 5:17 p. m.
Omaha Mail and Express	* 9:22 a. m.	* 5:17 p. m.
Rock Island and California	‖ 7:47 p. m.	† 7:42 a. m.
Omaha Night Express	7:47 p. m.	7:42 a. m.
Chicago and Peoria Express	7:47 p. m.	7:42 a. m.

CAIRO SHORT LINE.

Cairo Mail and St. Louis Ex.	* :45 a. m.	* 9:45 a. m
Way Exp. and Fast Mail	3:30 p. m.	† 7:05 p. m.
New Orleans & Lightning Ex.	:20 p. m.	† 1:40 p. m.

CAIRO AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.
Leave Ticket Office, 520 Walnut street.

Trains Depart. Sparta Accom'd'n.	Trains Depart. Cairo Exp.		Trains Arrive. Sparta Accom'd'n.	Trains Arrive. Cairo Exp.
*4:30 p. m.	*8:30 a. m.	St. Louis.	*10:00 a. m.	*5:20 p. m
5:00 p. m.	9:00 a. m.	East St. L.	*9:40 a. m.	*5:40 p. m

ST. LOUIS AND SAN FRANCISCO RAILWAY.

Kansas and Texas Ex	† 8:50 a. m.	† 40 a. m.
Springfield Accommodation	† 7:00 a. m.	† 6:33 p. m.

ILLINOIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Belleville Accommodation	8:20 a. m.	8:15 a. m.
	11:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
	2:30 p. m.	2:05 p. m.
	5:10 p. m.	5:00 p. m.
Sunday	8:45 a. m.	8:35 a. m.
	6:05 p. m.	5:40 p. m.

INDIANAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

Day Express	* 7:00 a. m.	6:45 p. m.
New York Express	† 6:35 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Accommodation	4:45 p. m.	* 9:35 a. m.

VANDALIA LINE.

Day Express	† 8:00 a. m.	† 8:15 p. m.
Louisville and Cincinnati Ex.	* 6:30 p. m.	† 8:00 a. m.
Pittsburg and New York Ex.	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:30 a. m.
Mail and Accommodation	* 3:00 p. m.	* 5:50 p. m.
Highland Accommodation	* 6:00 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Day Express	‖ 8:00 a. m.	‖ 7:30 a. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:00 p. m.	† 7:55 p. m.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD—ST. LOUIS DIVISION.

Nashville Mail	† 9:00 p. m.	† 7:20 a. m.
Mascoutah Accommodation, daily except Sunday	10:00 a. m.	1:20 p. m.
Nashville Express	* 8:15 a. m.	* 6:50 p. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Day Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Fast Line	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.
Local Passenger	* 7:00 a. m.	† 6:33 p. m.
Washington	* 4:55 p. m.	* 8:25 a. m.
Pacific	† 8:50 p. m.	† 6:40 a. m.
Pacific (Sunday only)	8:18 a. m.	
Kirkwood	* 8:08 a. m.	* 7:20 a. m.
Kirkwood	*10:00 a. m.	*10:53 p. m.
Kirkwood	* 3:25 p. m.	*10:50 a. m.
Kirdwood (Sunday only)	1:08 p. m.	9:58 a. m.
Kirkwood	* 6:20 p. m.	*12:43 p. m.
Kirkwood	*11:20 p. m.	* 5:15 p. m.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY, KANSAS AND TEXAS DIVISION.

Texas Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:00 p. m.
Kansas Express	† 8:40 p. m.	† 6:30 a. m.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after February 13, 1881, mail and express passenger trains will start from Union Depot, and will not stop at Plum Street Depot to take on passengers or baggage.

Arkansas and Texas Ex	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:55 a. m.
Mobile and New Orleans Ex.	† 8:30 p. m.	† 6:25 p. m.
Nashville and Atlanta Ex	* 7:50 a. m.	* 1:55 p. m.
Arkansas and Texas Express, daily	† 9:00 p. m.	† 6:00 p. m.

TO AND FROM PLUM STREET DEPOT.

De Soto Accommodation	* 5:00 p. m.	* 8:30 a. m.

CARONDELET TRAINS.

Week days—Depart: 6:22, 7:42, 8:35, 10:26 a. m.; 12:05, 1:50, 3:10, 4:15, 5:00, 5:23, 6:30, 7:35, 11:45 p. m. Arrive: 7:38, 8:30, 8:53, 10:23 a. m.; 12:02, 1:40, 3:07, 4:11, 4:50, 5:18, 6:27, 7:32, 8:13, 11:25 p. m.

Sundays—Depart: 6:23, 8:55, 10:58 a. m.; 1:40, 2:55, 5:10, 7:35, 11:45 p. m. Arrive: 8:50, 10:53 a. m.; 1:38, 2:45, 5:00 7:32, 8:33, 11:25 p. m.

UNION RAILWAY AND TRANSIT COMPANY.

Stock Yard Accommodation	* 6:20 a. m.	* 4:40 p. m.
Stock Yard Accommodation	* 5:05 p. m.	* 6:40 p. m.

OHIO AND MISSISSIPPI RAILWAY.

Accommodation	6:40 a. m.	* 8:15 p. m.
Fast Express	† 8:10 a. m.	† 7:25 p. m.
Salem Accommodation	5:05 p. m.	* 8:40 a. m.
Night Express	6:50 p. m.	* 7:20 a. m.
Pacific Express		† 8:20 a. m.

KEOKUK AND ST. LOUIS LINE.
(ST. L., K. AND N. W. RAILWAY.)

Keokuk Express	* 9:00 a. m.	* 6:10 p. m.
Keokuk Night Express	‖ 8:25 p. m.	‡ 6:30 a. m.

WEST END NARROW-GAUGE RAILROAD.

Depot on Olive st., one block west of Grand avenue.

WEEK DAYS.

Leave St. Louis at 7:35, 8:30, 10:40, a. m.; 3:00, 4:25, 5:45, 7:05 p. m.

Arrive St. Louis at 7:00, 8:00, 10 01, a. m.; 2:40, 4:04, 6:19 p. m.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

Leave St. Louis at 9:00, 10:30 a. m.; 1:15, 2:35, 3:55, 5:15, 6:35, 7:55 p. m.

Arrive St. Louis at 8:40, 10:04 a. m.; 12:55, 2:19, 3:39, 4:59, 6:19, 7:39 p. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. EASTERN DIVISION.

Atlantic Express	† 7:50 a. m.	† 7:50 p. m.
Chicago Express	† 7:50 a. m.	† 7:50 p. m.
Decatur Accommodation	* 4:35 p. m.	*10:50 a. m.
Boston Fast Line	* 6:40 p. m.	* 8:20 a. m.
Chicago Lightning Express	* 8:15 p. m.	* 7:25 a. m.

WABASH, ST. LOUIS AND PACIFIC RAILWAY. WESTERN DIVISION.

Mail and Express	† 9:00 a. m.	† 6:05 p. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	† 8:50 a. m.	†10:50 a. m.
Ferguson Accommodation	‖ 9:00 a. m.	‖10:50 a. m.
Rosedale Accommodation	* 3:00 p. m.	† 4:00 p. m.
Ferguson Accommodation	* 4:20 p. m.	* 8:15 a. m.
Kansas and Colorado Ex	* 8:25 p. m.	* 6:30 a. m.
St. Paul Express	* 8:25 p. m.	* 6:30 a. m.
Pacific Express	* 8:10 p. m.	* 7:45 a. m.

BIDDLE STREET LINE.

Warrenton Accommodation	† 4:25 p. m.	†10:10 a. m.
St. Charles Accommodation	† 6:15 p. m.	† 8:15 a. m.

*Except Sunday. ‖Except Saturday.
†Daily. ‡Except Monday
¶Monday.

Health is Wealth!

Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse, or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only when the treatment is ordered direct from us or Meyer Bros. & Co., wholesale druggists, St. Louis.

JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
Sole Proprietors.
181 & 183 West Madison street, Chicago, Ill.
Sold by all Druggists.

DR. WHITTIER

617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE } 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES. } GUIDE!

Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry; How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts. by mail in money or postage. Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo

FORWARD TO 1884!

Never Despair of the American Republic.

Prospectus of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

In the sixth triumph of Radicalism the POST-DISPATCH recognizes the most serious menace to republican institutions that the country has ever known. The Secessionists, under the leadership of Jeff Davis in 1860, sought only to divide the Republic, but the so-called Republican party of to-day, under the control of Conkling, Grant, Logan et al., threatens to destroy it. A great step has been taken in the direction of Centralization. The Republican party stands committed to the Money Power, to the vast Monopolies which foster class legislation and to every element opposed to the interests of the masses. Its compact organization, its late successful struggle in behalf of an unworthy standard-bearer, its sectionalism and its determination to treat as enemies of the country all advocates of a change of administration stamp it at once as a dangerous foe of Liberty. It is the party of Monarchical tendencies and its late triumph bodes no good to our institutions.

The POST-DISPATCH will maintain its position in the ranks of the Opposition. It proposes to battle more vigorously than ever against the party of Grantism and Centralization. This is no time to falter or grow weak. Cowards may skulk and some men who have suffered defeat year after year may lose faith and hope, but the duty of the true Patriot and lover of the Republic was never more clearly defined.

The POST-DISPATCH, while it acknowledges no fealty to men, will continue to preach sound, true Democratic doctrine and opposition to the pernicious tendencies of the Republican party. Its independence, its fearlessness and its honesty of purpose have been thoroughly well established. People who like a newspaper that has courage enough to point out the faults of its party associates and tell the truth though the heavens fall while battling for constitutional government will never be disappointed in the POST-DISPATCH.

The great Conservative party of the country cannot be annihilated by defeat. The existence of such an organization is necessary to the welfare of the Republic. Garfieldism in 1880 means Grantism and the overthrow of our existing system in 1884. The battle against the Empire and the Oligarchy of wealth must be commenced now. In the front rank of this contest the POST-DISPATCH will be found. It promises not to give over until the principles of self-government are vindicated. The POST-DISPATCH is now acknowledged to be

THE LEADING AFTERNOON JOURNAL OF THE WEST.

Its growth has been steady and legitimate. Its position is assured. Both its circulation and its revenue doubled during the last year. With increased strength its facilities will be increased, and the next year will witness great improvements in its methods and its aims. With the new year its news resources will be greatly strengthened. Its Telegraphic service will be enlarged, its corps of correspondents will be doubled, its mechanical capacity will be improved and every effort that experience can direct or money employ will be made to keep the daily POST-DISPATCH in the front rank of modern American journals.

The Weekly Post-Dispatch

is known and read in nearly every State of the Union. It is a handsome eight-page paper, filled with matter carefully prepared, sorted and arranged for the people of the West and South. Its Correspondence, its Stories, its Miscellany, its Editorials, its Agricultural Essays, its News and its Market Reports are features commending it to all persons who are unable, by reason of location or condition, to subscribe for an expensive daily paper. It is a complete epitome of the world's doings from week to week, and we have no hesitancy in pronouncing it the best and cheapest newspaper in the land. It should have a place in every workshop and rural home in Missouri and the Southwest.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The POST-DISPATCH will be delivered by carriers to any part of the city or sent by mail, postage prepaid, to subscribers in any part of the Union, on the following terms:

Daily, per week	20 cents.
Daily, per month	85 cents.
Daily three months	$2 50
Daily, six months	4 50
Daily, per year	9 00

The carriers will collect the city subscriptions on their routes; all subscriptions by mail must be prepaid, and annual subscriptions will not be considered unless accompanied by the money.

THE WEEKLY POST-DISPATCH.

Eight pages; published every Thursday morning.

TERMS, $1 PER ANNUM, POSTAGE FREE.

All letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to

POST-DISPATCH,
No. 111 North Fifth street, St. Louis.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Giacomo Bracia,

deceased, that I, the undersigned executor of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday in June next.

JOHN DEVOTO,
Executor of Giacomo Bracia, deceased.
St. Louis, April 7, 1881. 100

Anthracite Coal.

Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.

JAS. J. SYLVESTER, Agt., 416 Olive Street.

Agency for the Lehigh Valley

Anthracite Coal,

INDIANA BLOCK, CANNEL,

and the best ILLINOIS COALS at the lowest market rates.

THE ST. LOUIS IMPROVED STREET SPRINKLING COMPANY, 722 Olive street.

13 Pounds of brown sugar $1; eleven pounds of clarified sugar $1; teas and coffees ten per cent lower than can be had elsewhere. Ten pounds granulated $1. ST. LOUIS TEA CO., 106 North Fifth street.

LOCAL NEWS.

A LADY'S toilet is not complete without a box of Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine ssent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 North Seventh street.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Vienna Zwieback.

Prepared only by Vienna Model Bakery Eighth and Walnut. For sale by all grocers.

DR. E. C. CHASE,

922 Olive street, set of best teeth only $8.

A CARD.

I take pleasure in announcing that my selections for the

SPRING AND SUMMER

have arrived, and are now open and ready for inspection. I have secured the services of

MR. A. FREY,

a cutter of excellent reputation, both in this country and in Europe, to assist me, and trust I shall give even better satisfaction than heretofore.

B. H. BROWNELL, Importing Tailor, 716 Olive street.

Ticknor & Co.,

Merchant Tailors, Sixth and Chestnut streets—established 1857—desire your patronage. Full line spring goods ready for inspection. Samples and measure rules sent by mail.

ACQUITTED AND DISMISSED.

Disposition of the Charges of Bribery Against the Police Officers.

When the Criminal Court met this morning the jury in the case of ex-Police Officer Ab. Grimes, who was on trial charged with bribery, returned a verdict of not guilty. The case was opened Tuesday after one continuance. The indictments were found by the last Grand Jury against Officers Grimes, Todd, Monaghan and Belt on the testimony of Edward Kaub a lottery vender. Todd's case came to trial first and he was acquitted of one of the three indictments found against him. The two indictments against Officer Grimes were tried at once and resulted as above. The testimony on which the indictments were based was as follows: Kaub testified before the Grand Jury that Todd and Grimes had seized a number of tickets at his establishment and one of them drew a prize of $20, half of which Todd called for and half of which Kaub sent to Grimes, who, when he met Kaub, said, "If this thing is meant for a bribe or anything like that I don't want it." He was assured that Kaub had no such intentions. Grimes afterwards arrested and prosecuted Kaub. The jury was ready to return a verdict last night, but Judge Laughlin had adjourned court and the verdict was not read until this morning. Circuit Attorney Harris arose and entered a nolle,pros. in the cases of Belt and Monaghan, but refused to take any such action in Todd's other cases, the disposition of which will complete the bribery cases. Much sympathy was expressed for Grimes, whose many narrow escapes from death and brave feats during the war are well known to the members of the department. When the jury was already in the box, Judge Laughlin appointed Mr. C. O. Bishop to defend, and without a moment's preparation he was forced to a trial which he conducted carefully, clearing his client of the serious accusation. Officers Belt and Monaghan will probably go back to duty in the Second District.

WASHINGTON, IND.—One of the ablest lawyers of the State, Col. Samuel A. Taylor, of this place, says: I do hereby certify that I suffered very much from rheumatism and neuralgia during the fall of 1879, and tried many remedies with but little if any good results. I heard of St. Jacobs Oil, and concluded to try it, more as an experiment than with any hope of good results. I can with great pleasure commend it to others for the reason that it cured me. Col. Taylor, by the way, was at one time Postmaster at Cumberland, Md.

COUGH away if you want to, but if not, use Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

Five Charges of Murder.

Five warrants for murder were sworn out this morning. Calvin Emerson and Charles Rose, the colored men who were parties in the fight in which George Ingram was killed in Goldsmith's saloon 1022 North Seventh street, and Archie and Emile Rosey, the white boys who were held for the murder of Pat Scanlan, on Eleventh and Franklin avenue, were committed to jail.

CARTER & PARRISH are supplying a want long felt in St. Louis by selling fine shoes for Ladies, Misses, and Children at prices that defy competition. No. 207 North Fifth street.

FOR all the latest novelties in Men's Neckdress, call on A. McELRATH, 509 North Sixth street.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Warder Cummings, Division Superintendent of the Missouri Pacific is down to-day from Sedalia.

James Dunn, of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railway, is in the city to-day from Springfield.

J. M. Osborn, General Freight Agent of the Wabash east of the Mississippi is in the city from Toledo.

Freight rates to the East are still very demoralized. Some shippers claim to have received as low rates as twenty cents for wheat to New York. It is the river grain boom that has caused this railroad break.

The owners of the Insurance Building only wanted $7,500 a year of the Iron Mountain Railway Company for the room on the first floor, formerly occupied by the Mutual Life Company. The railroad company concluded that the third floor would answer their purpose.

THE most elegant assortment of Ladies' and Misses' spring walking boots ever seen in St. Louis can now be found at Carter & Parrish's Shoe Parlor, No. 207 North Fifth street.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

P. A. Gough, of the Missouri Furnace Company of South St. Louis, has offered a reward of $50 for the recovery of the body of George Reid, the young engineer drowned off the steamer Daisy at this place on last Tuesday. Reid is described as being twenty-eight years of age, 5 feet, 11 inches high, and having blue eyes, light hair, smooth face and light mustache.

A MIDNIGHT INQUEST.

The Charge of Abortion Against a Well-Known Physician.

Dr. Fitzporter's Statement Regarding His Treatment of Mary Flowers.

A Letter Demanding Money With the Threat of Exposure.

For several days Coroner Frank has been telling the reporters that he had an abortion case ripening, the particulars of which he would give them probably by Thursday. When applied to this morning the Doctor pleaded still further delay, as he wanted to send the witnesses before the Grand Jury. There was nothing left but for a POST-DISPATCH man to transform himself into a jury and proceed to hold an inquest for the benefit of the public.

The authorities have been "working up the case" for several days, having had the facts in their possession since last week. The mother and principal witness, Mary Flowers, is a prisoner at the Four Courts, and has been pretty much all the week. To make the chain of evidence complete it was necessary to await the return of a woman from Chicago who was supposed to be acquainted with the criminal treatment. The Coroner now believes he has sufficient evidence to warrant the Grand Jury in finding an indictment, and the witnesses will go before that body to-day.

DR. W. R. CORYELL,

whose office is on Seventh near Myrtle, is a witness, having had the woman Flowes, for a patient, and through his instrumentality chiefly the circumstances were made known to the authorities. To the reporter he said that the case seemed to be a strong one and he was perfectly willing to tell all he knew about it as soon as the Coroner gave him permission to. The woman on whom the malpractice was produced came to him and from her statements he thought the crime had been perpetrated.

The physician charged with having committed the crime is Dr. J. L. Fitzporter, whose office is on the corner of Spruce and Seventh streets, half a block below Dr. Coryell's office. He received his first intimation of what was on foot from the reporter and said very promptly that it was a conspiracy. Until the name of

MARY FLOWERS

was mentioned he could not imagine who the woman was that made such a charge against him. When the name was suggested, however, the Doctor turned at once to his daily ledger, and showing the reporter two or three entries made during December, said: "I can tell you all about that case. This Mary Flowers, a yellow woman, sent for me to come and see her on December 7. I called and she told me she thought she had taken cold. That is the way they usually get at it. I made no examination, but gave a little medicine for the cold. She sent again for me on December 14, and wanted me to tell what her condition was. I told her I couldn't give an opinion without examination, and directed her to come to the office if she wanted to be informed positively on the subject. She came here on December 20, and after examination I told her she was pregnant. In reply to her requests I told her that such being her condition I would not give her any medicine, nor would I have anything to do with her. That was the last time she came near me, and I haven't treated her in any way."

"Was that the last you heard of her?"

"It was, with the exception of a letter which I received and which on its face

MEANS BLACK MAIL."

After a brief search the Doctor produced the following letter in a bold business hand, remarking that it was evident enough the woman Flowers never wrote it:

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 22, 1880.

Dr. Fitzporter—I have learned since I saw you that you have no right to keep the money I gave you unless you effected a cure, which you have not done. If you do not return the money to me I will report you to the police for your action in this affair. Yours,

MARY FLOWERS,
407 South Sixth street.

To a remark respecting Dr. Coryell's connection with the case, Dr. Fitzporter said: "I can easily show that he has been a grand enemy of mine. We belong to different schools. I am allopathic and he is eclectic. I have a large practice here on this corner, worth a thousand dollars a month, and he has been trying to influence people against me. A few months ago he induced a poor devil to sue me for money paid for services; the case was tried before a justice and went in my favor. It is not difficult to understand his motives if he is behind this case."

As the reporter departed Dr. Fitzporter got into his buggy and announced his intention of paying an immediate visit to Coroner Frank, with a view of demanding a hearing in the investigation.

Respecting the demand for money incorporated in the letter, it should be stated that this according to Dr. Fitzporter's explanation referred to what had been paid him by the woman for his two visits and the examination. The amount was five dollars. "We usually charge that amount for the examination alone," he said, "but in this case I only made the fee two dollars for each visit and one dollar for the examination."

THE INQUEST.

Coroner Frank commenced holding his inquest last evening in his private office, continuing the investigation till late. This morning he resumed, and finished the work about 1 o'clock this afternoon. No jury was empanelled. The foetus was of four months' gestation. The mother, a light colored and not a bad looking mulatto, is quite young, claiming to be not more than eighteen, but rather uncertain as to the exact number of years. She told of Dr. Fitzporter's treatment. According to her story, the doctor gave her medicine and also performed an operation, it being well understood between them that the infant was to be gotten rid of. The details of the girl's statement are unfit for publication. It is enough to say that it is circumstantial and calculated to bear out the assertion of a crime.

Another witness was Maggie Wise, a stout coal black wench, who formerly lived in the house on Sixth street, near Spruce, but who lives now near Sixth and Market. She testified to Dr. Fitzporter's treatment of Mary Flowers, and claimed it was well understood an

ABORTION WAS TO BE PRODUCED.

Dr. Coryell testified to being called in to attend the girl, and repeated her statements respecting what Fitzporter had done. He then gave a technical description of Mary Flowers' condition when he was called in and also of the delivery of the foetus.

The testimony is quite full, being taken with view to submission before the prosecuting attorney to form the basis of further proceedings.

Manifestly its publication in the form taken would be out of place in a family newspaper. The case is what they call "a rich one" around the Four Courts. Further details than have been given could not be embraced in pleasant teatable literature.

A WARRANT ISSUED.

After completing the investigation Dr. Frank pronounced the evidence sufficient for the issuance of a warrant and went before the prosecuting attorney to swear out one. Chief Chapman and Detective Stewart were on hand and it was stated that Doctor Fitzporter would be arrested as soon as he could be found. That promised to be a not over difficult task. In accordance with what he had said he would do, Dr. Fitzporter visited the Four Courts and called to see Coroner Frank. He showed the blackmailing letter, and asked that he be permitted to present his side of the case. This was refused and he was told that the matter had already reached the Grand Jury. He then went in search of the Assistant Circuit Attorney, and made a request that if anything was before the Grand Jury affecting him he be granted opportunity to make a statement.

The case is what the Coroner and detectives call a string one. What makes it worse for Dr. Fitzporter is the fact that he has been in somewhat similar trouble before. A man named Olsterreicher instituted criminal proceedings against Fitzporter a year or two ago on the charge of performing a fatal abortion on Mrs. Oesterreicher. Afterwards the man became insane and was sent to the asylum.

Talking about his treatment of female cases, Dr. Fitzporter said: "Women come here to find out if anything is the matter with them. They want to be relieved, and sometimes I give them a little gentian or some other harmless drug to get rid of them and send them away. As for getting anything which will cause an abortion no woman ever received it from me. If any such charge is made it is a fabrication. Almost any doctor will tell you he gives what we call a 'placebo'. There is nothing criminal in that—only a little deception to satisfy the patient."

'TWILL pay you to examine A. McELRATH'S stock before buying your Spring outfit of socks, underwear, neck dress, etc.

A DOMESTIC DRAMA.

The Results of Clandestine Visits to a Servant Girl.

Mr. John W. McCullagh, manager of the Brunswick & Balke Company, had an odd experience last night when he returned to his home, 3127 Chestnut street, at half-past 11 o'clock. Just as he reached his house a man came down a narrow side yard, which connects the front and back yard of the place. When this man sighted him he scrambled over a high board fence which separates the yard from a vacant lot and started to run away. Mr. McCullagh, thinking something was wrong, pursued the man and caught him at Compton avenue and Chestnut streets. The man, who was a big burly rough looking case, was very surly and refused at first to give any account of himself. After some words had passed between the two, and Mr. McCullagh had shouted loug and loud for a policeman, the man gave his name as Fred. Niehaus, and said that he had been making a visit to the servant girl of the McCullagh mansion. The tale seemed thin to Mr. McCullagh, and he continued to hang on to the collar of his prisoner. Immediately after a policeman was observed coming up Chestnut street in answer to the call. Niehaus saw him and made a break to free himself. In the tussle he struck McCullagh a heavy blow on the mouth and succeeded in making his escape. Niehaus is a cattle driver and has worked for Scaling & Mulhall. He is being searched for to-day and will be prosecuted by Mr. McCullagh for assault and battery. Since the occurrence of last night it has developed that the servant girl of Mr. McCullagh is enciente, and she claims that her ruin was effected by Niehaus. Consequently there is double trouble in store for him, when he is caught. Mr. McCullagh is carrying around a sore mouth to-day and a somewhat wounded nose, but he is able to be out and is doing his regular duty on the Grand Jury.

Wedding Invitations.

At the stationery department of the E. Jaccard Jewelry Company may be seen examples of the latest forms for wedding invitations. Nowhere in this country is finer work done, or at closer prices, than in the engraving room of the E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Fifth and Olive streets.

HOLY THURSDAY.

Interesting Services In the Various Churches To-Day.

The impressive services set apart for Holy Thursday were held in all the Catholic churches this morning. The exercises consisted of solemn mass, followed by a procession which carried the host to a repository, where it was exposed during the remainder of the day.

At St. John's Church, corner of Sixteenth and Chestnut, the especial celebration was held. After the 8 o'clock mass the procession was formed, composed of the acolytes, serving boys, deacons, clergy, all in canonical attire, escorting Bishop Ryan, who walked under a canopy supported by four bearers. The Bishop carried the host, which was transferred to a side altar previously arranged for its reception. The same ceremony occurred at all the other churches, and during the remainder of the day the sacrament is exposed and is visited by thousands of people, who go around from one sanctuary to another. At 3 o'clock this afternoon Bishop Ryan performed the rite of "Washing the Disciples' Feet," at St. John's Church, before an audience that filled the building almost to suffocation. The "Tenebra" will be sung in all the churches to-night.

The Episcopal churches will hold a united communion service at Christ Church, corner of Thirteenth street and Lucas Place, at 7 o'clock this evening.

LADIES can find solid comfort in a pair of Common Sense walking boots, sold by Carter & Parrish, No. 207 North Fifth street.

Passing Bogus Checks.

James L. Martin is locked up on a charge of passing bogus checks. Yesterday a man called at Crawford's, Fifth and Franklin avenue, and purchased some dry goods, which were sent per order to the St. Lawrence Hotel, where the purchaser presented a bogus check for $8 70 on the Boatman's Saving Bank of St. Louis, signed by C. H. Hermany. He was arrested by Officers Ryan and Goulding, and taken to the Third District Station, where he gave his name as James L. Martin. He was identified as the man who passed a check at Wm. Barr's a few days ago.

TO-DAY'S SHOPPING!

LADIES SHOULD NOT FORGET THE GREAT

BANKRUPT SALE

OF

JEROME A. ALLEN'S STOCK.

To-day we offer special bargains in SILKS and NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS. Housekeepers should not fail to see the $1 White Crochet Quilts for 75c, the $1 50 White Crochet Quilts for $1, the $1 75 White Crochet Quilts for $1 25, the $3 White 10-4 Blankets for $1 50 a pair.

Special bargains in Shirts and Underwear. Gents' Unlaundried White Shirts 35c each, fully finished; Gents' Fancy Shirts, fully finished and laundried, 35c.

Bargains in Every Department.

B. NUGENT & BRO.,

819 and 821 N. Fifth St., Bet. Franklin Ave. and Union Market, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS PRESBYTERY.

Divines in Council at the Grand Avenue Church.

A Dismal Picture of the Theological Condition of St. Charles—Licentiates, Etc.

The St. Louis Presbytery met at 9 a. m. today at Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church, and after prayer by the moderator, Rev. Mr. Barrett, of Bridgeton, was declared open for business. The following gentlemen were appointed a Committee on Sabbath: Rev. Edward Martin, Rev. Wm. H. Parks, Elder Jos. H. Alexander.

Elder Enos Hogg, of Bonhomme, appeared and was given a seat in the Presbytery.

The general discussion on the state of religion was then resumed. Rev. Mr. McNutt, of Crystal City, reported that the church in his place was in an encouraging condition. Arrangements were on foot looking to the erection of a Union Church in the vicinity, which could be used by all denominations. At present the preaching was done in the school house.

Elder Wm. Webb, of the Grand Avenue Presbyterian, said that the Church was in a most flourishing condition.

Dr. Webb stated that the number of communicants of the Grand Avenue Church was 302, baptised non-communicants, 150; Sabbath school and Bible class, 172. The Church had contributed nearly $22,000 for congregational and miscellaneous purposes during the past year. Dr. Webb stated that he had been connected with the church for 25 years, and that he never knew its condition to be more promising. Heathen referred to the deposition of Dr. Rutherford, the pastor of the church, and said that if he had the tongue of a Palmer, or a Robertson, he might hope to do justice to the late pastors, and to portray the respect held for them in the Church and in the community. Dr. Rutherford's deeds spoke louder than words. The speaker had known him for eight years, and he could truly say that he never met a more perfect man.

Elder Joseph H. Alexander, of St. Charles, said that he wished that he could put some silver lining in the cloud that darkens the St. Charles Church, but it was very hard to do so. St. Charles was deluged with intemperance and Sabbath-breaking and coldness. The church was staggering along, but the outlook was not very promising. The church, situated out on the prairie, is a monument, perhaps not of folly, but of neglect, and Rev. Mr. Martin, the pastor, feels the want of encouragement.

The report of the committee appointed to devise means to secure ministers for destitute districts recommended that an executive committee of four ministers and four ruling elders be appointed to take charge of the matter. The report was adopted.

The regular order of the day, the examination of Licentiates Sydenstricker and Smith, for ordination was taken up. The gentlemen were questioned about doctrinal points, church history, Latin and Hebrew. The examination was conducted by the moderator, Rev. Mr. Barrett, Dr. Brank and others. At its close the Presbytery adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Presbytery reassembled at 2:30 this afternoon, and was opened with prayer by the Moderator. Several standing committees were announced, and the discussion of the state of religion was resumed. Several of the members stated the condition of the fields of labor. Some routine business was attended to, and the Presbytery adjourned. This was the last session of the business meeting, but the Presbytery

WILL MEET TO-NIGHT

at the Grand Avenue Presbyterian Church, when the remaining work will be finished, religious service will be held and the final sermon will be preached by Rev. Mr. Barrett, of Mizpah Church, Bridgeton, the moderator of the Presbytery.

CARTER & PARRISH keep the best shoes in all lines that are made, and small expense enables them to undersell any house in the city. No. 207 North Fifth street.

Bicycles.

All kinds very cheap at Simmons Hardware Company.

THE TIED-UP PACKETS.

Receiver Clubb Wants to Sell the Keokuk Northern Property.

The Keokuk Northern Line Packet affairs were again before the Circuit Court this morning. Pattison & Crane, representing Receiver Clubb, filed a report in Judge Lindley's Court showing that the proceeds of the sale of the unfinished boat and yard material in February were not sufficient to meet the liabilities and expenses which are accumulating all the time, and the receiver found it to be positively necessary to raise funds by an additional sale of property, for which he asks an order of Court. Such sale would have reference to the property not covered by mortgage in this State, as follows: The steamer Minnesota, barges Prescott, Hastings, Dick, G. W. Duncan, Ida, South and the company's boat-yard. There are also leaseholds of warehouses and landings at Falmouth, Louisiana, Hannibal, La Grange, Gregory's Landing, Bowles Landing and Canton.

The receiver represented to the Court that the expenses averaged $2,000 a month while the property remained tied up in this way. It seemed desirable to him that some of the boats should be placed in the service for the spring trade to earn money for the company, but he could not get any assurance that the property would not be attached if he commenced to run the boats in the upper water. If a guarantee could be given that the boats would not be interfered with, the company's interests would be served by resuming business with the boats available. The steamers War Eagle and Clinton might be placed in the St. Louis and Keokuk trade, running within the jurisdictional limits of the State; they could not ply in waters outside the State on account of hostile proceedings. The steamer Minneapolis, with an expenditure of $3,500 for repairs, might be placed in the trade within the State covered by the jurisdiction of the Court. In view of the fact, however, that no assurances could be furnished the receiver for the protection of the property if he commenced to operate it, as money was needed at once for expenses, he could only come into Court and ask for an order of sale of the property not covered by mortgage. The following boats and barges, etc., of the Company are covered by the deed of trust given in January, 1879: Steamers War Eagle, Northwestern, Belle of La Crosse, Clinton, Rob Roy, Minneapolis and Red Wing; barges, Northeast, Janet, Frank, Fannie, Jerry, Keokuk, and the two wharfboats at St. Louis.

Judge Lindley thought it would be a good thing to have a complete sale of everything, and thus parties anxious to resume business would have a fair opportunity of purchasing the property.

Given Campbell, representing the new board, asked that the Court should entertain a proposition for the President, Capt. Lowrey to act as receiver, giving suitable bond and enabling the company to operate its property for the spring trade.

Col. Broadhead, representing the non-resident stockholders, wanted the property placed in the hands of the new board.

James Taussig, for the Gray or minority interest, said that the only matter before the Court was an application of the receiver to sell some of the property to meet expenses, and all the other talk was "mere bosh" at this stage of the litigation.

Judge Lindley acquiesced in that view and appointed Saturday for a further hearing on that point.

LADIES coming to the city shopping will please remember to call at C. Conrad & Co.'s ladies' department, No. 419 North Sixth street, for refreshments such as the celebrated Budweiser beer, fine wines and delicacies.

Refrigerators.

The cheapest prices this year, as always, are at Simmons Hardware Company.

MISSES,' Children's' and Boys' school shoes in great variety at Carter & Parrish's, No. 207 North Fifth street.

THE PEACE-MAKERS.

Arrival of Dr. McLean's Cannon in St. Louis.

Very few people know that Dr. McLean has just back of his Chestnut street drug house war material enough to blow St. Louis completely over and to the other side of Kingdom Come. In this arsenal is a model of the great gun Sherman, the Gen. Grant, the Annihilator, the Pulverizer, and, worst of all, the Lady McLean, a battery gun of such peculiarly atrocious comprehensiveness and cruelty that it would mow down an army like so much grass; in fact, if old Death means to keep up with this blood-thirsty physician he will have to trade his scythe off for one of these new-fangled reapers. Dr. McLean himself is not a cruel-looking man; he has rather a heavy face, ornamented with a couple of fierce moustaches waxed *a la militaire*, and he has in walk and conversation much of the enthusiasm and technicality of the gunner. The arrival of all of these guns has been kept a profound secret, as the good Doctor will be bothered out of his life by morbid curiosity-seekers who are eager to see these paralysers. To look at the good old gentleman one would not think him bent upon the destruction of the human race, intent upon the depopulation of the world, and really he is not. The Doctor is a philanthropist, who is really trying to eradicate war. If a certain amount of people are sent to that sweet by-and-by in the process, he can't help that. After a little persuasion he permitted the reporter to have a private view of the cannon, putting him under the guidance of one of the clerks for that purpose. The way was led back through a maze of boxes of Liver Regulator, and pills enough to physic the Great West, to a separate wareroom where the grim peace-makers repose. There is an indefinable patent medicine air about these guns which detracts nothing from their dangerous air. The very names smack of the mortar and pestle. The Vixen was the only gun mounted ready for instant action; it is a pretty little piece of phosphor bronze, but in order to prevent rust it has been daubed over with white lead. Underneath all of the joking which the good Doctor has undergone, the fact remains that all of these guns are constructed to fire very rapidly, and they will do this. The Lady McLean upon occasion sawed a board target in two with a quarter turn of the traverse. Too much has already been said about these guns to permit any lengthy description of them now, and the fact only need be stated that they are in town, and that in case there were any riot or anything of that sort the Doctor stands ready to reduce the city to ashes in eighteen minutes by the watch. He has taken very kindly to the idea propounded in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, and has already projected two bombs, the "Conspirator" and the "Liberator." The "Conspirator" is a very small affair, not larger than a marble, but loaded with Ajax powder. It will reduce an Emperor to sausage meat upon attrition. The "Liberator" is a large torpedo to be used in mining places and blowing up railroad trains. As the Doctor has not yet perfected either invention, of course it would be highly improper to give any of the details. The following telegraph explains itself:

ST. PETERSBURGH, April 13.

Dr. J. H. McLean, St. Louis.—Please send one dozen "Conspirator" and six "Liberator" bombs, C. O. D. POPEMOFF,
12 D. H.

THE "Maison" French shoe, imported solely by Carter & Parrish, is the handsomest dress shoe made. Ladies should not fail to see them. No. 207 North Fifth street.

The Cooking Class.

The Cooking Schools held interesting sessions this morning and afternoon. On both occasions an interesting bill of fare was produced. The pupils are being more attentive as the sessions draw to a close, and there is a full attendance present at every meeting.

To-morrow's bill of fare is as follows. Morning—Cream of cod, macaroni on bechamel, macaroni (farmer's style), fricandeau of veal In the afternoon the session will be taken up in preparing and baking the most delicious of cakes, the celebrated Gateau de St. Honore. The change has been made by special request, and the lady's pupils are much excited over the event and look upon it as one of great importance.

Calling a Lawyer to the Point.

George Dody and William Carter were arraigned before Judge Cady this morning on charges of petit larceny. Carter is a white man and a rag man. Dody is a colored individual, who was cleaning up a vacant house when an iron grate-front found its way into Carter's rag bag. Mr. J. G. Boyle appeared for Carter, who testified and continually interrupted his attorney, to the great amusement of the audience. At the conclusion of the taking of testimony, Mr. Boyle was making a statement of the case, in which he said the colored man was evidently lying. Dody jumped to his feet and turning to Judge Cady said: "Look here, Jedge; I want to call de lawyer to de p'int. I ain't been lying, your Honor." The rag man here arose, and putting his hat on the chair behind him, he prepared for a forensic combat, which he introduced by saying to his colored fellow in trouble: "Now you keep still and I'll clear you." The deputy sheriff here interfered, and the defendants were sent to jail for ten days each.

ALL are PROPERLY CARED FOR

THE LEAN MAN AND THE LARGE MAN,
THE THIN BOY AND THE FAT BOY,
THE THICK MAN AND THE LANK MAN,
THE TALL YOUTH AND THE SHORT YOUTH.

In Fact all Male Human Shapes are Fitted by

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Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chest, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains, Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals ST. JACOBS OIL as a *safe, sure, simple* and *cheap* External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims.

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☞ Invariably Cures Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and all Affections of the Breathing Organs.

Its soothing influence upon the irritated air passages is due to the fact that its ingredients are the most efficacious pulmonics known, the basis of the article being the honey of the horehound plant, chemically united with the Abies Balsamea, or Balm of Gilead. There are besides five other botanic elements which give additional efficacy.

Those who have used it say that Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar is wonderfully remedial in all cases where the organs of respiration are affected, and that its action is unusually rapid. It contains nothing that can disorder the stomach; it has an extremely agreeable flavor, and is sold at a figure which enables those of the most limited means to avail themselves of its virtues.

Children derive great benefit from its soothing properties when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough.

Prices—50c. and $1 per bottle; largest, cheapest.

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